

REPORT ON "MONITORING AND EVALUATION OF PLANTATION RAISED UNDER CAMPA IN THE STATE OF UTTARAKHAND"



SUBMITTED BY

SILVICULTURE & FOREST MANAGEMENT DIVISION

FOREST RESEARCH INSTITUTE, DEHRADUN

FOREWORD

Uttarakhand State is rich in forest wealth. The State has reported extent of recorded forest area (RFA) 38,000 sq km which is 71.05% of its geographical area. The reserved, protected and un-classed forests are 69.86%, 26.01% and 4.13% of the recorded forest area in the State respectively. The forests of Uttarakhand are distributed in extensive forest types from tropical, sub-tropical to temperate and alpine forests. Uttarakhand Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority (Uttarakhand CAMPA) was constituted in November, 2009. Two schemes are implemented in Uttarakhand i.e. NPV and CA under CAMPA project. The function of UK-CAMPA is funding, overseeing and promoting compensatory afforestation done in lieu of diversion of forest land for non forest use under Forest Conservation Act, 1980. The CAMPA plantations in Uttarakhand were undertaken on all types of vacant forest lands. The schemes have been implemented in 38 Forest Divisions of Uttarakhand State.

Plantations require proper monitoring and evaluation in order to achieve the objectives of CAMPA successfully. Evaluation of plantation performance at each stage is important to ensure uninterrupted growth and expected results. Department of forest, Government of Uttarakhand has sanctioned third party monitoring and evaluation of different components under CAMPA plantations for 2012-13, 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16 and 2016-17 years to Forest Research Institute, Dehradun. Under concurrent monitoring of Uttarakhand CAMPA plantations, 100 percent of the plantation sites were surveyed and 10 percent of the plantation area was sampled for data collection in all forest divisions of Uttarakhand. Monitoring and evaluation is also necessary as it provides the evidence that the investments into the project are worthwhile or alternative approaches need to be considered to improve effectiveness.

Recommendations and observations of different sites in the report could be useful in maintenance and management of CAMPA plantations.

I believe that the present report would be useful to the forest department.

A.S. Rawat
Director

PREFACE

Uttarakhand lies on the southern slope of the Himalaya range, and the climate and vegetation vary greatly with elevation, from glaciers at the highest elevations to subtropical forests at the lower elevations. The rich biodiversity of Uttarakhand provides fuel, fodder, timber and water supply to the vast population of north India besides providing ecological stability of fragile Hills of Himalaya.

The State Forest Department has been implementing massive afforestation drives through different schemes and programs of Govt. of India including plantation activities taken up under Compensatory Afforestation Management and Planning Authority (CAMPA) in view of development works such as erection of dams, mining, and construction of industries or road widening etc. in the State which involves diversion of forest areas. CAMPA plantations have been initiated in the State by the Forest Department since 2010. The plantation works under UKCAMPA have been carried out at 2,358 plantation sites covering more than 15,000 ha area spread across 38 forest divisions in the State of Uttarakhand. These plantations were carried out for the period from 2012-13 to 2016-17.

The third-party monitoring and evaluation of these CAMPA plantations was entrusted to Forest Research Institute, Dehradun in the year 2017 by Uttarakhand Forest Department. Silviculture and Forest Management Division of FRI took up this project and initiated survey of plantation sites for field data collection in April 2018 and completed the same in Feb 2021. The data collection was interrupted due to COVID-19 restrictions during 2020-21, however, the teams successfully managed to complete the monitoring works as soon as the conditions improved in the State. Efforts have been made to make the monitoring report more informative by including data on different aspects of plantations based on format designed by MoEF&CC, Govt. of India and suggestions received from the nodal officer UK-CAMPA.

I appreciate the efforts put in by the survey teams of FRI and express my gratitude to the officers and staff of Uttarakhand Forest Department for all the help rendered during field data collection from difficult terrains despite the extreme weather conditions. I sincerely hope that the recommendations given in this report will be useful for the forest managers as well as the field staff for planning subsequent plantation activities in the State.

Arti Chaudhary

Head, Silviculture & Forest Management Division

PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION TEAM

CHIEF PROJECT COORDINATOR

Shri A.S. Rawat , IFS Director, Forest Research Institute New Forest, Dehradun

COORDINATOR

Mrs. Arti Chaudhary, IFS Head Silviculture & Forest Management Division Forest Research Institute, Dehradun

PROJECT INVESTIGATORS

Mr. S.K. Thomas, DCF Mr. S.R. Reddy, DCF

REPORT PREPARATION TEAM

Mr. V.K. Dhawan

Mr. Vedpal Singh, Scientist-D

Dr. Amit Kumar Verma

Dr. Vishwajeet Sharma

TEAM LEADERS

Mr. V.K. Dhawan, Forestry Expert

Mr. Attar Singh, A.C.T.O.

Dr. Vishwajeet Sharma, T.O.

Dr. Amit Kumar Verma ,T.O.

Mr. Kiran Kumar ,T.O.

Mr. Nikhil Verma, T.O.

Dr. Namitha N Kaliyathan, T.O.

Mr. Subhash Negi, Forestry Expert

Mr. Ankit Rawat, Technician

Mr. Piyush Rawat, Technician

DATA COLLECTION TEAM

Mr. Komal Kumar, Technician

Dr. Mukesh Prasad, RA

Mr. Rathod Digvijay Umedsinh, JRF

Ms. Thounaojan Bidya Chanu

Mr. R. Lalnungrenga, JRF

Ms. Khulakpam Apshahana, JRF

Mr. Aman Kumar, JRF

Mr. Shashank Shukla, JRF

Mr. Nalin Rawat, JRF

Ms. Ananya Negi, JRF

Ms. Yashi Gupta, JRF

Mr. Deepjyoti Mazumdar, JRF

Mr. Aman Sharma, JPF

Mr. Manish Kumar Singh, PA

Mr. Sumit Kumar, FA

Mr. Anuj Kavi, FA

Mr. Harish Kumar, FA

Mr. Vikas Shah, FA

Mr. Ankit Siraswal, FA

Mr. Ritesh Chauhan, FA

Mr. Girish Kharola, FA

CONTENTS

S.No.	Title		Page No.
1.	Executive	Summary	ix-xii
2.	Chapter -	1	1
3.	Chapter -	2	8
4.	Chapter -	3	10
5.	Chapter -	4	13
6.	Chapter -	5	15
	(i)	Tehri Dam-II Forest Division	15
	(ii)	Tehri Forest Division	17
	(iii)	Narendra Nagar Forest Division	19
	(iv)	Tons Forest Division	20
	(v)	Uttarkashi Forest Division	22
	(vi)	Uttarkashi Soil Conservation Division	24
	(vii)	Badrinath Forest Division	26
	(viii)	Alaknanda Forest Division	28
	(ix)	Pauri Civil Soyam Forest Division	30
	(x)	Soil Conservation Division, Kalsi	33
	(xi)	Kalsi Forest Division	35
	(xii)	Soil Conservation Division, Lansdowne	36
	(xiii)	Bageshwar Forest Division	38
	(xiv)	Nainital Forest Division	40
	(xv)	Rudraprayag Forest Division	42
	(xvi)	Nainital Soil Conservation Division	45
	(xvii)	Civil &Soyam Forest Division, Almora	46
	(xviii)	Pithoragarh Forest Division	48
	(xix)	Champawat Forest Division	52
	(xx)	Haldwani Forest Division	54
	(xxi)	Tarai East Forest Division	54
	(xxii)	Tarai West Forest Division	56
	(xxiii)	Ramnagar Forest Division	58
	(xxiv)	Ramnagar Soil Conservation Division	60
	(xxv)	Ranikhet Soil Conservation Forest Division	61
	(xxvi)	Mussoorie Forest Division	64
	(xxvii)	Chakrata Forest Division	66
	(xxviii)	Upper Yamuna Barkot Forest Division	67
	(xxix)	Haridwar Forest Division	68
	(xxx)	Dehradun Forest Division	70
	(xxxi)	Lansdowne Forest Division	72
	(xxxii)	Kedarnath Wildlife Division Gopeshwar	74
	(xxxiii)	Nanda Devi Forest Division	74
	(xxxiv)	Almora Forest Division	76
	(xxxv)	Garhwal Forest Division	79
	(xxxvi)	Tehri Dam-1 Forest Division	81
	(xxxvii)	Binog Wildlife Sanctuary Forest Division	82
	(xxxviii)	Gangotri National Park	83
7.	-	6 (Field Observation)	84
8.	-	7 (Lesson Learned and Recommendations)	86
9.		4.1 (Field form for Monitoring & Evaluation of	95
	Plantation	ns under UK CAMPA)	

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Various development and industrial projects such as dams, mining, and construction of industries or roads may require diversion of forest land mainly for non- forestry purposes. A project proponent, of the nature of government or private, must apply for clearance of the project from the Ministry of Environment, Forests & Climate Change (MoEF&CC), Govt. of India before the start of the project, in case it requires a part of forest land as per the project design. A proposal for the diversion of such forest land is to be submitted through the Nodal Officer, Forest Conservation, Uttarakhand, for land transfers under Forest Department of the State Government. If clearance is given, then compensation for the lost forest cover and the forest land is also to be decided by the ministry and the regulator. The money so collected is utilized for carrying out Compensatory Afforestation and other activities as stipulated in the land transfer proposals or otherwise directed by the MoEF&CC under the arrangements of Ad hoc CAMPA, made after the decision of Honorable Supreme Court of India in 2006.

As per the recent development, the Ministry of Law & Justice, Government of India had notified the new **Compensatory Afforestation Fund (CAF) Act, 2016** in compliance of the Honorable Supreme court order of 2004 and 2006, to streamline the collection and utilization of Compensatory Afforestation fund at the central, as well as, at the State/Union territories' level. For the purpose of this Act, the Government of India has also notified the **Compensatory Afforestation Fund (CAF) Rules, 2018**. The CAF Act, 2016 has been implemented all over the country w.e.f. 30th September, 2018. Various committees earlier functional under the adhoc framework of CAMPA have now been re-framed as per the Act and subsequent implementation of all yearly activities are taking place as per the rules notified for the purpose of this Act after 30th September, 2018.

The Government of India issued detailed guidelines for establishment of State Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority (State CAMPA), dated 02-07-2009. These guidelines were intended to assist the States in setting up the requisite mechanism in consonance with the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. Based on this, the Uttarakhand Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority (Uttarakhand CAMPA) was constituted vide Government of Uttarakhand Office Order no. 3495/x-2-2009-7(6)/2004 dated 10 November, 2009.

Uttarakhand CAMPA was registered on 18 September 2010 as a Society under the Societies Registration Act 1860 in compliance of the Government of Uttarakhand letter no. 75/x-2-2010-7(6)/2004 TC dated 31 August, 2010. However, later on Uttarakhand CAMPA was reconstituted as an Authority in follow up of the directions issued in the ad hoc CAMPA, GoI letter no. 1-20/2006-CAMPA dated 15 February, 2012 and Government of Uttarakhand Notification number 1922/x-2-2012-7(6)/2004 TC dated 08 November, 2012 superseding

the earlier Government of Uttarakhand's Office Order number 75/x-2-2010-7(6)/2004 dated 31 August, 2010. This was the adhoc arrangement made in follow up of the Hon'ble Supreme Court's order of 2006 and guidelines issued by GoI in 2009.

Further, as per the new development under the provisions of CAF Act, 2016, creation of '**The Uttarakhand Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority**' has been notified by Govt. of India vide its Notification dated 14 August, 2018.

Area of Operation

The area of operation of Uttarakhand CAMPA extends to the entire State of Uttarakhand. At field level it operates through the divisional offices and other offices of the Forest Department of Uttarakhand.

Aims, Objectives and Functions of Uttarakhand CAMPA

As per Central Government Guidelines formulated and circulated on 02 July, 2009, the aims and objectives of 'The Uttarakhand Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority' shall be to promote:

- Conservation, protection, regeneration and management of existing natural forests;
- Conservation, protection and management of wildlife and its habitat within and outside protected areas including the consolidation of the protected areas;
- Compensatory Afforestation;
- Environmental services, which include:-
 - Provision of goods such as wood, non-timber forest products, fuel, fodder and water, and provision of services such as grazing, tourism, wildlife protection and life support;
 - Regulating services such as climate regulation, disease control, flood moderation, detoxification, carbon sequestration and health of soils, air and water regimes;
 - Non-material benefits obtained from ecosystems, spiritual, recreational, aesthetic, inspirational, educational and symbolic; and
 - Supporting such other services necessary for the production of ecosystem services, biodiversity, nutrient cycling and primary production.
 - Research, Training and Capacity Building.

Functions of Uttarakhand CAMPA

The following are the functions of Uttarakhand CAMPA as envisaged in the GoI guidelines issued for the constitution of State Authorities:

- Funding, overseeing and promoting compensatory afforestation done in lieu of diversion of forest land for non-forest use under Forest Conservation Act, 1980.
- Overseeing forest and wild life conservation and protection works within forest areas undertaken and financed under the programme.
- Maintaining separate account in respect of funds received for conservation and protection of protected areas.

- Creating transparency for the programme, mobilization of citizen support and promoting a voluntary movement of youth and students to protect and improve the natural environment including forest, lakes, rivers and wild life.
- Earmarking up to 2% of the funds for Monitoring and Evaluation

Plantations require proper monitoring and evaluation in order to achieve the objectives of scheme successfully. Evaluation of plantation performance at each stage is important to ensure uninterrupted growth and expected results. At each stage of monitoring, impediments and constraints are identified which require careful attention and appropriate remedial measures and should be initiated for the potential growth and development of plants. Monitoring and evaluation will help policy planners for decision making and future management. Department of forest, Government of Uttarakhand has sanctioned third party monitoring and evaluation of different components under CAMPA plantations for 2012-13, 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16 and 2016-17 years to Forest Research Institute, Dehradun. The first concurrent monitoring annual report for 2018 in 11 forest divisions of Uttarakhand was submitted in December 2018. Second concurrent monitoring annual report for 2019 in 11 forest divisions of Uttarakhand was submitted in December 2019. The current report from January 2020 to February 2021 contained 940 sites of 24 Forest divisions and an area of 7346.309 ha has been monitored by the teams of FRI. However, the field visits were interrupted from March 2020 to August 2020 due to COVID-19. The tours were resumed from September 2020 to February 2021. Under concurrent monitoring, 100 percent of the plantation sites were surveyed for area verification and 10 percent of the plantation area was sampled for data collection. The data were collected from 50% of the sample sites. The GIS maps of the sampled sites were also prepared and presented in the annual reports.

The detailed observations have been made regarding survival percentage, choice of species, biotic pressure in the area, fencing type etc. in the report. The overall average survival of the plantations under UK- CAMPA is calculated as 33.51% which varied from division to division within a range from 16.30% to 67% in the state. During the monitoring of plantations, no serious and specific symptoms indicating infestation by insects and pests have been observed in the planted areas. The spacing of plants were found to be irregular and congested on slopes of the hills but in the plains, proper spacing were maintained. The implementation of cultural operations were found missing like singling, weeding, pruning, watering and soil working etc. in most of the plantations although prescribed. Stone wall fencing was created in most of the mountainous areas which were not found effective to control movement of wild/domestic animals in the plantation areas. Anthropological pressure was observed in plantation areas due to collection of fuel wood and fodder as there was indication of lopping and grazing in the area. In some sites, plants were succumbed to forest fires. The growth and survival of plants can be improved if tending and cultural operations are carried out timely in the planted areas. The Division wise average survival percentage in 38 forest divisions of Uttarakhand is given below.

Sl.No.	Forest Division	Average Survival (%)
1.	Uttarkashi Soil Conservation Forest Division	51.29
2.	Uttarkashi Forest Division	28.66
3.	Tehri Forest Division	38.23
4.	Tehri Dam II Forest Division	32.44
5.	Narendra Nagar Forest Division	30.28
6.	Tons Forest Division	27.97
7.	Badrinath Forest Division	27.57
8.	Alaknanda Soil Conservation Division	24.75
9.	Pauri Civil Soyam Forest Division	19.55
10.	Kalsi Soil Conservation Division	16.22
11.	Kalsi Forest Division	35.23
12.	Bageshwar Forest Division	25.01
13.	Civil & Soyam Forest Division, Almora	25.46
14.	Pithoragarh Forest Division	26.91
15.	Champawat Forest Division	38.24
16.	Haldwani Forest Division	35.72
17.	Tarai East Forest Division	48.76
18.	Tarai West Forest Division	48.71
19.	Ramnagar Forest Division	40.44
20.	Ramnagar Soil Conservation Division	34.46
21.	Ranikhet Soil Conservation Division	33.25
22.	Nainital Forest Division	26.96
23.	Nainital Soil Conservation Division	26.00
24.	Soil Conservation, Lansdowne Forest Division	22.12
25.	Mussoorie Forest Division	31.94
26.	Binog Wildlife Sanctuary	37.48
27.	Chakrata Forest Division	29.26
28.	Upper Yamuna Barkot Forest Division	25.30
29.	Haridwar Forest Division	40.60
30.	Dehradun Forest Division	24.29
31.	Lansdowne Forest Division	42.21
32.	Gangotri National Park	67.00
33.	Kedarnath Wildlife Division	26.92
34.	Nanda Devi Forest Division	44.98
35.	Rudraprayag Forest Division	26.44
36.	Almora Forest Division	31.62
37.	Garhwal Forest Division	33.38
38.	Tehri Dam I Forest Divison	47.78
	Total Average Survival of Uttarakhand CAMPA	33.51

1.0

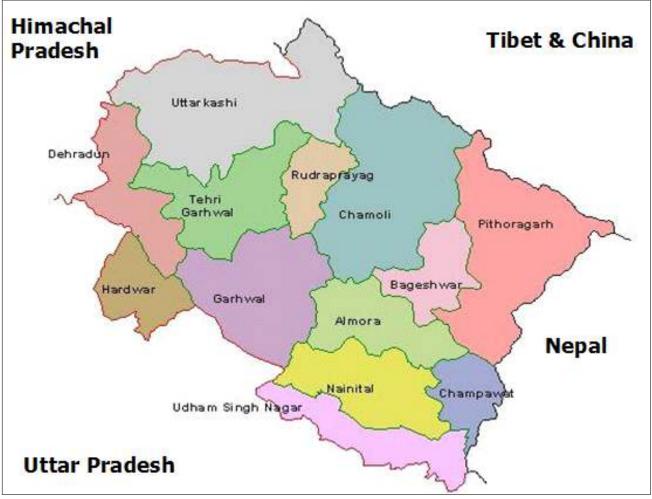
Introduction

Uttarakhand the 27th state of Republic of India lies between 28° 44' and 31° 28' N Latitude and 77° 35' and 81° 01' E longitude. The geographical area of the state is 53,483 sq km and the terrain and topography of the State is largely hilly with large areas under snow cover and steep slopes. Uttarakhand State comprises of 02 regions 13 districts, 78 Tehsils and 95 community development blocks. The districts lying in Garhwal Region are Uttarkashi, Chamoli, Pauri, Rudraprayag, Tehri, Dehradun and Haridwar and the remaining 06 in Kumaon Region are Udham Singh Nagar, Nainital, Almora, Pithoragarh, Champawat and Bageshwar. The human population of the State is 1.01 crore (2001) compared to 25.18 lacs in 1951 and that of livestock is 50.22 lacs in 2012 as compared to 41.68 lacs (1993) (Uttarakhand Biodiversity Board, 2020).

The Garhwal Himalaya along with Kumaon and a part of Himachal Pradesh has unique characteristics as it has Tibet in the north, Upper Gangetic Plain in the south and Eastern Himalayan provinces in the east. Physiographically, Uttarakhand represents a cross-section of the Himalaya on the basis of its evolutionary history, namely the Trans-Himalaya, Greater Himalaya or Himadri, Lesser Himalaya, Shiwalik Ranges, Foothills and Terai and the Plains of Dehradun, Haridwar and Udham Singh Nagar. Major portion of the State is mountainous and these mountains (Himalaya) are one of the youngest mountain systems of the world and therefore ecologically very fragile and relatively much more susceptible to earthquakes and landslides. Shiwalik formations are one of the most important eco-region due to their endemicity and past geological history.

1.1 Geology

Uttarakhand Himalaya has wide range of intra regional variations in respect of topography, geology and texture of soil. The region is characterized by mountains broken by valleys and deep gorges. It consists of faulted and folded mainly sedimentary rocks. The region has abundance of various kinds of minerals such as limestone, dolomite, phosphorite, magnetite etc. There is predominance of boulders and gravels in Bhabhar and marshy tract containing fertile soil with good water retention capacity in Terai.



Figurer 1.1 Political map of Uttarakhand (not to the scale)

The highest peak is Nanda Devi (7,817m) in the Chamoli district. The other important peaks include Gauri Parvat, Kamet, Trishul, Chaukhamba, Dunagiri, Panchchuli and Nanda Kot. Gaumukh, Pindari and Milam are the major glaciers in the State. Starting from the foothills in the South it extends to snow clad mountains in the North. Nature has endowed this land with so much beauty and spiritual bliss that it is also known as "Dev Bhoomi" – the Abode of God.

As per preliminary report of Census 2011, Uttarakhand has literacy rate of 79.63% which is above the national average of 74.04%. Total 6,997,433 people were found literate in Uttarakhand during the last Census, out of the total literate population, 3,930,174 were males with a percentage of 88.33 while remaining 3,067,259 were female with 70.70 percent. These averages of literacy in overall and among male and female have increased since Census 2001, where the male and female literacy rates were recorded as 81.02% and 63.36% respectively. The population of the districts in Uttarakhand varies considerably. Four of the 13 districts, namely Dehradun, Haridwar, Udham Singh Nagar and Nainital account for 61.5% of the state's total population. On adding Tehri Garhwal, Pauri Garhwal and Almora, this accounts for nearly 81%. This clearly shows that the concentration of population is quite high in the mid and foothills as compared to the remaining six districts of high hills (table 1.1).

Table 1.1 Population percentage and Sex ratio of Uttarakhand

Districts	Total Population (Census 2011)	% of population	Sex Ratio
Uttarkashi	329686	3.26%	959
Chamoli	391114	3.87%	1021
Rudraprayag	236857	2.34%	1120
Tehri Garhwal	616409	6.09%	1078
Dehradun	1698560	16.79%	902
Pauri Garhwal	686527	6.79%	1103
Pithoragarh	485993	4.80%	1021
Bageshwar	259840	2.57%	1093
Almora	621927	6.15%	1142
Champawat	259315	2.56%	981
Nainital	955128	9.44%	933
Udham Singh Nagar	1648367	16.29%	919
Haridwar	1927029	19.05%	879
UTTARAKHAND	1011675	-	963

The density of population according to the 2011 census is 189 persons per square kilometre, higher than the 2001 census figure of 150. District-wise, there is enormous variation in the density of population with Haridwar, US Nagar and Dehradun having a high density of 817, 648, and 550 persons per square km respectively; while on the other hand there are districts like Uttarkashi, Chamoli and Pithoragarh the population density is quite low with average of 41, 49, and 69 persons per square km. On the other hand, the villages with higher percentage of population are Garhwal, Almora, Pithoragarh, Champawat and Uttarakashi while foot hills districts are having lower population (table 1.2).

Table 1.2 Sizes of the Villages with Population

Districts	Village with Population	Villages with population 501-2000 (%)	Villages with population > 2000 (%)
Uttarakashi	75.7	23.2	1.1
Pithoragarh	87.9	11.5	0.6
Rudraprayag	8.8	20.8	0.4
Tehri	82.4	17.3	0.3
Garhwal	94.6	4.9	0.5
Almora	86.7	13.2	0.1
Bageshwar	86	13.5	0.5
Champawat	84.8	14.3	0.9
Dehradun	76.9	24.3	8.8
Nainital	75.3	23.2	1.5
US Nagar	30.6	52.1	17.3
Haridwar	19.2	45.9	34.9
Chamoli	85.2	14.6	0.2

(Source: http://www.ukhfws.org/)

Uttarakhand is a predominantly rural State with 16,826 rural settlements, of which 12,699 or 81% have a population of less than 500. In most of the districts, more than 75-85% of rural settlements have a population of less than 500. Only 17% of the rural settlements have a population ranging between 500-1999 and the villages with population of 2000 or more are very rare (2.7%). The small size of settlements and their widespread distribution is a formidable challenge for service delivery in the state of Uttarakhand with such a high percentage of small and scattered hamlets mainly in the tough geographic conditions.

The Himalayas greatly influence the climate of the State. They are the youngest mountain system in the world having the most fragile geo-morphological formations. Rains occur from July to September due to South-West monsoon. In winter months, there are occasional rains in the plains and snowfall in the higher reaches due to Western disturbances. Within the Himalayas, climate varies with the elevation and location. Climate ranges from sub-tropical in the southern foothills, with average summer temperature of about 30°C and average winter temperature of about 18°C. Warm temperate conditions prevail in the Middle Himalayan valleys, with average summer temperature 25°C with cool winters. A cold alpine climate is observed at higher elevation where summers are cool and winters are severe. There are mainly three prominent seasons, viz., Winter, Summer and Rainy, while a short period for autumn and spring is noticeable. The State is rich in forest wealth. It has approx. 64.79% of its geographical area under forest with a forest cover of 46% (Table1.3). The major forest types found in the state are sub-tropical, temperate and alpine forests.

The Himalayas form three parallel zones: the Great Himalayas, the Middle Himalayas and the Sub-Himalayas which includes the Shiwalik range in foothills and the Tarai. The Greater Himalayas is the highest zone consisting of snowy peaks with an average elevation of 6100 m. These are the source of great northern rivers which flow down to form fertile plain. Some high valleys in the Great Himalayas are occupied by small clustered settlements. Extremely cold winters and a short growing season limit the farmers to practice few crops per year. These mountains have got high passes through which trade was prevalent with Tibet till Indo-China war. The Middle Himalayas have an altitude between 1800 and 3050 m amsl. It consists of high ranges both within and outside of the Great Himalayan range. All the major hill stations like Mussoorie, Pauri, Almora etc. lie in this zone. The regions are moderately populated. The Sub-Himalayas forms the southernmost and the lowest zone, bordering the Great Plains. It comprises of Shiwalik range and the Tarai forests. Characteristic feature of the sub-Himalayas is the large number of long, flat-bottomed valleys known as duns.

1.2 Forestry Scenario

Uttarakhand is rich in forest resources. As per the Champion & Seth Classification of Forest Types (1968), the forests in Uttarakhand belong to nine Forest Type Groups, which are further divided into 43 Forest Types. The human and livestock population is largely dependent on forests due to agrarian economy and pastoralism. *Van Panchayats* in Uttarakhand are unique institutions of community forest management which came into existence in 1921. At present there are 12,167 *Van Panchayats* in the State which manage an area of 7,32,688 hectares of forest. Occurrence of forest fires at regular intervals is a major problem in the State.

Recorded Forest Area (RFA) in the State is 38,000 sq km of which 26,547 sq km is Reserved Forest, 9,885 sq km is Protected Forest and 1,568 sq km is Unclassed Forests. In Uttarakhand, during the period 1st January 2015 to 5th February 2019, a total of 2,850.87

hectares of forest land was diverted for non-forestry purposes under the Forest Conservation Act, 1980 (MoEF & CC, 2019). Six National Parks, seven Wildlife Sanctuaries and four Community Reserves constitute the Protected Area network of the State covering 3.24% of its geographical area. The Corbett National Park is located in the State.

Based on the interpretation of IRS Resourcesat-2 LISS III satellite data of the period Oct 2017 to Oct 2018, the Forest Cover in the State is 24,303.04 sq km which is 45.44 % of the State's geographical area. In terms of forest canopy density classes, the State has 5,046.76 sq km under Very Dense Forest (VDF), 12,805.24 sq km under Moderately Dense Forest (MDF) and 6,451.04 sq km under Open Forest (OF). Forest Cover in the State has increased by 8.04 sq km as compared to the previous assessment reported in ISFR 2017 (FSI, 2019).

Forest Cover inside and outside Recorded Forest Area (or Green Wash): The State has reported extent of recorded forest area (RFA) 38,000 sq km which is 71.05% of its geographical area. The reserved, protected and unclassed forests are 69.86%, 26.01% and 4.13% of the recorded forest area in the State respectively. However as the digitized boundary of forest area from the State covers 24,303 sq km and the analysis of forest cover inside and outside this area is given below:

Table 1.3 Forest cover inside and outside recorded forest area

Forest cover inside recorded forest area (sq. km)			For	est cover ou forest area	itside record a (sq. km)	led	
VDF	MDF	OF	Total	VDF	MDF	OF	Total
4,261	9,269	3,260	16,790	786	3,536	3,191	7513
25.38%	55.20%	19.42%	100%	10.46%	47.07%	42.47%	100%

Table 1.4 District Wise Forest Cover

District	Geographical Area (GA)	Very Dense Forest	Mod. Dense Forest	Open Forest	Total	Scrub
Almora	3,144	199.00	837.00	683.14	1,719.14	6.00
Bageshwar	2,241	162.39	761.61	338.69	1,262.69	1.0
Chamoli	8,030	443.00	1,580.00	686.43	2,709.43	1.0
Champawat	1,766	367.00	593.00	265.55	1,225.55	7.00
Dehradun	3,088	659.77	601.56	347.36	1,608.69	86.28
Garhwal	5,329	574.26	1,902.03	918.70	3,394.99	95.97
Haridwar	2,360	74.74	276.42	234.09	585.25	6.00
Nainital	4,251	773.06	1,728.93	539.57	3,041.56	9.63
Pithoragarh	7,090	505.00	965.00	609.80	2,079.80	39.00
Rudraprayag	1,984	252.00	580.00	310.17	1,142.17	9.00
Tehri Garhwal	3,642	272.71	1,084.08	709.19	2,065.98	97.44
Udham Singh Nagar	2,542	149.16	188.75	93.88	431.79	3.85
Uttarkashi	8,016	614.67	1,706.86	714.47	3,036.00	21.00
Grand Total	53,483	5,046.76	12,805.24	6,451.04	24,303.04	383.17

(Source-FSI, 2019)

Forest Types: Uttarakhand has 8 different type Groups which are divided into 43 Forest Types of forests and one plantation type/TOF based on local edaphic situation (table 1.5).

Table 1.5 Forest Types of Uttarakhand

1. 3C/C2a Moist Siwalik Sal Forest 1.56 2. 3C/C2d (i) Western Light Alluvium Plains Sal Forest 0.62 3. 3C/C2d (i) Western Light Alluvium Plains Sal Forest 0.62 4. 3C/DSI Moist Sal Savannah 0.02 5. 3C/C3a West Gangatic Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest 4.04 6. 4C/FS2 Submontane Hill-Valley Swamp Forest 0.00 7. 5B/C1a Dry Siwalik Sal Forest 0.00 8. 5B/C1b Dry Plains Sal Forest 0.04 9. 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest 3.59 10. 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub 0.16 11. 5/IS2 Khair-Sissu Forest 0.97 12. 9/C1a Lower Or Siwalik Chir Pine Forest 0.18 13. 9/C1b Upper Or Himalayan Chir Pine Forest 27.97 14. 9/DS1 Himalayan Subtropical Scrub 0.11 15. 9/DS2 Subtropical Euphorbia Scrub 0.11 16. 12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moru Cak Forest (Q.dilatata) 0.47 18. 12/C1c Moist Deodar Forest (Cedrus)	Sl.No.	Forest Types	% of forest cover
3. 3C/C2d (i) Western Light Alluvium Plains Sal Forest 0.62 4. 3C/DS1 Moist Sal Savannah 0.02 5. 3C/C3a West Gangatic Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest 4.04 6. 4C/F82 Submontane Hill-Valley Swamp Forest 0.00 7. 5B/C1a Dry Siwalik Sal Forest 1.57 8. 5B/C1b Dry Plains Sal Forest 0.04 9. 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest 3.59 10. 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub 0.16 11. 5/IS2 Khair-Sissu Forest 0.97 12. 9/C1a Lower Or Siwalik Chir Pine Forest 0.18 13. 9/C1b Upper Or Himalayan Chir Pine Forest 27.97 14. 9/DS1 Himalayan Subtropical Scrub 1.61 15. 9/DS2 Subtropical Euphorbia Scrub 0.11 16. 12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.dilatata) 0.47 18. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.dilatata) 0.47 18. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 5.01 (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 5.01 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.	1.	3C/C2a Moist Siwalik Sal Forest	14.05
4. 3C/DSI Moist Sal Savannah 0.02 5. 3C/C3a West Gangatic Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest 4.04 6. 4C/FS2 Submontane Hill-Valley Swamp Forest 0.00 7. 5B/C1a Dry Siwalik Sal Forest 1.57 8. 5B/C1b Dry Plains Sal Forest 0.04 9. 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest 3.59 10. 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub 0.16 11. 5/IS2 Khair-Sissu Forest 0.97 12. 9/C1a Lower Or Siwalik Chir Pine Forest 0.18 13. 9/C1b Upper Or Himalayan Chir Pine Forest 27.97 14. 9/DS1 Himalayan Subtropical Scrub 1.61 15. 9/DS2 Subtropical Euphorbia Scrub 0.11 16. 12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Cedrus) 1.55 19. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 5.01 (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.09 0.14 23. <td< td=""><td>2.</td><td>3C/C2c Moist Tarai Sal Forest</td><td>1.56</td></td<>	2.	3C/C2c Moist Tarai Sal Forest	1.56
5. 3C/C3a West Gangatic Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest 4.04 6. 4C/FS2 Submontane Hill-Valley Swamp Forest 0.00 7. 5B/C1a Dry Siwalik Sal Forest 1.57 8. 5B/C1b Dry Plains Sal Forest 0.04 9. 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest 3.59 10. 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub 0.16 11. 5/1S2 Khair-Sissu Forest 0.97 12. 9/C1a Lower Or Siwalik Chir Pine Forest 0.97 12. 9/C1b Upper Or Himalayan Chir Pine Forest 27.97 14. 9/DS1 Himalayan Subtropical Scrub 1.61 15. 9/DS2 Subtropical Euphorbia Scrub 0.11 16. 12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.dilatata) 0.47 18. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.dilatata) 0.47 18. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 5.01 (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 0.1 20. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 0.0 21. 12/C1b Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1 Most Temperate Deciduous Forest (P. wallichiana) </td <td>3.</td> <td>3C/C2d (i) Western Light Alluvium Plains Sal Forest</td> <td>0.62</td>	3.	3C/C2d (i) Western Light Alluvium Plains Sal Forest	0.62
6. 4C/FS2 Submontane Hill-Valley Swamp Forest 0.00 7. 5B/C1a Dry Siwalik Sal Forest 1.57 8. 5B/C1b Dry Plains Sal Forest 0.04 9. 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest 3.59 10. 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub 0.16 11. 5/IS2 Khair-Sissu Forest 0.97 12. 9/C1a Lower Or Siwalik Chir Pine Forest 0.18 13. 9/C1b Upper Or Himalayan Chir Pine Forest 27.97 14. 9/DS1 Himalayan Subtropical Scrub 1.61 15. 9/DS2 Subtropical Euphorbia Scrub 0.11 16. 12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moist Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 1.55 19. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 5.01 (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1 Most Scrub 0.14 23. 22. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (4.	3C/DS1 Moist Sal Savannah	0.02
7. 5B/C1a Dry Siwalik Sal Forest 1.57 8. 5B/C1b Dry Plains Sal Forest 0.04 9. 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest 3.59 10. 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub 0.16 11. 5/IS2 Khair-Sissu Forest 0.97 12. 9/C1a Lower Or Siwalik Chir Pine Forest 0.18 13. 9/C1b Upper Or Himalayan Chir Pine Forest 27.97 14. 9/DS1 Himalayan Subtropical Scrub 0.11 15. 9/DS2 Subtropical Euphorbia Scrub 0.11 16. 12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Morist Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 1.55 19. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 5.01 (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 5.01 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1pS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 23. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. <td>5.</td> <td>3C/C3a West Gangatic Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest</td> <td>4.04</td>	5.	3C/C3a West Gangatic Moist Mixed Deciduous Forest	4.04
8. 5B/C1b Dry Plains Sal Forest 0.04 9. 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest 3.59 10. 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub 0.16 11. 5/1S2 Khair-Sissu Forest 0.97 12. 9/C1a Lower Or Siwalik Chir Pine Forest 0.18 13. 9/C1b Upper Or Himalayan Chir Pine Forest 27.97 14. 9/DS1 Himalayan Subtropical Scrub 1.61 15. 9/DS2 Subtropical Euphorbia Scrub 0.11 16. 12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.dilatata) 0.47 18. 12/C1c Moist Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 1.55 19. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 5.01 (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 5.01 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1f Low-Level Blue Pine Forest (P. wallichiana) 0.09 22. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deci	6.	4C/FS2 Submontane Hill-Valley Swamp Forest	0.00
9. 5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest 3.59 10. 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub 0.16 11. 5/1S2 Khair-Sissu Forest 0.97 12. 9/C1a Lower Or Siwalik Chir Pine Forest 0.18 13. 9/C1b Upper Or Himalayan Chir Pine Forest 27.97 14. 9/DS1 Himalayan Subtropical Scrub 1.61 15. 9/DS2 Subtropical Euphorbia Scrub 0.11 16. 12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.dilatata) 0.47 18. 12/C1c Moist Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 1.55 19. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 5.01 (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1f Low-Level Blue Pine Forest (P. wallichiana) 0.09 22. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.04 23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest) 0.79 <td>7.</td> <td>5B/C1a Dry Siwalik Sal Forest</td> <td>1.57</td>	7.	5B/C1a Dry Siwalik Sal Forest	1.57
10. 5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub 0.16 11. 5/182 Khair-Sissu Forest 0.97 12. 9/C1a Lower Or Siwalik Chir Pine Forest 0.18 13. 9/C1b Upper Or Himalayan Chir Pine Forest 27.97 14. 9/DS1 Himalayan Subtropical Scrub 1.61 15. 9/DS2 Subtropical Euphorbia Scrub 0.11 16. 12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.dilatata) 0.47 18. 12/C1c Moist Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 1.55 19. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 5.01 (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1f Low-Level Blue Pine Forest (P. wallichiana) 0.09 22. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest) 0.79 27. 12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Pastures 0.16	8.	5B/C1b Dry Plains Sal Forest	0.04
11. 5/182 Khair-Sissu Forest 0.97 12. 9/C1a Lower Or Siwalik Chir Pine Forest 0.18 13. 9/C1b Upper Or Himalayan Chir Pine Forest 27.97 14. 9/DS1 Himalayan Subtropical Scrub 1.61 15. 9/DS2 Subtropical Euphorbia Scrub 0.11 16. 12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.dilatata) 0.47 18. 12/C1c Moist Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 1.55 19. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 5.01 (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 5.01 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1f Low-Level Blue Pine Forest (P. wallichiana) 0.09 22. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest) 0.79 27. 12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Parkland 0.03 28. 12/DS3 Himalayan Temperat	9.	5B/C2 Northern Dry Mixed Deciduous Forest	3.59
12. 9/C1a Lower Or Siwalik Chir Pine Forest 0.18 13. 9/C1b Upper Or Himalayan Chir Pine Forest 27.97 14. 9/DS1 Himalayan Subtropical Scrub 1.61 15. 9/DS2 Subtropical Euphorbia Scrub 0.11 16. 12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.dilatata) 0.47 18. 12/C1c Moist Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 1.55 19. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 5.01 (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 5.01 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1f Low-Level Blue Pine Forest (P. wallichiana) 0.09 22. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest) 0.79 27. 12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Parkland 0.03 28. 12/DS3 Himalayan Temperate Pastures 0.16 29. 12/1S1 Alder F	10.	5/DS1 Dry Deciduous Scrub	0.16
13. 9/C1b Upper Or Himalayan Chir Pine Forest 27.97 14. 9/DS1 Himalayan Subtropical Scrub 1.61 15. 9/DS2 Subtropical Euphorbia Scrub 0.11 16. 12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.dilatata) 0.47 18. 12/C1c Moist Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 1.55 19. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 5.01 (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 20. 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.09 22. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest) 0.79 27. 12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Parkland 0.03 28. 12/DS3 Himalayan Temperate Pastures 0.16 29. 12/1S1 Alder Forest 0.09 31. 13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus) <	11.	5/1S2 Khair-Sissu Forest	0.97
14. 9/DS1 Himalayan Subtropical Scrub 1.61 15. 9/DS2 Subtropical Euphorbia Scrub 0.11 16. 12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.dilatata) 0.47 18. 12/C1c Moist Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 1.55 19. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 5.01 (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 5.01 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1f Low-Level Blue Pine Forest (P. wallichiana) 0.09 22. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest) 0.79 27. 12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Parkland 0.03 28. 12/DS3 Himalayan Temperate Pastures 0.16 29. 12/1S1 Alder Forest 0.09 31. 13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 0.73 32. 13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J.	12.	9/C1a Lower Or Siwalik Chir Pine Forest	0.18
15. 9/DS2 Subtropical Euphorbia Scrub 0.11 16. 12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.dilatata) 0.47 18. 12/C1c Moist Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 1.55 19. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 5.01 (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 20. 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1f Low-Level Blue Pine Forest (P. wallichiana) 0.09 22. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest) 0.79 27. 12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Parkland 0.03 28. 12/DS3 Himalayan Temperate Pastures 0.16 29. 12/1S1 Alder Forest 0.03 30. 12/2S1 Low Level Blue Pine Forest 0.09 31. 13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 0.73 32. 13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J.	13.	9/C1b Upper Or Himalayan Chir Pine Forest	27.97
16. 12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (Q.incana) 13.86 17. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.dilatata) 0.47 18. 12/C1c Moist Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 1.55 19. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 5.01 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1f Low-Level Blue Pine Forest (P. wallichiana) 0.09 22. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest) 0.79 27. 12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Parkland 0.03 28. 12/DS3 Himalayan Temperate Pastures 0.16 29. 12/1S1 Alder Forest 0.09 30. 12/2S1 Low Level Blue Pine Forest 0.09 31. 13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 0.73 32. 13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J. macropoda) 0.02 33. 13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub 0.26 <td>14.</td> <td>9/DS1 Himalayan Subtropical Scrub</td> <td>1.61</td>	14.	9/DS1 Himalayan Subtropical Scrub	1.61
17. 12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.dilatata) 0.47 18. 12/C1c Moist Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 1.55 19. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 5.01 (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 0.79 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1f Low-Level Blue Pine Forest (P. wallichiana) 0.09 22. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest) 0.79 27. 12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Parkland 0.03 28. 12/DS3 Himalayan Temperate Pastures 0.16 29. 12/1S1 Alder Forest 0.03 30. 12/2S1 Low Level Blue Pine Forest 0.09 31. 13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 0.73 32. 13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J. macropoda) 0.02 33. 13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub 0.26	15.	9/DS2 Subtropical Euphorbia Scrub	0.11
18. 12/C1c Moist Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 1.55 19. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 5.01 (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 0.79 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1f Low-Level Blue Pine Forest (P. wallichiana) 0.09 22. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest) 0.79 27. 12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Parkland 0.03 28. 12/DS3 Himalayan Temperate Pastures 0.16 29. 12/1S1 Alder Forest 0.03 30. 12/2S1 Low Level Blue Pine Forest 0.09 31. 13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 0.73 32. 13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J. macropoda) 0.02 33. 13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub 0.26	16.	12/C1a Ban Oak Forest (Q.incana)	13.86
19. 12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest 5.01 (Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 0.79 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1f Low-Level Blue Pine Forest (P. wallichiana) 0.09 22. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest) 0.79 27. 12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Parkland 0.03 28. 12/DS3 Himalayan Temperate Pastures 0.16 29. 12/1S1 Alder Forest 0.03 30. 12/2S1 Low Level Blue Pine Forest 0.09 31. 13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 0.73 32. 13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J. macropoda) 0.02 33. 13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub 0.26	17.	12/C1b Moru Oak Forest (Q.dilatata)	0.47
(Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir) 20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1f Low-Level Blue Pine Forest (P. wallichiana) 0.09 22. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest) 0.79 27. 12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Parkland 0.03 28. 12/DS3 Himalayan Temperate Pastures 0.16 29. 12/1S1 Alder Forest 0.03 30. 12/2S1 Low Level Blue Pine Forest 0.09 31. 13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 0.73 32. 13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J. macropoda) 0.02 33. 13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub 0.26	18.	12/C1c Moist Deodar Forest (Cedrus)	1.55
20. 12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest 0.79 21. 12/C1f Low-Level Blue Pine Forest (P. wallichiana) 0.09 22. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest) 0.79 27. 12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Parkland 0.03 28. 12/DS3 Himalayan Temperate Pastures 0.16 29. 12/1S1 Alder Forest 0.03 30. 12/2S1 Low Level Blue Pine Forest 0.09 31. 13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 0.73 32. 13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J. macropoda) 0.02 33. 13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub 0.26	19.	12/C1d Western Mixed Coniferous Forest	5.01
21. 12/C1f Low-Level Blue Pine Forest (P. wallichiana) 0.09 22. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest) 0.79 27. 12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Parkland 0.03 28. 12/DS3 Himalayan Temperate Pastures 0.16 29. 12/1S1 Alder Forest 0.03 30. 12/2S1 Low Level Blue Pine Forest 0.09 31. 13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 0.73 32. 13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J. macropoda) 0.02 33. 13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub 0.26		(Spruce, Blue Pine, Silver Fir)	
22. 12/C1/DS1 Oak Scrub 0.14 23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest) 0.79 27. 12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Parkland 0.03 28. 12/DS3 Himalayan Temperate Pastures 0.16 29. 12/1S1 Alder Forest 0.03 30. 12/2S1 Low Level Blue Pine Forest 0.09 31. 13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 0.73 32. 13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J. macropoda) 0.02 33. 13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub 0.26	20.	12/C1e Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest	0.79
23. 12/C1/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Secondary Scrub 0.06 24. 12/C2a Kharsu Oak Forest (Q. semecarpifolia) 3.08 25. 12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest 5.49 26. 12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest) 0.79 27. 12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Parkland 0.03 28. 12/DS3 Himalayan Temperate Pastures 0.16 29. 12/1S1 Alder Forest 0.03 30. 12/2S1 Low Level Blue Pine Forest 0.09 31. 13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 0.73 32. 13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J. macropoda) 0.02 33. 13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub 0.26	21.	12/C1f Low-Level Blue Pine Forest (P. wallichiana)	0.09
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27.12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Parkland0.0328.12/DS3 Himalayan Temperate Pastures0.1629.12/1S1 Alder Forest0.0330.12/2S1 Low Level Blue Pine Forest0.0931.13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus)0.7332.13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J. macropoda)0.0233.13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub0.26	25.	12/C2b West Himalayan Upper Oak/Fir Forest	5.49
28. 12/DS3 Himalayan Temperate Pastures 0.16 29. 12/1S1 Alder Forest 0.03 30. 12/2S1 Low Level Blue Pine Forest 0.09 31. 13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 0.73 32. 13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J. macropoda) 0.02 33. 13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub 0.26	26.	12/C2c (Moist Temperate Deciduous Forest)	0.79
29. 12/1S1 Alder Forest 0.03 30. 12/2S1 Low Level Blue Pine Forest 0.09 31. 13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 0.73 32. 13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J. macropoda) 0.02 33. 13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub 0.26	27.	12/DS2 Himalayan Temperate Parkland	0.03
30. 12/2S1 Low Level Blue Pine Forest 0.09 31. 13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 0.73 32. 13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J. macropoda) 0.02 33. 13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub 0.26	28.	12/DS3 Himalayan Temperate Pastures	0.16
31. 13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus) 0.73 32. 13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J. macropoda) 0.02 33. 13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub 0.26	29.	12/1S1 Alder Forest	0.03
32. 13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J. macropoda) 0.02 33. 13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub 0.26	30.	12/2S1 Low Level Blue Pine Forest	0.09
33. 13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub 0.26	31.	13/C2b Dry Deodar Forest (Cedrus)	0.73
	32.	13/C5 West Himalayan Dry Juniper Forest (J. macropoda)	0.02
34. 14/C1a West Himalayan sub-Alpine Birch/Fir Forest (Betula/Abies) 0.71	33.	13/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Scrub	0.26
	34.	14/C1a West Himalayan sub-Alpine Birch/Fir Forest (Betula/Abies)	0.71

REPORT ON "MONITORING AND EVALUATION OF PLANTATION RAISED UNDER CAMPA IN THE STATE OF UTTARAKHAND"

35.	14/C1b West Himalayan Sub-Alpine Fir Forest	2.06
36.	14/1S1 Hippophae / Myricaria Brakes	0.08
37.	14/1S2 Deciduous Sub-Alpine Scrub	0.16
38.	14/DS1 Sub-Alpine Pastures	0.82
39.	15/C1 Birch/Rhododendron Scrub Forest	0.45
40.	15/E1 Dwarf Rhododendron Scrub	0.06
41.	15/C3 (Alpine Pastures)	5.54
42.	16/C1 Dry Alpine Scrub	0.01
43.	16/E1 Dwarf Juniper Scrub	0.12
44.	Plantation/ TOF	0.85
	Total	100

Ever since the looming environmental threats like Global Warming and Climate Change, Desertification, Drinking Water Crisis, Air and Water pollution, Loss of Bio-diversity etc. have assumed enormous proportion and existence of human civilization is under peril, priorities of National Governments have shifted to conserve their forests for ecological security and preserving bio-diversity rather to harvest timber and other products for meeting various needs of growing population. Efforts are also made at the country level to minimize the rate of deforestation and at the same time increase afforestation/reforestation yearly, so that at least a net increase of forest area can be achieved.

The forests of Uttarakhand are the source of ecosystem services. The rich biodiversity of Uttarakhand provides fuel, fodder, timber and water supply to the vast population of north India besides providing ecological stability of fragile Hills of Himalaya. The forests are also source of wildlife habitat, source of income generating activities like ecotourism, national parks, wetland areas and wild life sanctuaries. Forests in Uttarakhand have witnessed severe degradation due to climate change, forest fires, invasive species, natural calamities and anthropological factors. This region has abundant plant species and magnificent forest types (Kumar et al. 2019). In the recent past, loss of biodiversity is being taken place due to massive developmental activities of the state.

The State Forest Department is therefore implemented massive afforestation drive through convergence of NAP with other National Missions, programs and schemes including Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS), Compensatory Afforestation Management and Planning Authority (CAMPA), National Rural Livelihood Mission, Integrated Watershed Management Program, Programs of Ministry of New and Renewable of Energy, National Rainfed Area Authority etc.

Uttarakhand Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority (Uttarakhand CAMPA) was constituted vide Government of Uttarakhand Office Order no. 3495/x-2-2009-7(6)/2004 dated 10 November, 2009. The CAMPA guidelines were issued by Uttarakhand Forest Department in March 2010. Accordingly, Uttarakhand forest department initiated plantations in all the forest divisions under CAMPA schemes since 2010. Third party monitoring and evaluation of CAMPA plantation was entrusted to Forest Research Institute, Dehradun in the year 2017. Teams were constituted by Silviculture and Forest Management Division of FRI for carrying out monitoring in all forest divisions of Uttarakhand.

Uttarakhand CAMPA

The Government of India issued detailed guidelines for establishment of State Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority (State CAMPA), dated 02-07-2009. These guidelines were intended to assist the States in setting up the requisite mechanism in consonance with the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. Based on this, the Uttarakhand Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority (Uttarakhand CAMPA) was constituted vide Government of Uttarakhand Office Order no. 3495/x-2-2009-7(6)/2004 dated 10 November, 2009. Uttarakhand forest department issued these guidelines in March 2010 (**Appendix-2.1**).

As per the recent development, the Ministry of Law & Justice, Government of India had notified the new **Compensatory Afforestation Fund (CAF) Act, 2016** in compliance of the Honorable Supreme court order of 2004 and 2006, to streamline the collection and utilization of Compensatory Afforestation fund at the central, as well as, at the State/Union territories' level. For the purpose of this Act, the Government of India has also notified the **Compensatory Afforestation Fund (CAF) Rules, 2018 (Appendix-2.2)**. The CAF Act, 2016 has been implemented all over the country w.e.f. 30th September, 2018. Various committees earlier functional under the ad hoc framework of CAMPA have now been reframed as per the Act and subsequent implementation of all yearly activities are taking place as per the rules notified for the purpose of this Act after 30th September, 2018.

Further, as per the new development under the provisions of CAF Act, 2016, creation of '**The Uttarakhand Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority**' has been notified by Govt. of India vide its Notification dated 14 August, 2018.

2.1 Area of Operation

The area of operation of Uttarakhand CAMPA extends to the entire State of Uttarakhand. At field level, it operates through the divisional offices and other offices of the Forest Department of Uttarakhand.

2.2 Aims, Objectives and Functions of Uttarakhand CAMPA

As per Central Government Guidelines formulated and circulated on 02 July, 2009, the aims and objectives of 'The Uttarakhand Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority' are:

- Conservation, protection, regeneration and management of existing natural forests;
- Conservation, protection and management of wildlife and its habitat within and outside protected areas including the consolidation of the protected areas;
- Compensatory Afforestation;
- Ecosystem services, which include:-
 - Provisioning Services: These services include wood, non-timber forest products, fuel, fodder and water, grazing, tourism, wildlife protection and life support;
 - **Regulatory Services:** Climate regulation, disease control, flood moderation, detoxification, carbon sequestration and health of soils, air and water regimes;
 - Spirituals Services: Non-material benefits obtained from ecosystems, spiritual, recreational, aesthetic, inspirational, educational and symbolic; and
 - Supportive Services: Services necessary for the production of ecosystem services, biodiversity, nutrient cycling and primary production.
- Research, Training and Capacity Building.

2.3 Functions of Uttarakhand CAMPA

The following are the functions of Uttarakhand CAMPA as envisaged in the GOI guidelines issued for the constitution of State Authorities:-

- Funding, overseeing and promoting compensatory afforestation done in lieu of diversion of forest land for non forest use under Forest Conservation Act, 1980.
- Overseeing forest and wild life conservation and protection works within forest areas undertaken and financed under the programme.
- Maintaining separate account in respect of funds received for conservation and protection of protected areas.
- Creating transparency for the programme, mobilization of citizen support and promoting a voluntary movement of youth & students to protect and improve the natural environment including forest, lakes, rivers & wild life.
- Earmarking up to 2 % of the funds for Monitoring and Evaluation.

Plantations require proper monitoring and evaluation in order to achieve the objectives of CAMPA successfully. Evaluation of plantation performance at each stage is important to ensure uninterrupted growth and expected results. At each stage of monitoring, impediments and constraints are identified which require careful attention and appropriate remedial measures and should be initiated for the potential growth and development of plants. Monitoring and evaluation will help policy planners for decision making and future management.

Department of forest, Government of Uttarakhand has sanctioned third party monitoring and evaluation of different components under CAMPA plantations for 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16 and 2016-17 years to Forest Research Institute, Dehradun.

So far, FRI has submitted annual reports of concurrent monitoring of the following forest divisions for the years 2012-13, 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16 and 2016-17 to CEO, CAMPA, Uttarakhand.

3.0

Monitoring Evaluation Process

3.1 Study Sites

Collection of field data was initiated from April 2018 and completed in Feb 2021 by the various teams of Silviculture and Forest Management Division of FRI. The data collection in the year 2020-21 was interrupted due to COVID-19. The plantation works under UK-CAMPA (2012-13, 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16 and 2016-17 was carried out in all 38 forest divisions of 4 circles by the Uttarakhand Forest Department. Survey for monitoring of plantations was carried out in 1,580 sampled sites covering more than 15,000 ha plantation area under UK-CAMPA. The details of the sites taken up for monitoring in UK-CAMPA under each division of all the circles of Uttarakhand are enumerated in the following tables.

3.2. Evaluation and Process

3.2.1. Methodology: Monitoring and evaluation works under afforestation schemes have been carried out by selecting sample plots in each site of forest range considered as a unit. Moreover, the size of plots and category of plantations was also taken into consideration for representation of all units. The random sampling strategy was adopted for the selection of sample plots in all study Forest Divisions. The selected plantation sites were traversed and area of the plantations were verified by recording the GPS locations. GPS points of each sample plot in the sites are recorded and presented in the formats of annual reports. Fifty percent of the sites were selected for monitoring of the total plantation sites and 10% of the plantation's area of each sample site was selected for data collection. However, more than 10% area was also selected depending on the sample size. The area of all plantations' sites were surveyed for verification of actual area with the help of GPS. The difference in the area is shown in the division's tables in chapter-5. In each patch up to size of 5 ha, five sample plots of 0.1 ha were laid, in patch of 10 ha, ten plots of 0.1 ha were laid, in case of patch with area 15 ha, 15 samples plots, and for 20 ha size, patch a total of 20 sample plots were laid for monitoring. If the plantation is carried out in rows or strips along the roads or canals, a row of 100 m length of plantation was treated as a one sample plot. The sample plots were randomly selected as follows:

- 1. The sample plots proportionately allocated into each division so as to cover the scheme and its components.
- 2. Selected plantation area or site was examined for area accuracy with the help of GPS by way of traversing around the boundary of the plantation.
- 3. Within the plantation patches plots of 0.10 hectare size 31.62m x 31.62m were laid in rectangular or square shape as per field convenience to assess survival and growth parameters of plants as per format.
- 4. In small plantation area up to 5 hectares, five plots of size 0.10 hectare were laid at designated places.
- 5. In selected area of 10 ha, ten plots were laid out at designated places. The selection of 2nd patch was randomized to avoid biasness.
- 6. For plots of 20 ha, 20 plots were laid out at designated places. The selection of patches were randomized to avoid biasness.
- 7. If the plantation is carried out in rows or strips along the roads or canals, a row of 100 m length of plantation was treated as a one sample plot.

3.2.2. Indicators for Monitoring and Evaluation:

For the monitoring and evaluation of the plantations under the project an indicator framework was developed in consultation with the CEO, CAMPA, Uttarakhand State Forest Department. These indicators were simple, measurable yardsticks for assessing the plantations in terms of their effectiveness, relevance and sustainability. Also these indicators were finalized in concordance with the needs for output, outcome and impacts of the scheme in the plantation sites with respect to biodiversity conservation. By using these indicators, the information pertaining to various parameters such as plantation scheme, species selection, plantation methodology, health and vitality of plantations, survival rate and other were generated during the field sampling in the sampled plantation patches.

The major Indicators for data collection are provided below:

- 1. Plantation scheme and its components
- 2. Choice of species in the sites
- 3. Selection of the planting site
- 4. Planting methods
- 5. Size of the pits/trenches including earth work done
- 6. Spacing of the pits
- 7. Time of planting
- 8. Health of the plants
- 9. Cultural operations (Hoeing, weeding, soil working etc.)
- 10. Protection status of the plantation
- 11. Management of plantations (causality replacement, watering, pruning, thinning etc.)
- 12. Growth and survival of plants

3.2.3. Collection of field data

The data were collected for plantation work carried out under UK-CAMPA and its components viz., NPV and CA during the period from April 2018 to February 2021. The parameters used for assessing the plantation works were choice of species with respect to the requirement of sites, local communities need/perception about the species, readiness of planting such as cleaning and preparation of sites, advance pitting for proper weathering, temporary arrangement for storage of seedlings and arrangement for irrigation before planting, soil working and weeding immediately after planting and causality replacement of plant if required. In addition to above the ecological aspects such as soil and water conservation activities undertaken under the scheme in different plantations sites were also observed to understand their impact at these sites. Efforts were also made to understand the socioeconomic issues in terms of fuel and fodder supply and improvement in water table by interacting with local people. Biodiversity aspect of the plantation activities were also recorded by conducting vegetation analysis in plantation sites and presence of wild fauna during the survey. The data for the monitoring and evaluation of the plantation sites were collected by a multidisciplinary team with experts from disciplines such as Silviculture, Ecology, Soil science etc as per requirement of the site. The collected data were compiled, tabulated and then analyzed for the preparation of the final report.

3.2.4. Compilation and analysis of field data

The data collected from different teams of FRI were compiled and tabulated. The field data of each site was compiled range wise. The survival of plants were calculated by using data on number of plants of each species planted from the plantation's journals to the actual number of plants observed in the fields. The average height and diameter of each species are compiled for observation of growth of plants.

4.0

Performance Assessment

4.1. Relevance

The investment in the plantation and afforestation activities in Uttarakhand State under the CAMPA was both relevant to and consistent with the policies and plans of the state and central government. The central and state government viewed plantation activities as critically important for the restoration of degraded lands, biodiversity conservation, increasing green cover and also a source of employment and income for a large segment of the population living in the rural areas and forest fringes. The scheme CAMPA provided a long-term finance for investment for the plantation activities which was not readily available from other sources. The project is very much relevant to the mission and vision of the Uttarakhand State Forest Policy as its implementation was likely to result in enhancement of forest cover, improvement of quality of existing forested areas, biodiversity conservation, rehabilitation of degraded lands and livelihood generation for the local communities.

The majority of the plantations were carried out near village and forest areas and low nutrient lands, which were owned by government and institutions. It is quite evident from the fact that majority of the plantations were undertaken on Government land for the restoration of degraded forests under the scheme. Hence, the project intent was consistent with the state government and forest department priorities, i.e. to increase green cover and to rehabilitate degraded lands in the state under CAMPA scheme. However, a major component related to socio-economic upliftment of the forest dependent communities could have increased the relevance of the project which is over and above plantation and afforestation practices.

4.2. Effectiveness

The project outputs and outcomes and their actual achievements are shown in the following divisional reports of chapter-5. The reports were prepared based on the collection of primary data collected during the field surveys in all selected sites distributed in different forest divisions, where plantations were carried out under UK-CAMPA. The primary data were collected in well prepared formats (**Appendix-4.1**). The average survival of plants were found

maximum (67%) in Gangaotri National park followed by Uttarkashi Soil Conservation Division (51.8%). Tarai East and Tarai West Forest Divisions have almost equal average survival (48%). While Kalsi Forest Division has shown the minimum survival of 16% (figure 4.1). On an average the survival of plants under CAMPA plantation in Uttarakhand is calculated as 33%. The average of more than 20 different plant species were found planted in all the sites. It is also observed that few exotic species were also planted which could have been avoided. The soil and water conservation activities were not quite evident since there were few sites where soil and water conservation activities were carried out. Appropriate methods and techniques for soil conservation on the slopes should have been applied and damaged structures should have been repaired.

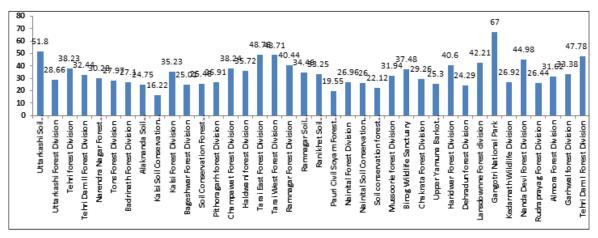


Figure 4.1 Average survival % of CAMPA plantation in Forest Divisions of Uttarakhand

5.0

Forest Division wise Monitoring and Evaluation

5.1 Tehri Dam II Forest Division

Tehri Dam II forest division comprised of 4 forest ranges of viz., Nagungad, Kamand, Dasgigad and Khurmolagad. A total of 54 plantation sites with 396.7 hectare area were surveyed for monitoring and evaluation of CAMPA plantations. The average survival of plants at Division level is 32.46%. The following table (5.1) below shows species planted in the division. The terrain is hilly with and distributions of forest types are sub-tropical to temperate. The natural vegetation is consisted of Banj, Burans, and Chirpine and on the upper reaches, Deodar is mixed with Chir.

Table 5.1 Species planted under CAMPA in Tehri Dam II Forest Division

Sl. No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
2.	Bauhunia retusa	Semla
3.	Cedrela toona	Toon
4.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
5.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
6.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bans
7.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
8.	Ougenia oojenesis	Sandan
9.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
10.	Tecoma stans	Tecoma

Table 5.2 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Tehri Dam II Forest Division

Name of Forest	Sample Sites	Plantation	Area in	Area	Survival
Range	Sample Sites	Year	Journal	marked (ha)	of plants by(%) GPS(ha)
Nagungad Range	Kausal Gaujyana	2015-16	10	7.1	47.6
	Saundan Soyam	2014-15	10	5.26	31.8
	Van Panchayat Kausal	2013-14	5	5.00	36.4
	Rangoli Soyam Paniyara Namytok	2014-15	10	7.00	52.8
	Rangoli Banadi Soyam	2014-15	10	4.60	36.6
	Kansi Soyam	2013-14	5	3.00	9.0
	Kyari	2012-13	5	5.00	24.0
	Kansi Soyam	2013-14	7	3.00	24.47
	Ghiyakoti	2015-16	5	3.00	23.00
	Roldhar Kawakot Jamni	2015-16	5	5.00	31.6
	Gair Soyam Mundkholi Tok	2015-16	5	5.00	37.60
Kamand Range	Idiyan Soyam	2012-13	5	5.00	19.00
	Model Plantation Nananu Soyam	2013-14	10	10.00	54.19
	Koti Kumharo Ki	2015-16	10	10.00	28.00
	Neri Soyam	2014-15	10	7.00	24.80
	Tikhon Soyam	2013-14	4.70	4.70	36.00
	Barnu Charagah Vikas Van Panchayat	2013-14	5	5.00	20.00
	Barnoli Soyam	2015-16	5	5.00	55.00
	Van Panchayat Dang Gussai	2013-14	5	4.00	13.00
	Raidoni Soyam Saskiya Tok	2014-15	10	10.00	44.80
	Idiyan Soyam	2015-16	10	10.00	28.40
Dasgigad Range	Kaithogi Soyam	2014-15	10	10.00	34.00
	Kathkhet Soyam	2015-16	10	10.00	38.00
	Tipri Soyam	2015-16	10	10.00	41.00
	Chilot Soyam	2013-14	10	10.00	34.00
	Kaprada Soyam	2013-14	4	4.00	30.38
	Kawata Van Panchayat	2013-14	5	5.00	36.00
	Tarakot Soyam	2013-14	5	5.00	27.60
	Dharkot Van Panchayat	2015-16	5	5.00	28.36
	Tipra Soyam	2014-15	10	10.00	24.09
	Van Panchayat Kumarkot Soyam	2012-13	5	5.00	18.00
	Tarakot Van Panchayat	2013-14	2	2.00	30.00
	Badethi Soyam	2013-14	10	10.00	40.40
	Chiniyali	2015-16	5	5	30.73
	Van Panchayat Badethi	2012-13	5	5.00	18.00
	Tipra Soyam (Ragi jugyar Tok)	2014-15	10	10.00	40.40
	Rikhnar gaon Soyam	2015-16	10	10.00	34.40
Khurmolagad	Dunda Compartment No. 8A	2014-15	10	10.00	31.00
Range	Dunda Soyam	2014-15	10	8.11	48.80
	Chinakholi Soyam	2013-14	10	7.19	33.0
	Barsali Soyam	2014-15	10	8.50	18.80
	Barsali Soyam	2013-14	10	5.80	7.36
	Nakuri Soyam	2015-16	5	5.00	36.60
	Jugaldi Soyam	2013-14	5	3.73	26.60
	Kharwa Soyam	2015-16	10	10	36.82
	Kharwa Soyam	2015-16	5	5.00	43.80
	Patara Soyam	2014-15	10	10.00	36.60
	Olya Soyam	2015-16	10	10.00	45.55
	Jaspur Soyam	2013-14	4	2.89	31.25
	Junga Soyam	2015-16	5	5.00	31.82

Total		396.7	355.88	32.46
Gujgad Soyam	2014-15	10	10.00	47.20
Junga Soyam Van Panchayat	2013-14	5	5.00	43.00
Junga Soyam	2015-16	5	5.00	34.40
Junga Soyam	2012-13	5	5.00	17.20

5.2 Tehri Forest Division

The CAMPA plantations for 2012-13, 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16 and 2016-17 were undertaken in total sites of 92 in 5 forest ranges of Tehri Forest Division. Sampling for plantation monitoring were done in 61 plantation's sites. Range wise and site wise area of plantation, area verified during field survey and survival of plants are shown in table 5.4. Table 5.3 below shows species planted in different sites.

Table 5.3 Species planted under CAMPA in Tehri Forest Division

Sl. No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
2.	Alnus nitida	Utis
3.	Arundinaria falcata	Ringal
4.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
5.	Bauhunia retusa	Semla
6.	Cedrela toona	Toon
7.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
8.	Cinnamomum tamala	Tejpat
9.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
10.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bans
11.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
12.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
13.	Grevellia robusta	Silver oak
14.	Jacaranda mimosifolia	Jacaranda
15.	Myrica esculenta	Kafal
16.	Ougeinia oogeinensis	Sandan
17.	Prunus armeniaca	Chullu
18.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
19.	Pyrus pashia	Mehal
20.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
21.	Rhododendron arboreum	Buransh
22.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
23.	Taxus baccata	Thuner
24.	Terminalia bellirica	Baheda

Table 5.4 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Tehri Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Pokhal Range	GadoliaC.No. 3 B Asena Civil DhoungKhavogi Motor Marg VanchuriC.No. 1 B KhandBhaniyada Motor Marg GhouldaniSoyam	2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2015-16 2016-17 2016-17	10 6.022 2.50 10 9.272 2.345	3.86 3.27 1.35 10 6 1.42	9.70 36.52 31.05 18.40 40.90 61.19
Bhilagana Range	Margoan C.No. 3 Margoan C. No. 5 Margoan C. No. 4 GevaliC. No. 10 Ghansali C. No. 3 Devling Soyam Chaily Soyam Gevali C. No. 8 Lome Soyam Quedang Soyam Saund Civil	2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2015-16 2015-16 2015-16 2016-17 2016-17	10 10 10 5 2 9.672 5 10 5.844 1.654 6.858	10 10 10 5 1.14 7.32 5 8.77 3.81 1.654 5.30	40.10 42.20 38.60 44.80 69 14.36 39.20 51.40 64.23 55.53 44.54
Balganga Range	Agar Civil Bhattgoan Civil Saup Civil Pinswad C. No.5 B Kangda C.No.6 A Gongarh C.No.7 Jakhana Civil GongarhC.No. 9 Sandul Civil Dalla Civil Banoli Civil KundiBadasu Civil Chamolgoan Civil-I	2012-13 2012-13 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2016-17 2015-16 2015-16 2015-16 2016-17 2016-17	7.224 13.25 2.80 3.53 7 11.31 10 10 6.0524 5.6122 3.68 4	4.15 13.25 2 2.00 7 8.67 4.50 10 3.1 5.6122 2.80 4	5.14 18.54 39.52 41.33 50.89 42.28 21.27 46.40 52.96 31.44 43.03 42.05 49.55
Lamgoan Range	Pratap nagar C. No. 1 Jalkurgarh C.No. 5 JalkurgarhC.No. 38 Deval Soyam	2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2016-17	10 8.29 10 4.006	5.52 2.37 5.57 3	20.45 8.36 29.80 48.40
Tehri Range	KoudiyaC.No. 10 B Lohitaal C.No. 13 SevalipatalC.No. 5 Part-I Sevali patal C.No. 5 Part-II Mandkhal C. No. 4 Sarjula C.No. 3 NagungarhC.No. 13 GunogiSoyam-I GunogiSoyam-II TinokhNeriSoyam HadamSoyam SarjulaC.No. 3 A LohitaalC.No. 13 A SarjulaC. No 6 ITI Thouldhar Sevali patal C. No. 6 A Danoli Soyam Gwalana Soyam Sevali patal C.No. 8 Sevali patal C.No. 7	2012-13 2012-13 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2014-16 2015-16 2015-16	2.5 10 10 15 14.584 5 10 10 10.71 3.091 4.844 10 10 5 1.5 15 11.007 5.518 10 7.50	1.36 6.81 10 7.15 14.584 5 10 8.85 6 2.51 4.844 6.26 10 5 1.5 15 7.44 5.518 10 7.50	35 20.70 42.60 43.93 40.45 57.60 46.55 23.70 29.28 25.47 22.18 46.40 41.40 40 58 31.45 25.62 7.13 48.20 37.01

Total		465.83	376.01	38.23
Ghon Soyam	2016-17	2.87	2.87	39.37
Nakot Soyam	2016-17	6.44	6.44	45.14
Kotdwara Soyam	2016-17	4.34	4.34	46.29
Jagdhar Soyam	2016-17	4	4	58.86
Pata Soyam	2015-16	10	5.1	42
Kaudiya C. No. 1	2015-16	15	11.5	42.13
Langadiyadhar Block	2015-16	15	15	42.27

It is cleared from the above table that there was shortage of 90 ha area as compared to the recorded area when the area was surveyed with GPS. The survival was 38.23%.

5.3 Narendra Nagar Forest Division

Narendra Nagar Forest Division comprised of 5 forest ranges. Monitoring and evaluation of CAMPA plantations were carried out in 30 sampled sites in 5 forest ranges. The forest types of the plantation areas are tropical and sub-tropical and forest composition comprised of kanju (Holoptelea integrifolia), shisham (Dalbegia sissoo), khair (Acacia catechu), bakli (Anogeissus latifolia), amaltas (Cassia fistula), haldu (Adina cordifolia) and sal (Shorea robusta) in tropical forests and chir (Pinus roxburghii) and banj (Quercus leucotrichophora) in sub-tropical forests. List of species planted in different sites are presented in table 5.5 and range wise and site wise area planted, area verified during survey and survival of plants are shown in table 5.6.

Table 5.5 Species planted under CAMPA in Narendra Nagar Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Aegle marmelos	Bel
2.	Albizzia lebbeck	Siras
3.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
4.	Bauhunia retusa	Semla
5.	Cedrela toona	Toon
6.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
7.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
8.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bans
9.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
10.	Grevellia robusta	Silver oak
11.	Holoptelea integrifolia	Kanju
12.	Leucaena leucocephala	Su-babul
13.	Mangifera indica	Aam
14.	Morus alba	Shahtut
15.	Myrica esculenta	Kafal
16.	Prunus armeniaca	Chullu
17.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
18.	Pyrus pashia	Mehal
19.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
20.	Rhododendron arboreum	Burans
21.	Sapindus mukorossi	Ritha
22.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
23.	Taxus baccata	Thuner
24.	Terminalia bellirica	Baheda
25.	Terminalia chebula	Harad
26.	Terminalia tomentosa	Sain

Table 5.6 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Narendra Nagar Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Kirtinagar	Durogi Civil	2016-17	5	2.73	31.82
Range	Pujar Gaon Civil	2013-14	9	6.1	25.28
	Pujar Gaon Civil	2013-14	5	5	31.64
	Molta Civil	2016-17	5	5	26.55
	Maletha Mawana Tok	2013-14	10	5.65	33.03
	Choradi Civil	2013-14	8	4.82	30.16
	Lachmoli Tok	2013-14	5	2.21	34.45
Maniknath	Badiyargarh Compartment No. 10	2013-14	5	5	40.05
Range	Sirsheth Civil	2016-17	4	4	49.55
	Palethi Civil	2016-17	8	8	21.65
	Palethi Civil	2016-17	10	10	36.09
	Taliya Tok Civil	2016-17	4	4	41.93
	Naithana Civil	2016-17	5	5	42.18
	Gawana Civil	2016-17	5	3.27	39.13
Saklana Range	Aarakot Civil Part I	2016-17	9	9	22.73
	Aarakot Civil Part II	2016-17	9	5.96	22.53
	Khuret Lodhi Namy Tok Civil	2016-17	5	2.28	42.18
	Gaind Compartment 5A	2016-17	7	3.25	50.49
	Gaind Compartment 5A	2016-17	5	3.32	38.00
	Gaind Compartment 6A	2013-14	15	8.70	9.72
	Kasmoli Compartment 2	2015-16	10	4.03	21.91
	Kasmoli Compartment 4	2013-14	10	4.71	26.32
Shivpuri Range	Singtali Compartment 5	2013-14	10	6.34	19.31
	Shivpuri Compartment 2	2013-14	10	8.71	20.40
	Gular Gad Compartment 17	2012-13	20	20	18.17
	Ghighud Compartment 8	2012-13	8	8	14.01
	Bhaiswada Sampoorn	2013-14	10	3.86	46.82
	Gann	2015-16	10	7.02	43.12
Narendra	Timli Soyam	2013-14	4	3	9.75
Nagar Range	Kaljoti Soyam	2013-14	5	3.63	19.40
	Total		235	172.59	30.28

It is observed from table 5.6 that an area of 62 ha was found shorter than the recoded area. The survival of plants is 30.28%.

5.4 Tons Forest Division

Monitoring and evaluation of plantation under CAMPA scheme in 5 Ranges of Tons Forest Division viz. Purola, Singtur, Sandra, Devta and Kotigad Range have been conducted. A total of 27 plantation sites covering 146.41 hectare and 45 km area were surveyed. The species planted at different sites under CAMPA plantation is shown in table 5.7 below. The forests of the division are distributed from Tropical, Sub-Tropical and Temperate zones. The native tree species at plantation sites were *Pinus roxburghii* (Chir), *Quercus leucotrichophora* (Banj) and *Rhododendron arboreum* (Buransh). The species were planted as per forest distribution.

Table 5.7 Species planted under CAMPA in Tons Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Acacia mollissima	Wattle
2.	Albizzia lebbeck	Siras
3.	Alstonia scholaris	Alstonia
4.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
5.	Callistemon viminalis	Bottle brush
6.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
7.	Chukrasia velutina	Chuckrassia
8.	Cupressus torulosa	Surai
9.	Delonix regia	Gulmohar
10.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
11.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
12.	Ficus infectoria	Dhudhi
13.	Ficus virens	Pilkhan
14.	Grevellia robusta	Silver oak
15.	Hibiscus rosa chinensis-	Gudhal
16.	Jacaranda mimosifolia	Jacaranda
17.	Juglans regia	Akhrot
18.	Melia azadirachta	Bakain
19.	Mimusops elengi	Moulshree
20.	Morus alba	Shahtut
21.	Pinus roxburghii	Chir
22.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
23.	Pterospermum acerifolium	Kanak champa
24.	Putranjiva roxburghii	Putranjiva
25.	Pyrus pashia	Mehal
26.	Quercus lamellosa	Manipuri banj
27.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
28.	Rhododendron arboreum	Burans
29.	Salix tetrasperma	Salix
30.	Sapindus mukorossi	Ritha
31.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
32.	Tecoma stans	Tecoma

Table 5.8 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Tons Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Purola Range	Rama-3 A	2012-13	7	7	25.97
	Karada-1 A	2012-13	3	3	34.62
	Sunali to Jarmola Road	2014-15	15 km	15 km	35.56
	Side Plantation				
	Karada-1B	2015-16	5	5	30.55
	Raun-1 A	2015-16	5	5	14.65
	SwielSoyam	2016-17	6.50	4	28.43
Singtur Range	Nanai 5 B	2012-13	5.31	5.31	15.45
	Jarmola to Kharsari Road Side Plantation	2014-15	8 km	8 km	42.80
	Khadsari to Mori Road	2014-15	10	10	31.21
	Side Plantation				
	Aura 1 B	2015-16	10	9	28.91
	Pasa-7	2015-16	7.80	7.80	27.72
	Aura-6	2015-16	5	5	19.64
	Siya Pindari Tok Soyam	2016-17	14	12	20.06
Sandra Range	Mori to LunagadMotar Marg Plantation	2014-15	4 km	4 km	58.52
	Salara C.No. 2	2015-16	5	5	21.82
	Mautad C. No. 3	2015-16	5	5	41.27
Kotigad Range	Aula-2 A	2012-13	10	9	25.45
	Gamri to Bhutanu Motar Marg Plantation	2013-14	5 km	5 km	18.62
	Chiba-1	2015-16	10	7.17	21.64
	Arakot-2	2015-16	5	2.50	19.27
	Jabarale Block	2015-16	5	5	42.18
	Sekal-1	2015-16	5	4	17.45
Devta Range	Thali-2	2012-13	12.80	5	30.01
	Bhasala to Lunagad Road Side Plantation	2014-15	3	3	46.00
	Kukreda-5	2015-16	5	5	25.45
	Bagiyar-2	2015-16	5	5	23.64
	Kukreda Soyam	2016-17	10	6	08.18
	Total		159.41	134.78	27.97

Table 5.8 shows that an area of 24.63 ha was found lesser than the recorded area of plantation in the division. The average survival of plants are 27.97% which is found to be

5.5 Uttarkashi Forest Division

The CAMPA plantation in Uttarkashi Forest Division was carried out in 6 forest ranges namely; Dunda, Gangotri, Taknor, Badahat, Mukhem and Dharasu. A total of 56 plantation sites with 451.45 hectare area have been covered in Uttarkashi Forest Division. The forests are widely distributed in tropical zone of lower Himalaya to sub-tropical, temperate and alpine zones. The native species in the forests of Uttarkashi consist of kanju, shisham, khair, chir, banj, moru, kharsu, deodar, mahel, pangar, fir and spruce are pre-dominated with associated species of trees, shrubs and herbs. The species planted under CAMPA plantations in 6 forest ranges are given below (table 5.9).

 Table 5.9 Species planted under CAMPA in Uttarkashi Forest Division

S1.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
2.	Arundinaria falcata	Ringal
3.	Bauhinia purpurea	Kachnar
4.	Bauhinia retusa	Semla
5.	Cedrela toona	Toon
6.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
7.	Corylus colurna	Kapasi
8.	Pyracantha crenulata	Gingaru
9.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
10.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
11.	Euonymus lacerus	Anga
12.	Juglans regia	Akhrot
13.	Prunus armeniaca	Chullu
14.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
15.	Pyrus pashia	Mehal
16.	Quercus dilatata	Moru
17.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
18.	Rhododendron arboreum	Burans
19.	Salix tetrasperma	Salix
20.	Sapindus mukorossi	Ritha
21.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
22.	Tecoma stans	Tecoma
23.	Terminalia chebula	Harad

Range wise sites and area of plantation's sites are shown in table 5.10. The table also shows the area measured by GPS and survival of plants.

Table 5.10 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Uttarkashi Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Dharasu	Nagungad Compartment No. 8 B Part II	2014-15	5	5	33.60
Range	Nagungad Compartment No. 8 B Part I	2014-15	5	3.42	28.80
	Nagungad Compartment No. 6 B	2014-15	10	7.72	49.00
	Nagungad Compartment No. 8 B Part III	2014-15	10	8.49	45.20
	Nagungad Compartment No. 5 AB Part II	2014-15	5	5	39.60
	Banadi Soyam	2015-16	3	3	21.82
	Dharkot Soyam	2015-16	2	2	24.55
	Bangaon Soyam	2016-17	2.30	1.18	37.94
	Suri Ramoli Soyam Ist	2015-16	9	5	19.70
	Junga Soyam Tok Silyana	2013-14	10	6.90	36.20
	Khurmola Compartment No. 13	2012-13	10	10	47.38
	Matholi Soyam	2016-17	2.15	2.15	15.91
	Jaulkhand Ist	2016-17	7	5	37.92
	Jaulkhand IInd	2016-17	7	7	33.12
	Bagodi Soyam	2015-16	3	3	25.45
	Tachiyan Compartment No.2	2013-14	10	5.55	15.35

	Gavana Soyam Dhanari Compartment No. 7 B Astal Soyam Athali Soyam Plot 1 Athali Soyam Plot 2 Dunda Soyam Sigot Compartment No. 8 Sigot Compartment No. 7 Sigot Compartment No. 7 Nakuri Soyam Ranu Ki Gad- 3 B Panchangaon Soyam Tok Dhuldhar	2013-14 2012-13 2014-15 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2014-15 2015-16 2015-16	10 5 13 10 10 10 10 10 10 8 15 4	6.20 2 9.50 6.49 5.30 6.11 6.07 6.34 6.70 5.88 15 4	22.85 30.75 20.31 23.70 22.30 24.50 36.27 34.09 36.30 13.94 28.27 27.05
	Dhanari Compartment No. 7 B Astal Soyam Athali Soyam Plot 1 Athali Soyam Plot 2 Dunda Soyam Sigot Compartment No. 8 Sigot Compartment No.7 Sigot Compartment No. 7 Nakuri Soyam	2012-13 2014-15 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2014-15 2014-15	5 13 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	2 9.50 6.49 5.30 6.11 6.07 6.34 6.70 5.88	30.75 20.31 23.70 22.30 24.50 36.27 34.09 36.30 13.94
	Dhanari Compartment No. 7 B Astal Soyam Athali Soyam Plot 1 Athali Soyam Plot 2 Dunda Soyam Sigot Compartment No. 8 Sigot Compartment No. 7 Sigot Compartment No. 7	2012-13 2014-15 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2014-15	5 13 10 10 10 10 10	2 9.50 6.49 5.30 6.11 6.07 6.34 6.70	30.75 20.31 23.70 22.30 24.50 36.27 34.09 36.30
	Dhanari Compartment No. 7 B Astal Soyam Athali Soyam Plot 1 Athali Soyam Plot 2 Dunda Soyam Sigot Compartment No. 8 Sigot Compartment No. 7	2012-13 2014-15 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17	5 13 10 10 10 10	2 9.50 6.49 5.30 6.11 6.07 6.34	30.75 20.31 23.70 22.30 24.50 36.27 34.09
	Dhanari Compartment No. 7 B Astal Soyam Athali Soyam Plot 1 Athali Soyam Plot 2 Dunda Soyam Sigot Compartment No. 8	2012-13 2014-15 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16	5 13 10 10 10	2 9.50 6.49 5.30 6.11 6.07	30.75 20.31 23.70 22.30 24.50 36.27
	Dhanari Compartment No. 7 B Astal Soyam Athali Soyam Plot 1 Athali Soyam Plot 2 Dunda Soyam	2012-13 2014-15 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15	5 13 10 10	2 9.50 6.49 5.30 6.11	30.75 20.31 23.70 22.30 24.50
	Dhanari Compartment No. 7 B Astal Soyam Athali Soyam Plot 1 Athali Soyam Plot 2	2012-13 2014-15 2013-14 2013-14	5 13 10 10	2 9.50 6.49 5.30	30.75 20.31 23.70 22.30
	Dhanari Compartment No. 7 B Astal Soyam Athali Soyam Plot 1	2012-13 2014-15 2013-14	5 13 10	2 9.50 6.49	30.75 20.31 23.70
	Dhanari Compartment No. 7 B Astal Soyam	2012-13 2014-15	5 13	2 9.50	30.75 20.31
	Dhanari Compartment No. 7 B	2012-13	5	2	30.75
_	•				
		2013-14	10	6.20	22.85
Dunda					
	Jalkurgad Compartment No. 15 A	2016-17	11	5.26	32.31
	Bhityara Soyam	2015-16	1	1	28.18
	Saur Soyam	2015-16	2	2	42.27
	Dikholi Soyam	2012-13	3	1.27	31.82
	Badagaddi Compartment No. 5	2013-14	5	2.10	30.64
	Dhanpur Aleth Soyam	2013-14	10	6.55	28.45
range	Chamkot Soyam	2014-13	10	10	27.10
	Aleth Soyam Tok Kathiyan	2014-15	10	4.63	34.20
	Aleth Soyam Tok Ghandiyaldhar	2014-15	10	10	30.60
	Paata Civil	2015-16	3	3	36.36
	Gavana Civil	2014-15	10	6.67	26.25
	Seku Civil	2013-14	5	3.78	25.30
	Basunga Civil	2014-15	6	4.4	25.50
	Uttraun Compartment No.2	2012-13	8	4.97	19.77
	Nald Compartment No. 2	2015-16	10	7.55	34.50
_	Nald Civil	2014-15	5	5	24.00
	Nald Compartment No.1	2012-13	10	8.1	38.09
	Nald 4 A	2012-13	5	3.43	35.60
	Raithal Compartment No. 6A	2016-17	5	5	26.55
	Tihar Compartment No.1	2015-16	10	4.72	25.80
	Raithal Compartment No.1	2012-13	10	6.55	29.38
	Raithal Compartment No.1	2014-15	12	12	26.13
	Tihar Compartment No. 7	2015-16	15	6	19.13
Range	Kujjan Soyam	2014-15	10	6.76	10.50
	Gorshali Soyam	2013-14	20	20	22.85
	Laata Soyam	2013-14	10	4.8	18.80
Gangotri Range	Harshil Compartment No. 8 Gangotri Compartment No. 5A	2012-13 2015-16	10 10	10 7.11	21.00 21.18

It is evident from the table that survival of plants in Uttarkashi Forest Division is very low (28.64%). An area of 118.80 ha found deficit as compared with recorded area after verivying area with GPS.

5.6 Uttarkashi Soil Conservation Division

A total of 5 ranges of Uttarkashi Soil Conservation Division have been covered in this report viz. Indravati, Jamak, Jalkurgad I, Jalkurgad II and Dhanarigad. A total of 19 plantation sites with 94 hectare area were covered under CAMPA monitoring in Uttarkashi Soil Conservation Division. The slopes of the hills are intense in most of plantation's sites. The following species were found planted on sites (table 5.11).

Table 5.11 Species planted under CAMPA in Uttarkashi Soil Conservation Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
2.	Arundinaria falcata	Ringal
3.	Bauhinia purpurea	Kachnar
4.	Bauhinia retusa	Semla
5.	Cedrela toona	Toon
6.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
7.	Corylus colurna	Kapasi
8.	Pyracantha crenulata	Gingaru
9.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
10.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
11.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
12.	Juglans regia	Akhrot
13.	Prunus armeniaca	Chullu
14.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
15.	Pyrus pashia	Mehal
16.	Quercus dilatata	Moru
17.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
18.	Rhododendron arboreum	Burans
19.	Salix tetrasperma	Salix
20.	Sapindus mukorossi	Ritha
21.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
22.	Tecoma stans	Tecoma
23.	Terminalia chebula	Harad

A total of 19 sites and an area of 94 ha were covered under survey. The area of plantation, name of the sample sites, area verified by GPS and survival of plants are shown in table 5.12 below. The survival of plants was more than 50% (51.81%).

Table 5.12 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Uttarkashi Soil Conservation Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Indravati	Tiloth Soyam	2013-14	12	9.75	35.36
Range	Athali Soyam	2013-14	4	4	38.93
Jamak	HinaSoyam	2015-16	5	5	33.36
Range	Jamak Compartment No. 6A	2015-16	5	2.72	51.68
	Maneri Soyam	2015-16	5	5	29.80
	Hina Soyam	2013-14	5	5	16.66
Jalkurgad I	Saudgarh Soyam	2015-16	5	5	87.33
Range	Thandi Soyam	2015-16	5	5	63.05
	Chaudiyat Soyam I	2015-16	5	5	74.78
	Chaudiyat Soyam II	2015-16	5	5	75.04
Jalkurgad II	Bhant Soyam I	2015-16	5	5	60.42
Range	Bhant Soyam III	2015-16	5	5	60.02

Dhanarigad	Pani Bhawan Tipra Soyam	2015-16	5	2.42	55.36
Range	Rontal Soyam	2015-16	5	5	68.04
	Ed Dordhar	2015-16	5	3	27.11
	Ed Dordhar Gosai Chari	2015-16	5	5	52.38
	Garhwalgad Soyam Lingdala Tok	2013-14	8	8	49.06
	Malli Kitudi Soyam	2013-14	10	10	67.55
	Jaspur Soyam	2015-16	5	3	38.52
	Total		94	92.89	51.81

5.7 Badrinath Forest Division

CAMPA plantation in Badrinath Forest Division was carried out in 5 forest ranges namely; Chamoli, Nandprayag, East Pindar Dewal, Centre Pindar Tharali Range and West Pindar Narayanibagad Range. A total of 56 sites comprised of 295.22 ha area were surveyed for monitoring and evaluation of CAMPA plantation. List of species planted is shown in table 5.13 and range wise sites covered, area undertaken for plantation is presented in table 5.14. The plantation's sites are found distributed in sub-tropical to Alpine forests of Himalaya. The forests are characterized by maximum distribution of chir at sub-tropical zone mixed with banj at higher reaches. The temperate zone consisted of deodar, fire, spruce, moru, kharsu, burans as predominant species. While Alpine zone consists of spruce, fir, juniperous etc.

Table 5.13 List of species planted under CAMPA plantation in Badrinath Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Acrocarpus fraxinifolius	Pink Cecdar
2.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
3.	Albizzia lebbeck	Siras
4.	Arundinaria falcata	Ringal
5.	Bauhinia purpurea	Kachnar
6.	Bauhinia retusa	Semla
7.	Callistemon viminalis	Bottle brush
8.	Cedrela toona	Toon
9.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
10.	Celtis australis	Khadik
11.	Citrus sinensis	Malta
12.	Corylus colurna	Kapasi
13.	Pyracantha crenulata	Gingaru
14.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
15.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Nar bans
16.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
17.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
18.	Ficus infectoria	Timla
19.	Jacaranda mimosifolia	Jacranda
20.	Juglans regia	Akhrot
21.	Myrica esculenta	Kafal
22.	Ougeinia oojenensis	Sandan

23.	Prunus armeniaca	Chullu
24.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
25.	Prunus persica	Adu
26.	Psidium guajava	Amrood
27.	Pyrus pashia	Mehal
28.	Quercus dilatata	Moru
29.	Quercus floribunda	Faliyant
30.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
31.	Rhododendron arboreum	Burans
32.	Robinea pseudoacasia	Robinea
33.	Salix tetrasperma	Salix
34.	Sapindus mukorossi	Ritha
35.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
36.	Tecoma stans	Tecoma
37.	Terminalia bellirica	Baheda
38.	Terminalia chebula	Harad
39.	Thespesia populnea	Kaula

Table 5.14 Number of sample sites, area covered and actual area under plantation in Badrinath Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Chamoli	Batula Van Panchayat (Pashyakodi)	2014-15	3.5	3.5	50.39
Range	Agthala Van Panchayat (Rubisa)	2014-15	1.5	1.5	65.76
	Agthala Van Panchayat (RubisaTok)	2015-16	3.5	3.5	47.12
	NH 58 NO.454.2	2015-16	2	2	33.47
	Gadi Van Panchayat	2012-13	3	3	36.36
	DasoliVth Compartment No. 17A	2012-13	10	10	23.55
	Pagna Van Panchayat (Ghana Tok)	2013-14	11	11	16.94
	Pagna Van Panchayat (Kachula Tok)	2013-14	10	10	8.42
	Mankhi Van Panchayat	2012-13	3	3	22.12
	Gawai Van Panchayat (SimarGadera)	2016-17	5	5	32.04
	Nandprayag Van Panchayat (ThalaTol	k)2015-16	5	2.5	26.80
	Ramni Van Panchayat	2015-16	5	5	20.40
	Ramni Van Panchayat (KafdaTok)	2015-16	5	5	25.20
Nandprayag	Karnprayag Compartment No. 1		1	1	41.73
Range	Hadakoti Civil	2016-17	2	2	33.55
	Umarakot Baidanu	2016-17	4.5	4.5	35.47
	Langasu Civil	2015-16	6	6	28.33
	Devli Bagad Civil	2016-17	2	2	35.14
	Kunjakot Vth	2012-13	8	5.63	12.73
	Nandakini II Compartment No. 3 A	2014-15	5	3	35.82
East Pindar	Kail Civil	2016-17	6	6	35.76
Deval Range	Nawali I Compartment No. 2	2013-14	7	6	13.90
- O	Nawali I Compartment No. 16	2013-14	5	5	20.55
	Nawali I Compartment No. 5	2012-13	5	5	20.18

	Lawani Civil	2015-16	1.5	1.5	39.21
	Lawani Van Panchayat	2014-15	5.5	5.5	35.14
	Baank Civil	2016-17	7	6	39.35
	Pindar Par III Compartment No. 10B Part II	2013-14	5	5	40.55
	Wan Van Panchayat	2016-17	5	5	6.40
	Pindar Par Compartment No. 10B Part I	2013-14	10	10	10.18
	Chaud Van Panchayat	2015-16	3.0	3.0	35.45
Centre	Tungeshwar Van Panchayat Part I	2013-14	2.5	2.5	37.89
Pindar	Tungeshwar Van Panchayat Part II	2013-14	8.5	8.5	10.59
Tharali	Jaula Civil	2016-17	6.5	5.5	52.46
Range	Thala Van Panchayat	2015-16	5	5	5.60
	Thala Civil	2016-17	5	5	9.64
	Pindar Par II Compartment No. 19	2014-15	5	2.50	20.55
	Pindar Par II Compartment No. 20	2015-16	8.95	8.95	30.08
	Ratagaun Civil	2016-17	6.5	6.5	49.47
	Pindar Par II Compartment No. 9 Part I	2014-15	5	3	24.73
	Pindar Par II Compartment No. 9 Part II	2014-15	5	5	25.09
	Pindar Par I Compartment No. 23	2015-16	8.69	8.69	38.61
West Pindar	Dungri Van Panchayat	2013-14	8	8	18.98
Narayanbagad	Dungri Van Panchayat (Charagah)	2016-17	5	4	36.40
Range	Simli Van Panchayat (1D) Charagah	2016-17	5	5	24.00
	Bhangota Van Panchayat (1D) Charagah	2014-15	2.5	2.5	7.50
	Bhangota Van Panchayat (1D) Kritim	2014-15	2.5	2.5	4.91
	Gairwaram Van Panchayat (1D) Charagah	2015-16	5	4	42.00
	Hashkoti Civil	2016-17	10	10	7.74
	Hashkoti	2016-17	5.58	2.25	24.18
	Hashkoti Van Panchayat (1D) Charagah	2015-16	5	1.53	6.88
	Pindar Var III Compartment No. 2C	2015-16	0.5	0.5	18.18
	Bamiyala Reserve	2012-13	5	3	14.55
	Niladi Civil	2016-17	1.5	1.5	43.21
	Kimoli Van Panchayat	2013-14	10	10	15.82
	Kimoli Van Panchayat	2013-14	7	7	20.65
	Total		295.22	270.05	27.10

5.8 Alaknanda Forest Division

Alaknanda Forest Division consists of 6 forest ranges wherein CAMPA plantation was undertaken. The forest division spreads into varied climatic conditions from tropical, subtropical and temperate climates. Therefore, forest compositions have also varied from sal forests to chir, banj and deodar. The associated species in these forests are kanju, khair, shisham, amla, amaltas, kafal, aiyar, mahel, burans etc. The species planted under CAMPA at different sites are given in table 5.15 below.

Table 5.15 List of species planted under CAMPA plantation in Alaknanda Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
2.	Albizzia lebbeck	Siras
3.	Arundinaria falcata	Ringal
4.	Bougainvillea	Bougainvillea
5.	Callistemon viminalis	Bottle brush
6.	Cedrela toona	Toon
7.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
8.	Cupressus torulosa	Surai
9.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Nar bans
10.	Elaeocarpus ganitrus	Rudraksh
11.	Ficus religiosa	Pipal
12.	Jacaranda mimosifolia	Jacranda
13.	Lagerstroemia indica	Savni
14.	Pinus wallichiana	Kail
15.	Prunus armeniaca	Chullu
16.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
17.	Quercus dilatata	Faliyant
18.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
19.	Quercus semecarpifolia	Kharsu
20.	Sapindus mukorossi	Ritha
21.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
22.	Tecoma stans	Tecoma

Area measured by GPS during the survey, recoded area and survival of plants are indicated in table 5.16.

Table 5.16 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Alaknanda Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Nandakini Range	Banjbagad Van Panchayat Tok Melthagad	2013-14	10	10	12.27
	Saitolee Van Panchayat Tok Kamedapani	2014-15	5	3	23.09
	Saitolee Van Panchayat Tok Ranikot	2016-17	8	6	23.25
	Ustolee Van Panchayat Tok Sakola	2015-16	12	9	25.83
Aatagad	Malayi Van Panchayat Tok Jhaldunga	2014-15	5	4	32.36
Range	Malayi Van Panchayat Tok Gairoli	2013-14	10	9	23.64
	Karanprayag to Gauchar	2012-13	10	10	11.60
	Taldhari to Panayi	2012-13	5	4	14.36
	Bandarkhand to Karanprayag	2012-13	3	2	21.21
Pokhari Range	Kunjasu Van Panchayat Tok Dhungidhar	2016-17	8	4	38.50
	Sinau Van Panchayat Talla Malla	2016-17	8	4.13	12.00

	Vishal Van Panchayat Tok Vyapalgonda	2013-14	5	2.61	34.73
	Nail Sideli Van Panchayat	2014-15	10	5	20.60
	Jaurasi Van Panchayat Tok Latugair	2013-14	14	10	24.29
	Bangthal Van Panchayat Tok Kedarkanta	2013-14	5	2.53	35.45
	Devar Van Panchayat	2015-16	12	7	26.83
Asedsimli Range	Chopta Van Panchayat Tok Chapchyanpani	2012-13	10	6	12.36
	Penty Van Panchayat	2014-15	5	5	40.00
Tharali Range	Meltha Van Panchayat	2016-17	8	8	39.00
Joshimath	Molta Van Panchayat Tok Shayan	2013-14	13	10	8.46
Range	Molta Civil Tok Anoti	2012-13	13	13	11.54
	Molta Van Panchayat Tok Garpaka	2013-14	5	5	23.64
	Bhainta civil Tok BanjPatta	2014-15	10	7	50.55
	Bhangyool Civil Tok Patal	2013-14	10	6	37.55
	Tolma Civil	2012-13	10	10	15.55
	Total		214	162.27	24.74

The data from 26 plantation's sites revealed that survival of plants are found very low (24.74%). There is deficit of 51.73 ha of plantation area as measured by GPS by in the fields.

5.9 Pauri Civil Soyam Forest Division

CAMPA plantation was also undertaken in Civil and Soyam areas of Pauri Forest Division of Uttarakhand. Sites of plantations were taken up in Civil and Soyam forests of Pauri which is having a separate forest division. These forests are being managed and developed with the help of community participation. The division comprised of 6 forest ranges namely; Bironkhal, Naugaonkhal, Pabau, Srinagar, Pauri and Satpuli ranges. A total of 109 plantation's sites and 873.21 ha of area were surveyed for data collection. A list of species planted at the sites are given in table 5.17 below.

Table 5.17 List of species planted under CAMPA plantation in Pauri Civil Soyam Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Acacia mollissima	Wattle
2.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
3.	Albizzia lebbeck	Siras
4.	Arundinaria falcata	Ringal
5.	Bauhinia purpurea	Kachnar
6.	Cedrela toona	Toon
7.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
8.	Cinnamomum zeylanicum	Dalkchini
9.	Citrus sinensis	Malta
10.	Cupressus torulosa	Surai
11.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
12.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
13.	Morus alba	Shahtoot

14.	Prunus armeniaca	Chullu
15.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
16.	Pyrus pashia	Mahel
17.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
18.	Quercus semecarpifolia	Kharsu
19.	Robinea pseudoacasia	Robinea
20.	Sapindus mukorossi	Ritha
21.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
22.	Tecoma stans	Tecoma
23.	Terminalia bellirica	Baheda
24.	Terminalia chebula	Harad

Table 5.18 Range wise sample sites, area and survival of plants Pauri Civil Soyam Forest Division

Range		Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Bironkhal	Mohanvakhali Van Panchayat	2014-15	10	5.14	31.56
Range	Thabdiya Van Panchayat	2016-17	2.770	2.770	25.93
	Thabdiya Van Panchayat	2016-17	10	10	20.10
	Thabdiya Van Panchayat	2013-14	5	5	10.18
	Rangalcha Van Panchayat	2013-14	10	7.31	16.73
	Jakhani Van Panchayat	2014-15	10	5.17	9.82
	Jakhani Van Panchayat	2015-16	5	3	21.82
	Arkandayi Van Panchayat- II	2016-17	2.610	2.610	17.07
	Bharpoor Chota Van Panchayat	2013-14	10	10	10.20
	Koliunda Van Panchayat - I	2014-15	4	4	5.68
	Koliunda Van Panchayat- II	2014-15	4	4	4.77
Naugaonkhal	Maikholi Van Panchayat	2013-14	10	10	16.27
Range	Maikholi Van Panchayat	2013-14	10	10	7.09
	Aenthi Van Panchayat	2014-15	10	10	21.55
	Bagwadi Van Panchayat	2013-14	7	5.11	6.23
	Rauli Van Panchayat	2016-17	5	3.95	15.36
	Naini Van Panchayat	2013-14	10	8	17.36
	Kulasu Civil	2016-17	10	8.21	18.36
	Amoli Civil	2016-17	5	5	18.91
	Sunna Civil	2014-15	10	8.28	23.91
	Dalmana Civil	2013-14	10	10	20.05
	Gavani Van Panchayat	2012-13	5	3.25	11.18
	Sasaun Van Panchayat	2012-13	10	7.13	20.00
	Isoti Van Panchayat	2014-15	7	4.95	7.79
	Isoti Van Panchayat	2016-17	10	5.53	13.09
	Palkot Civil	2014-15	5	3	28.91
	Bheti Civil	2015-16	5	5	17.20
	Mavana Civil	2013-14	8	8	8.86
	Panthar Van Panchayat	2015-16	5	5	18.55
	Churedgaon Van Panchayat	2012-13	5	5	18.73
	Churedgaon Van Panchayat- Ist	2013-14	5	5	18.10
	Naugaon Malla Civil	2014-15	5	5	20.91
	Naugaon Malla Civil	2014-15	10	7.35	22.91

Pabau	Maroda Van Panchayat- II	2013-14	10	5.36	19.73
Range	Maroda Van Panchayat- II	2014-15	7	5.44	18.44
	Maroda Van Panchayat- I	2014-15	8	5.85	21.70
	Nisni Van Panchayat- I	2012-13	5	5	18.91
	Nisni Van Panchayat- II	2012-13	5	5	19.45
	Budni Van Panchayat	2013-14	15	10.8	19.00
	Vidoli Van Panchayat	2016-17	10	10	19.36
	Ghunna Van Panchayat- I	2013-14	10	10	22.82
	Ghunna Van Panchayat- II	2013-14	10	10	20.64
	Chaplodi Van Panchayat	2015-16	10	10	15.82
	Banekh Van Panchayat	2014-15	8	8	21.14
	Boonga Van Panchayat	2014-15	10	10	17.64
	Nalayi Van Panchayat- I	2012-13	5	3.37	20.10
	Manjholi Van Panchayat	2016-17	10	7.86	18.27
	Taal Van Panchayat	2014-15	5	5	22.36
	Chaundi Van Panchayat	2013-14	5	3.79	13.82
	Ratkoti Van Panchayat	2015-16	5	5	22.73
	Kirsal Van Panchayat	2015-16	5	5	22.55
Srinagar	Kattakholi Van Panchayat	2013-14	15	15	30.47
Range	FarasuVan Panchayat- I	2013-14	10	5.74	26.91
	Farasu Van Panchayat II	2013-14	10	6.26	31.45
	Nayalgad Lagga Maso Van Panchayat	2015-16	5	3.20	31.27
	Nayalgad Van Panchayat	2016-17	10	10	33.60
	Ufalda Civil	2012-13	10	7.14	28.55
	Kolta Civil	2016-17	10	10	16.44
	Maroda Van Panchayat-I	2013-14	10	8.16	27.90
	Gairu Van Panchayat	2013-14	10	10	17.45
	Gavana Van Panchayat- II	2013-14	15	10	17.82
	Gavana Van Panchayat- I	2013-14	10	8.54	21.45
	Akhada Van Panchayat	2013-14	5	5	18.36
	Kanda Van Panchayat- I	2013-14	10	6.95	22.09
	Rampur Van Panchayat- II	2013-14	10	10	30.90
	Kanda Van Panchayat- II	2013-14	10	8.05	14.70
	Rampur Van Panchayat- I	2013-14	10	7	20.09
	Khadet Van Panchayat	2015-16	5	3.39	5.60
	Salda Van Panchayat- I	2014-15	10	10	15.18
	Salda Van Panchayat- II	2014-15	10	10	11.18
	Dhikwalgaon Van Panchayat	2016-17	10	7	21.27
	Dhikwalgaon Van Panchayat	2014-15	10	6.84	17.64
Pauri	Siroli Van Panchayat	2013-14	10	7	26.09
Range	Qwerali Civil	2014-15	10	10	26.64
0	Pokhari Van Panchayat	2012-13	5	5	20.80
	Kot Van Panchayat	2012-13	5	5	20.40
	Kanda Van Panchayat	2015-16	10	7	22.60
	Pauri Kandayi Van Panchayat	2013-14	15	11	16.30
	Gahad (Paidulsyu) Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.40	5.40	30.00
	Dang Civil	2014-15	10	10	24.55
	Paidul Civil	2015-16	5	5	17.82
	Gahad Civil-I	2012-13	5	5	11.40
	Gahad Civil- II	2012-13	5	5	12.10
	Gahad (Paidulsyu) Van Panchayat	2013-14	10	10	13.30
	Malli Rai Van Panchayat	2015-16	5	5	25.20
	Chandola Rai Van Panchayat	2014-15	8	8	33.52
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	Rawatgaon Van Panchayat	2014-15	10	10	17.36
	Pauri Kandayi Van Panchayat	2015-16	5	5	20.36
	Pauri Kandayi Van Panchayat	2014-15	10	10	27.55
	Thapliyalgaon Van Panchayat	2015-16	5	5	16.40
	Bainjwadi Van Panchayat	2015-16	5	5	19.60
	Balodi Van Panchayat	2016-17	4.61	4.61	25.46
	Pundori Civil Tok Khillu	2014-15	12	9	21.89
	Gahad Gagvadsyu Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.13	5.13	24.37
	Gahad Gagvadsyu Van Panchayat	2013-14	10	10	32.40
	Kadakot Van Panchayat- I	2016-17	2.842	2.842	29.97
	Siroli Van Panchayat	2012-13	5	3.91	7.64
	Kevars Van Panchayat	2014-15	5	5	21.20
Satpuli	Kund Van Panchayat Tok Majheda	2015-16	10	10	13.55
Range	Panchali Van Panchayat	2015-16	5	5	27.09
	Naithana Civil	2014-15	10	10	23.09
	Kusyan Van Panchayat	2014-15	10	10	21.18
	Punderi Van Panchayat	2014-15	10	8	26.91
	Hasudi Van Panchayat	2014-15	8	8	15.86
	Thanool Van Panchayat	2014-15	10	2.94	23.18
	Gadkot Van Panchayat	2016-17	7.55	5.86	21.47
	Naithana Van Panchayat	2016-17	6.30	5.80	26.62
	Ukhlet Van Panchayat- I	2012-13	10	6.85	2.05
	Ukhlet Van Panchayat	2013-14	10	7	5.55
	Total		873.21	748.84	19.54

The survival of plants in the division is 19.54% which is very poor. A decrease of 88.37 ha of plantation area is found when the area was measured by GPS in the field (table 5.18).

5.10 Soil Conservation Division, Kalsi

CAMPA plantation in Soil Conservation Division, Kalsi was undertaken in 6 forest ranges namely; Kalsi I, Kalsi II, Kuanu, Chakrata, Churani and Barontha. The forests are distributed in tropical, sub-tropical and temperate zones. The predominant species in the natural forests are sal, bakli, chir, banj, deodar, mahel, aiyar, burans, moru etc. The terrain is hilly and rocky with steeper slopes. The data were collected from 39 sample sites and 304 ha area was surveyed. The species planted under CAMPA is shown in table 5.19.

Table 5.19 List of species planted under CAMPA plantation in Soil Conservation Forest Division, Kalsi

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Bauhinia purpurea	Kachnar
2.	Cedrela toona	Toon
3.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
4.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
5.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
6.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
7.	Pyrus pashia	Mahel
8.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
9.	Robinea pseudoacasia	Robinea
10.	Sapindus mukorossi	Ritha

		_
11.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
12.	Terminalia bellerica	Baheda
13.	Terminalia chebula	Harad
14.	Cedrella toona	Tun
15.	Bombax ceiba	Semal
16.	Mangifera indica	Aam
17.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bans
18.	Zizyphus mauritiana	Ber
19.	Ficus religiosa	Pipal
20.	Ficus benghalensis	Bargad
21.	Bauhinia retusa	Semla
22.	Ficus virens	Pilkhan
23.	Artocarpus lacucha	Dheu
24.	Cinnamomum tamala	Tejpat

Table 5.20 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Soil Conservation Forest Division, Kalsi

Forest Range year Journal (ha) marked by GPS (ha) plants (%) Kalsi I Chapnu 2013-14 5 5 38.10 Range Panuva 2013-14 5 5 45.60 Samaya Gorna Tok 2014-15 10 10 40.40 Samaya Gayadhar 2015-16 7 7 48.00 Badnu 2013-14 10 10 4.77 Maletha Tikardhar 2013-14 7 7 9.84 Kalsi II Bhandara Tok 2012-13 10 10 10.51 Range Chamiya Kheda (Ashti) 2012-13 10 10 9.63 Powarkheda Tok 2014-15 10 10 13.48 Nata Tok 2014-15 10 10 16.89 Dungra Tok 2014-15 10 10 11.94 Dolan Tok 2014-15 5 5 0.00 Kwanu Suri Ka Kheda 2013-14 5 5 0.00						
Range Panuva 2013-14 5 5 45.60 Samaya Gorna Tok 2014-15 10 10 40.40 Samaya Gayadhar 2015-16 7 7 48.00 Badnu 2013-14 10 10 4.77 Maletha Tikardhar 2013-14 7 7 9.84 Kalsi II Bhandara Tok 2012-13 10 10 10.51 Range Chamiya Kheda (Ashti) 2012-13 10 10 9.63 Powarkheda Tok 2014-15 10 10 13.48 Nata Tok 2012-13 10 10 16.89 Dungra Tok 2014-15 10 10 11.94 Dolan Tok 2014-15 5 5 0.00 Kwanu Suri Ka Kheda 2013-14 5 5 0.00 Range Gudani Kheda (Dhauda) 2015-16 10 10 6.52		Sample sites	Plantation year			
Samaya Gorna Tok 2014-15 10 10 40.40 Samaya Gayadhar 2015-16 7 7 48.00 Badnu 2013-14 10 10 4.77 Maletha Tikardhar 2013-14 7 7 9.84 Kalsi II Bhandara Tok 2012-13 10 10 10.51 Range Chamiya Kheda (Ashti) 2012-13 10 10 9.63 Powarkheda Tok 2014-15 10 10 13.48 Nata Tok 2012-13 10 10 10 13.48 Dungra Tok 2014-15 10 10 10 16.89 Dungra Tok 2014-15 5 5 5 0.00 Kwanu Suri Ka Kheda 2013-14 5 5 5 0.00 Range Gudani Kheda (Dhauda) 2015-16 10 10 10 6.52	Kalsi I	Chapnu	2013-14	5	5	38.10
Samaya Gayadhar 2015-16 7 7 48.00 Badnu 2013-14 10 10 4.77 Maletha Tikardhar 2013-14 7 7 9.84 Kalsi II Bhandara Tok 2012-13 10 10 10.51 Range Chamiya Kheda (Ashti) 2012-13 10 10 9.63 Powarkheda Tok 2014-15 10 10 13.48 Nata Tok 2012-13 10 10 16.89 Dungra Tok 2014-15 10 10 11.94 Dolan Tok 2014-15 5 5 0.00 Kwanu Suri Ka Kheda 2013-14 5 5 0.00 Range Gudani Kheda (Dhauda) 2015-16 10 10 6.52	Range	Panuva	2013-14	5	5	45.60
Badnu 2013-14 10 10 4.77 Maletha Tikardhar 2013-14 7 7 9.84 Kalsi II Bhandara Tok 2012-13 10 10 10.51 Range Chamiya Kheda (Ashti) 2012-13 10 10 9.63 Powarkheda Tok 2014-15 10 10 13.48 Nata Tok 2012-13 10 10 16.89 Dungra Tok 2014-15 10 10 11.94 Dolan Tok 2014-15 5 5 0.00 Kwanu Suri Ka Kheda 2013-14 5 5 0.00 Range Gudani Kheda (Dhauda) 2015-16 10 10 6.52		Samaya Gorna Tok	2014-15	10	10	40.40
Maletha Tikardhar 2013-14 7 7 9.84 Kalsi II Bhandara Tok 2012-13 10 10 10.51 Range Chamiya Kheda (Ashti) 2012-13 10 10 9.63 Powarkheda Tok 2014-15 10 10 13.48 Nata Tok 2012-13 10 10 16.89 Dungra Tok 2014-15 10 10 11.94 Dolan Tok 2014-15 5 5 0.00 Kwanu Suri Ka Kheda 2013-14 5 5 0.00 Range Gudani Kheda (Dhauda) 2015-16 10 10 6.52		Samaya Gayadhar	2015-16	7	7	48.00
Kalsi II Bhandara Tok 2012-13 10 10 10.51 Range Chamiya Kheda (Ashti) 2012-13 10 10 9.63 Powarkheda Tok 2014-15 10 10 13.48 Nata Tok 2012-13 10 10 16.89 Dungra Tok 2014-15 10 10 11.94 Dolan Tok 2014-15 5 5 0.00 Kwanu Suri Ka Kheda 2013-14 5 5 0.00 Range Gudani Kheda (Dhauda) 2015-16 10 10 6.52		Badnu	2013-14	10	10	4.77
Range Chamiya Kheda (Ashti) 2012-13 10 10 9.63 Powarkheda Tok 2014-15 10 10 13.48 Nata Tok 2012-13 10 10 16.89 Dungra Tok 2014-15 10 10 11.94 Dolan Tok 2014-15 5 5 0.00 Kwanu Suri Ka Kheda 2013-14 5 5 0.00 Range Gudani Kheda (Dhauda) 2015-16 10 10 6.52		Maletha Tikardhar	2013-14	7	7	9.84
Powarkheda Tok 2014-15 10 10 13.48 Nata Tok 2012-13 10 10 16.89 Dungra Tok 2014-15 10 10 11.94 Dolan Tok 2014-15 5 5 0.00 Kwanu Suri Ka Kheda 2013-14 5 5 0.00 Range Gudani Kheda (Dhauda) 2015-16 10 10 6.52	Kalsi II	Bhandara Tok	2012-13	10	10	10.51
Nata Tok 2012-13 10 10 16.89 Dungra Tok 2014-15 10 10 11.94 Dolan Tok 2014-15 5 5 0.00 Kwanu Suri Ka Kheda 2013-14 5 5 0.00 Range Gudani Kheda (Dhauda) 2015-16 10 10 6.52	Range	Chamiya Kheda (Ashti)	2012-13	10	10	9.63
Dungra Tok 2014-15 10 10 11.94 Dolan Tok 2014-15 5 5 0.00 Kwanu Suri Ka Kheda 2013-14 5 5 0.00 Range Gudani Kheda (Dhauda) 2015-16 10 10 6.52		Powarkheda Tok	2014-15	10	10	13.48
Dolan Tok 2014-15 5 5 0.00 Kwanu Suri Ka Kheda 2013-14 5 5 0.00 Range Gudani Kheda (Dhauda) 2015-16 10 10 6.52		Nata Tok	2012-13	10	10	16.89
Kwanu Suri Ka Kheda 2013-14 5 5 0.00 Range Gudani Kheda (Dhauda) 2015-16 10 10 6.52		Dungra Tok	2014-15	10	10	11.94
Range Gudani Kheda (Dhauda) 2015-16 10 10 6.52		Dolan Tok	2014-15	5	5	0.00
	Kwanu	Suri Ka Kheda	2013-14	5	5	0.00
Chamrai Kheda 2012-13 10 10 5.41	Range	Gudani Kheda (Dhauda)	2015-16	10	10	6.52
2012 10 10 0111		Chamrai Kheda	2012-13	10	10	5.41
Samuadhar 2012-13 10 10 0.00		Samuadhar	2012-13	10	10	0.00
Kyar Kati 2012-13 10 10 8.58		· ·	2012-13			8.58
DandadharDasau III 2014-15 5 5 9.02		DandadharDasau III	2014-15	5	5	9.02
Chakrata Kwarna II 2014-15 5 5 5.04	Chakrata	Kwarna II	2014-15	5	5	5.04
Range Kwarna I 2014-15 5 5 21.25	Range	Kwarna I	2014-15	5	5	21.25
Behlag Tok (Korva) 2014-15 10 10 19.73		• , ,	2014-15			19.73
Moondhar 2013-14 5 5 19.32				5		
Sarlachani 2012-13 10 10 41.86						
Kotli Khera 2013-14 10 10 23.58		Kotli Khera	2013-14	10	10	23.58
Churani Sawai Tikulakheda 2013-14 5 5.42	Churani	Sawai Tikulakheda	2013-14			5.42
Range Devadi Dhar Tok (Bisoi) 2013-14 8 2.66 13.83	Range	Devadi Dhar Tok (Bisoi)	2013-14	8	2.66	13.83
Lohari Ghodiya Dhar 2013-14 5 5 0.00		•	2013-14	5	_	
Lohan (Kadai That) 2014-15 5 5 17.16		Lohan (Kadai That)	2014-15	5	5	17.16
Dhiroi Tok 2013-14 4 4 17.73 Lakhwad Padikar Tok			2013-14	4	4	17.73
Daniiwau i auikai 10k		Daniiwau i auinai 10n				

	Lakhwad Padikar Tok Khunna Tok (Khunna) Khunna Tok (Khunna)	2014-15 2013-14 2014-15	5 10 10	5 10 10	21.53 23.00 31.62
Brontha	Sarsachani	2013-14	5	5	0.00
Range	Behlad Khadd	2014-15	10	10	7.65
	Kandoi Ki Dhar	2013-14	10	10	7.09
	Tipradhar	2013-14	5	5	2.40
	Radina Ki Dhar	2013-14	8	8	39.23
	Tikri Kheda	2012-13	10	10	31.84
	Thati Tok	2014-15	10	10	4.42
	Total		304	298.66	16.21

The survival of plants is very poor (16.21%) in this division.

5.11 Kalsi Forest Division

CAMPA plantation in Kalsi Forest Division was undertaken in 2 forest ranges namely; Langha and Timli. The forests are dominated by sal and its associated species in Tropical Moist Deciduous Forest type. Survey for monitoring of plantation was carried out in 5 sites of 2 ranges in an area of 37 ha. The average survival of plants was 35% (table 5.22). The species planted are indicated in table 5.21.

Table 5.21 List of species planted under CAMPA in Kalsi Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Cordia dichotoma	Lasoda
2.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
3.	Delonix regia	Gulmohar
4.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bans
5.	Ficus benghalensis	Bargad
6.	Ficus religiosa	Pipal
7.	Ficus virens	Pilkhan
8.	Mallotus phillipinensis	Rohini
9.	Mangifera indica	Aam
10.	Pongamia pinnata	Kanji
11.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
12.	Tecoma stans	Tecoma
13.	Terminalia bellirica	Baheda
14.	Terminalia chebula	Harad

Table 5.22 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Kalsi Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Timli	Herbatpur Ponta (Marg Block)	2014-15	5	5	23.56
Range	Dhaula I	2015-16	10	10	12.50
Langha	South Binhar Compartment 8 B	2015-16	5	5	39.44
Range	North Binhar 1 A	2015-16	10	10	56.93
	North Binhar Compartment 1 A	2012-13	7	7	43.74
	Total		37	37	35.234

5.12 Soil Conservation Division, Lansdowne

Monitoring and evaluation of plantation done under CAMPA scheme in 7 forest ranges of Soil Conservation Forest Division Lansdowne viz. Rikhanikhal, Jaiharikhal, Matiyali, Bhragukhal, Chailusain, Gohri and Taal. A total area of 64 plantation sites covering 626.70 ha area was surveyed. Most of the plantation area is hilly and sloppy. The natural forests consisted of chir as predominant species along with guriyal, banj, burans, kingora, hinsalu etc. The species planted in this division is shown in the table 5.23 below.

Table 5.23 List of species planted under CAMPA in Soil Conservation Division, Lansdowne

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Acacia catechu	Khair
2.	Acacia mollisima	Wattle
3.	Adina cordifolia	Haldu
4.	Albizia lebbeck	Siras
5.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
6.	Cassia fistula	Amaltas
7.	Cedrela toona	Tun
8.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
9.	Cupressus torulosa	Surai
10.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
11.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bans
12.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
13.	Eucalyptus hybrid	Safeda
14.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
15.	Ficus religiosa	Pipal
16.	Grevillea robusta	Silver oak
17.	Mallotus phillipinensis	Rohini
18.	Mangifera indica	Aam
19.	Moringa oleifera	Sainjhana
20.	Pongamia pinnata	Kanju
21.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
22.	Purtranjiva roxburghii	Putranjiva
23.	Quercus lamellosa	Manipuri banj
24.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
25.	Sapindus mukrossi	Ritha
26.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
27.	Terminalia bellirica	Baheda

Range wise number of sample sites and area verified along with over all survival of plants are indicated in the table 5.24 A total of 64 sample sites were surveyed. It is evedent from the table 5.24 that an area of 87 ha was found deficit as surveyed with the help of GPS. The survival of plants is also very less (22%).

Table 5.24 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Soil Conservation Division, Lansdowne

Porest Porest Porest Porest Porest Porest Post Po	Name of	Sample sites	Plantation	Area in	Area	Survival of
Rikhanikhal Palligaun 2013-14 10 7 8.73		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Range Badsu 2013-14 12 10 8.41 Ocykhar 2013-14 7 7 26.23 Devkhar 2013-14 7 7 26.23 Uneri 2014-15 10 8 11.82 Valsamalla 2015-16 10 9 10.55 Sila Badsu 2015-16 10 7.55 12.91 Sinala 2015-16 10 7.55 12.91 Sinala 2015-16 10 10 28.00 Badsu 2016-17 8 8 40.57 Jaiharikhal Raitpur 2013-14 4 4 12.00 Range Kimar 2013-14 4 4 12.00 Kafaldi 2014-15 10 10 41.60 Jaletha 2014-15 10 10 20.45 Jaletha 2015-16 7 6 28.71 Jaletha 2015-16 7 6 28.71 <t< th=""><th>Range</th><th></th><th></th><th>(ha)</th><th>GPS (ha)</th><th>⁻ (%)</th></t<>	Range			(ha)	GPS (ha)	⁻ (%)
Ghotla Devkhar 2013-14 7 7 26,23 7 8 1.82 1.8	Rikhanikhal	Palligaun	2013-14	10	7	8.73
Devkhar 2013-14 12 10 5.98 11.82 10.81 13.82 13.84 13.82 13.84 13.82 13.84	Range	Badsu	2013-14	12	10	8.41
Uneri Valsamalla 2014-15 10 8 11.82 Valsamalla 2014-15 10 9 13.64 10.55 10.5		Ghotla	2013-14	7	7	26.23
Valsamalla Sila Badsu 2015-16 10 9 10.55 Valsatalla 2015-16 10 9 10.55 Valsatalla 2015-16 10 10 28.00 Badsu 2015-16 10 10 28.00 Badsu 2016-17 8 8 40.57 Jaiharikhal Raitpur 2012-13 10 10 40.60 Range Kimar 2013-14 8 5 12.25 Raitpur 2013-14 4 4 4 12.00 Kafaldi 2013-14 12 10 22.88 Kafaldi 2014-15 10 10 41.60 Jaletha 2014-15 10 10 41.60 Jaletha 2015-16 7 6 28.71 Jaletha 2015-16 7 6 28.71 Kimar 2015-16 7 6 28.71 Sagwadi 2016-17 8.20 8.20 14.67 Matiyali Jawad 2013-14 15 15 15.76 Range Diusa 2013-14 10 10 26.45 Dhari 2014-15 10 10 20.49 Dhari 2014-15 10 10 20.49 Plas 2014-15 10 10 20.49 Cahad 2015-16 10 10 34.27 Soundal 2015-16 10 10 34.27 Soundal 2015-16 12 12 40.08 Kafaldi 2016-17 8 8 31.02 Bhragukhal Range Kharduni Malli 2013-14 10 10 11.36 Range Kharduni Malli 2013-14 10 10 11.36 Phara Dhura Bharpur 2013-14 10 10 11.36 Phara Nathukhal 2015-16 10 10 20.45 Nathukhal 2015-16 10 10 20.36 Rekheda 2015-16 10 10 30.93 Pikhedi 2014-15 10 8 20.73 Range Sandaniya 2015-16 7 7 7 36.43 Arai 2012-13 10 8.21 27.18 Pata 2013-14 10 0 11.36 Chailusain Akhori 2012-13 10 8.21 27.18 Range Sandaniya 2015-16 7, 7 7 1.45 Chaira Sandaniya 2015-16 7, 5 7, 5 24.21 Chohri Umda Gap Filling 2013-14 7 7 13.36		Devkhar	2013-14	12	10	5.98
Sila Badsu 2015-16		Uneri	2014-15	10	8	11.82
Valsatalla 2015-16 10 7.55 12.91 Sinala 2015-16 10 10 28.00 Badsu 2016-17 8 8 8 40.57 Jaiharikhal Raitpur 2012-13 10 10 40.60 Range Kimar 2013-14 8 5 12.25 Raitpur 2013-14 4 4 4 12.00 Kafaldi 2014-15 10 10 41.60 Jaictha 2014-15 10 10 20.45 Jaictha 2015-16 10 10 33.18 Kimar 2015-16 10 10 33.18 Kimar 2015-16 7 6 28.71 Sagwadi 2016-17 8.20 8.20 14.67 Matiyali Jawad 2013-14 15 15 15.76 Range Diusa 2014-15 10 10 26.45 Dhari 2014-15 10 10 26.45 Dhari 2014-15 10 10 20.45 Augusta 2013-14 10 10 26.45 Dhari 2014-15 10 10 34.27 Soundal 2015-16 12 12 40.08 Kafaldi 2016-17 8 8 31.02 Bhragukhal Syalani 2015-16 12 12 40.08 Kafaldi 2016-17 8 8 31.02 Bhragukhal Syalani 2013-14 10 10 11.36 Dhura Bharpur 2013-14 10 10 11.36 Dhura Bharpur 2013-14 10 7.13 19.40 Vanchuri-1 2013-14 10 10 20.35 Range Rekeda 2015-16 10 10 30.95 Rekeda 2015-16 10 10 20.36 Rekeda 2015-16 10 10 30.96 Rekeda 2015-16 70 70 30.96 Rekeda 2015-16 70 70 30		Valsamalla	2014-15	10	9	13.64
Sinala Badsu 2015-16 10 10 28.00		Sila Badsu	2015-16	10	9	10.55
Badsu		Valsatalla	2015-16	10	7.55	12.91
Jaiharikhal Raitpur 2012-13 10 10 40.60		Sinala	2015-16	10	10	28.00
Range Kimar 2013-14 8 5 12.25 Raitpur 2013-14 4 4 12.00 Kafaldi 2013-14 4 4 12.00 Kafaldi 2014-15 10 10 22.88 Kafaldi 2014-15 10 10 20.46 Jaletha 2015-16 7 6 28.71 Jaletha 2015-16 7 6 28.71 Sagwadi 2016-17 8.20 8.20 14.67 Matiyali Jawad 2013-14 15 15 15.76 Range Diusa 2013-14 10 10 26.45 Dhari 2014-15 10 10 26.45 Dhari 2014-15 10 10 32.91 Gahad 2015-16 10 10 32.91 Barage Kafaldi 2015-16 12 12 40.08 Kafaldi 2016-17 8 8 31.02 <td></td> <td>Badsu</td> <td>2016-17</td> <td>8</td> <td>8</td> <td>40.57</td>		Badsu	2016-17	8	8	40.57
Raitpur	Jaiharikhal	Raitpur	2012-13	10	10	40.60
Kafaldi	Range	Kimar	2013-14	8	5	12.25
Kafaldi		Raitpur	2013-14	4	4	12.00
Jaletha Jawad Jaletha		Kafaldi	2013-14	12	10	22.88
Jaletha Kimar 2015-16 7		Kafaldi	2014-15	10	10	41.60
Kimar Sagwadi 2015-16 2016-17 7 8.20 8.20 14.67 Matiyali Jawad 2013-14 15 15 15.76 Range Diusa 2013-14 10 10 26.45 Dhari 2014-15 10 10 10 40.64 Plas 2014-15 10 10 10 34.27 Soundal 2015-16 10 10 34.27 30.02 Soundal 2015-16 12 12 12 40.08 40.08 Kafaldi 2016-17 8 8 8 31.02 31.02 5.62 22.36 Range Kharduni Malli 2013-14 10 10 11.36 11.36 Dhura Bharpur 2013-14 10 10 10 11.36 Nathukhal 2013-14 10 10 7.13 19.40 40.64 Wanchuri-I 2013-14 10 10 7.13 19.40		Jaletha	2014-15	10	10	20.45
Matiyali Jawad 2016-17 8.20 8.20 14.67 Range Diusa 2013-14 15 15 15.76 Range Diusa 2013-14 10 10 26.45 Dhari 2014-15 10 10 40.64 Plas 2014-15 10 10 23.91 Gahad 2015-16 10 10 34.27 Soundal 2015-16 12 12 40.08 Kafaldi 2016-17 8 8 31.02 Bhragukhal Syalani 2012-13 10 5.62 22.36 Range Kharduni Malli 2013-14 10 10 11.36 Dhura Bharpur 2013-14 10 7.13 19.40 Vanchuri-I 2013-14 10 7.13 19.40 Vanchuri-I 2013-14 9 6 43.64 Mawasa 2014-15 10 8 20.73 Pilkhedi 2015-16		Jaletha	2015-16	10	10	33.18
Matiyali Jawad 2013-14 15 15 15.76 Range Diusa 2013-14 10 10 26.45 Dhari 2014-15 10 10 40.64 Plas 2014-15 10 10 23.91 Gahad 2015-16 10 10 34.27 Soundal 2015-16 12 12 40.08 Kafaldi 2016-17 8 8 31.02 Bhragukhal Syalani 2012-13 10 5.62 22.36 Range Kharduni Malli 2013-14 10 10 11.36 Range Kharduni Malli 2013-14 10 10 11.36 Natukhal 2013-14 10 7.13 19.40 Vanchuri-I 2013-14 10 7.13 19.40 Vanchuri-I 2013-14 9 6 43.64 Mawasa 2014-15 10 8 20.73 Pilkhedi 2014-15		Kimar	2015-16	7	6	28.71
Range Diusa 2013-14 10 10 26.45 Dhari 2014-15 10 10 40.64 Plas 2014-15 10 10 23.91 Gahad 2015-16 10 10 34.27 Soundal 2015-16 12 12 40.08 Kafaldi 2016-17 8 8 31.02 Bhragukhal Syalani 2012-13 10 5.62 22.36 Range Kharduni Malli 2013-14 10 10 11.36 Dhura Bharpur 2013-14 10 10 11.36 Nathukhal 2013-14 10 7.13 19.40 Vanchuri-I 2013-14 10 7.13 19.40 Vanchuri-I 2013-14 10 7.13 19.40 Vanchuri-I 2013-14 9 6 43.64 Mawasa 2014-15 10 8 20.73 Pilkhedi 2014-15 10 10		Sagwadi	2016-17	8.20	8.20	14.67
Range Diusa Dhari 2013-14 10 10 26.45 Plas 2014-15 10 10 40.64 Plas 2014-15 10 10 23.91 Gahad 2015-16 12 12 40.08 Kafaldi 2015-16 12 12 40.08 Kafaldi 2016-17 8 8 31.02 Bhragukhal Syalani 2012-13 10 5.62 22.36 Range Kharduni Malli 2013-14 10 10 11.36 Dhura Bharpur 2013-14 10 10 11.36 Nathukhal 2013-14 10 7.13 19.40 Vanchuri-1 2013-14 10 7.13 19.40 Vanchuri-1 2013-14 9 6 43.64 Mawasa 2014-15 10 8 20.73 Pilkhedi 2014-15 10 10 20.45 Nathukhal 2015-16 10 10	Matiyali	Jawad	2013-14	15	15	15.76
Dhari	-	Diusa	2013-14	10	10	26.45
Plas	G	Dhari	2014-15	10	10	40.64
Gahad 2015-16 10 10 34.27 Soundal 2015-16 12 12 40.08 Kafaldi 2016-17 8 8 31.02 Bhragukhal Syalani 2012-13 10 5.62 22.36 Range Kharduni Malli 2013-14 10 10 11.36 Dhura Bharpur 2013-14 12 12 30.76 Nathukhal 2013-14 10 7.13 19.40 Vanchuri-I 2013-14 10 7.13 19.40 Vanchuri-I 2013-14 9 6 43.64 Mawasa 2014-15 10 8 20.73 Pilkhedi 2014-15 10 10 20.45 Nathukhal 2015-16 10 10 20.36 Rekheda 2015-16 10 10 33.09 Pathola 2015-16 7 7 36.43 Narai 2016-17 10 8 36.27 Chailusain Akhori 2012-13 12 9 13.33 Range Sandaniya 2012-13 10 5 11.27 Nail 2012-13 10 8.21 27.18 Pata 2012-13 11 10 13.72 Barsudi 2013-14 10 6 28.36 Sural Goun 2014-15 10 7,50 11.45 Suradi 2014-15 10 7,50 11.45 Sandaniya 2015-16 7,5 7,5 24.21 Gohri Umda Gap Filling 2013-14 10 5 30.10 Range Mala 2013-14 7 7 13.36			2014-15	10	10	
Soundal Kafaldi 2015-16 12 12 40.08 Kafaldi 2016-17 8 8 8 31.02 8 8 8 31.02 8 8 8 31.02 8 8 8 8 31.02 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		Gahad	2015-16	10	10	
Bhragukhal Syalani 2012-13 10 5.62 22.36		Soundal	2015-16	12	12	
Range Kharduni Malli 2013-14 10 10 11.36 Dhura Bharpur 2013-14 12 12 30.76 Nathukhal 2013-14 10 7.13 19.40 Vanchuri-I 2013-14 9 6 43.64 Mawasa 2014-15 10 8 20.73 Pilkhedi 2014-15 10 10 20.45 Nathukhal 2015-16 10 10 20.36 Rekheda 2015-16 10 10 33.09 Pathola 2015-16 7 7 36.43 Narai 2016-17 10 8 36.27 Chailusain Akhori 2012-13 12 9 13.33 Range Sandaniya 2012-13 10 5 11.27 Nail 2012-13 10 8.21 27.18 Pata 2012-13 11 10 13.72 Barsudi 2013-14 10 6 28.		Kafaldi	2016-17	8	8	31.02
Range Kharduni Malli 2013-14 10 10 11.36 Dhura Bharpur 2013-14 12 12 30.76 Nathukhal 2013-14 10 7.13 19.40 Vanchuri-I 2013-14 9 6 43.64 Mawasa 2014-15 10 8 20.73 Pilkhedi 2014-15 10 10 20.45 Nathukhal 2015-16 10 10 20.36 Rekheda 2015-16 10 10 33.09 Pathola 2015-16 7 7 36.43 Narai 2016-17 10 8 36.27 Chailusain Akhori 2012-13 12 9 13.33 Range Sandaniya 2012-13 10 5 11.27 Nail 2012-13 10 8.21 27.18 Pata 2014-15 10 6 28.36 Sural Goun 2013-14 10 6 2	Bhragukhal	Syalani	2012-13	10	5.62	22.36
Dhura Bharpur 2013-14 12 12 30.76 Nathukhal 2013-14 10 7.13 19.40 Vanchuri-I 2013-14 9 6 43.64 Mawasa 2014-15 10 8 20.73 Pilkhedi 2014-15 10 10 20.45 Nathukhal 2015-16 10 10 20.36 Rekheda 2015-16 10 10 33.09 Pathola 2015-16 7 7 36.43 Narai 2016-17 10 8 36.27 Chailusain Akhori 2012-13 12 9 13.33 Range Sandaniya 2012-13 10 5 11.27 Nail 2012-13 10 8.21 27.18 Pata 2012-13 11 10 13.72 Barsudi 2013-14 10 6 28.36 Suradi 2014-15 10 7.50 11.45 Chwara 2014-15 10 7 14.45 Sandaniya 2015-16 7.5 7.5 24.21 Gohri Umda Gap Filling 2013-14 10 5 30.10 Range Mala 2013-14 7 7 13.36	_	Kharduni Malli	2013-14	10	10	11.36
Nathukhal 2013-14 10 7.13 19.40 Vanchuri-I 2013-14 9 6 43.64 Mawasa 2014-15 10 8 20.73 Pilkhedi 2014-15 10 10 20.45 Nathukhal 2015-16 10 10 20.36 Rekheda 2015-16 10 10 33.09 Pathola 2015-16 7 7 36.43 Narai 2016-17 10 8 36.27 Chailusain Akhori 2012-13 12 9 13.33 Range Sandaniya 2012-13 10 5 11.27 Nail 2012-13 10 8.21 27.18 Pata 2012-13 11 10 13.72 Barsudi 2013-14 10 6 28.36 Sural Goun 2013-14 10 6 28.36 Suradi 2014-15 10 7.50 11.45 Chwara 2014-15 10 7.50 11.45 Chwara 2015-16 7.5 7.5 24.21 Gohri Umda Gap Filling 2013-14 10 5 30.10 Range Mala 2013-14 7 7 13.36	G	Dhura Bharpur	2013-14	12	12	30.76
Vanchuri-I 2013-14 9 6 43.64 Mawasa 2014-15 10 8 20.73 Pilkhedi 2014-15 10 10 20.45 Nathukhal 2015-16 10 10 20.36 Rekheda 2015-16 10 10 33.09 Pathola 2015-16 7 7 36.43 Narai 2016-17 10 8 36.27 Chailusain Akhori 2012-13 12 9 13.33 Range Sandaniya 2012-13 10 5 11.27 Nail 2012-13 10 8.21 27.18 Pata 2012-13 11 10 13.72 Barsudi 2012-13 11 10 13.72 Barsudi 2013-14 10 6 28.36 Sural Goun 2013-14 10 7.50 11.45 Chwara 2014-15 10 7.50 11.45 Chwara 2015-16 7.5 7.5 24.21 Gohri <		-	2013-14	10	7.13	19.40
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Rekheda 2015-16 10 10 33.09 Pathola 2015-16 7 7 36.43 Narai 2016-17 10 8 36.27 Chailusain Akhori 2012-13 12 9 13.33 Range Sandaniya 2012-13 10 5 11.27 Nail 2012-13 10 8.21 27.18 Pata 2012-13 11 10 13.72 Barsudi 2013-14 10 6 28.36 Sural Goun 2013-14 10 10 13.45 Suradi 2014-15 10 7.50 11.45 Chwara 2014-15 10 7 14.45 Sandaniya 2015-16 7.5 7.5 24.21 Gohri Umda Gap Filling 2013-14 10 5 30.10 Range Mala 2013-14 7 7 13.36		Nathukhal		10	10	
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Range Sandaniya 2012-13 10 5 11.27 Nail 2012-13 10 8.21 27.18 Pata 2012-13 11 10 13.72 Barsudi 2013-14 10 6 28.36 Sural Goun 2013-14 10 10 13.45 Suradi 2014-15 10 7.50 11.45 Chwara 2014-15 10 7 14.45 Sandaniya 2015-16 7.5 7.5 24.21 Gohri Umda Gap Filling 2013-14 10 5 30.10 Range Mala 2013-14 7 7 13.36		Narai	2016-17	10	8	36.27
Nail 2012-13 10 8.21 27.18 Pata 2012-13 11 10 13.72 Barsudi 2013-14 10 6 28.36 Sural Goun 2013-14 10 10 13.45 Suradi 2014-15 10 7.50 11.45 Chwara 2014-15 10 7 14.45 Sandaniya 2015-16 7.5 7.5 24.21 Gohri Umda Gap Filling 2013-14 10 5 30.10 Range Mala 2013-14 7 7 13.36	Chailusain	Akhori	2012-13	12	9	13.33
Nail 2012-13 10 8.21 27.18 Pata 2012-13 11 10 13.72 Barsudi 2013-14 10 6 28.36 Sural Goun 2013-14 10 10 13.45 Suradi 2014-15 10 7.50 11.45 Chwara 2014-15 10 7 14.45 Sandaniya 2015-16 7.5 7.5 24.21 Gohri Umda Gap Filling 2013-14 10 5 30.10 Range Mala 2013-14 7 7 13.36	Range	Sandaniya	2012-13	10	5	
Barsudi 2013-14 10 6 28.36 Sural Goun 2013-14 10 10 13.45 Suradi 2014-15 10 7.50 11.45 Chwara 2014-15 10 7 14.45 Sandaniya 2015-16 7.5 7.5 24.21 Gohri Umda Gap Filling 2013-14 10 5 30.10 Range Mala 2013-14 7 7 13.36		•	2012-13	10	8.21	
Sural Goun 2013-14 10 10 13.45 Suradi 2014-15 10 7.50 11.45 Chwara 2014-15 10 7 14.45 Sandaniya 2015-16 7.5 7.5 24.21 Gohri Umda Gap Filling 2013-14 10 5 30.10 Range Mala 2013-14 7 7 13.36		Pata	2012-13	11	10	13.72
Suradi 2014-15 10 7.50 11.45 Chwara 2014-15 10 7 14.45 Sandaniya 2015-16 7.5 7.5 24.21 Gohri Umda Gap Filling 2013-14 10 5 30.10 Range Mala 2013-14 7 7 13.36		Barsudi	2013-14	10	6	28.36
Suradi 2014-15 10 7.50 11.45 Chwara 2014-15 10 7 14.45 Sandaniya 2015-16 7.5 7.5 24.21 Gohri Umda Gap Filling 2013-14 10 5 30.10 Range Mala 2013-14 7 7 13.36		Sural Goun	2013-14	10	10	13.45
Chwara 2014-15 10 7 14.45 Sandaniya 2015-16 7.5 7.5 24.21 Gohri Umda Gap Filling 2013-14 10 5 30.10 Range Mala 2013-14 7 7 13.36		Suradi	2014-15	10	7.50	
Sandaniya 2015-16 7.5 7.5 24.21 Gohri Umda Gap Filling 2013-14 10 5 30.10 Range Mala 2013-14 7 7 13.36						
Gohri Umda Gap Filling 2013-14 10 5 30.10 Range Mala 2013-14 7 7 13.36					7.5	
Range Mala 2013-14 7 7 13.36	Gohri	•				
		-				
	Ü	Pamba				30.65

	Jogiana	2013-14	9	9	28.08
	Maral	2013-14	8	8	7.05
	Naugoun Malla	2014-15	10	7	15.55
	Bhadasi	2014-15	10	10	25.18
	Naugoun-II	2015-16	10	7.50	12.18
	Juldy	2015-16	10	8.30	24.18
	Patli	2016-17	8	8	21.02
Taal Range	Bhawasi-II	2013-14	9	9	20.91
_	Bahawasi-III	2013-14	16	16	11.36
	Talla Banash	2014-15	8	5.50	22.50
	Maroda	2014-15	15	15	25.03
	Udda	2015-16	10	5	13.09
	Malla Banash	2015-16	10	5	18
	Ramjiwala	2015-16	10	10	17.09
	Talla Banash	2016-17	8	6	22.73
	Total		626.7	542.01	22.11

5.13 Bageshwar Forest Division

Monitoring and evaluation of plantation under CAMPA scheme in 5 ranges of Bageshwar Forest Division viz. Garhkhet, Baijnath, Kopkot, Dhamardhar and Bageshwar Ranges were conducted. A total of 42 plantation sites covering an area of 300 hectare were surveyed. The species planted under CAMPA plantation is given below (table 5.25).

Table 5.25 List of species planted under CAMPA in Bageshwar Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Acacia catechu	Khair
2.	Acacia mollisima	Wattle
3.	Adina cordifolia	Haldu
4.	Albizia lebbeck	Siras
5.	Alnus nitida	Utis
6.	Bassia butyracea	Chuira
7.	Bauhinia purpurea	Guiral
8.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
9.	Cassia fistula	Amaltas
10.	Cedrela toona	Tun
11.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
12.	Crataegus crulata	Gingaru
13.	Cupressus torulosa	Surai
14.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
15.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bans
16.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
17.	Eucalyptus hybrid	Safeda
18.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
19.	Ficus religiosa	Pipal
20.	Grevillea robusta	Silver oak
21.	Mallotus phillipinensis	Rohini

22.	Mangifera indica	Aam
23.	Moringa oleifera	Sainjhana
24.	Morus alba	Shahtoot
25.	Ougeinia oojenesis	Sandan
26.	Pongamia pinnata	Kanju
27.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
28.	Psidium guajava	Amrud
29.	Punica granatum	Anar
30.	Purtranjiva roxburghii	Putranjiva
31.	Quercus lamellose	Manipuri banj
32.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
33.	Quercus floribunda	Faliyat
34.	Sapindus mukrossi	Ritha
35.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
36.	Taxus baccata	Thuner
37.	Terminalia belllirica	Baheda
38.	Terminalia chebula	Harad

Range wise number of sample sites and area verified along with over all survival of plants are indicated in the table 5.26. A total of 42 sample sites were surveyed. It is evedent from the table that an area of 64.42 ha was found deficit as surveyed with the help of GPS. The survival of plants is also very less (25%).

Table 5.26 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Bageashwar Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Gharkhet	Jhakera Van Panchayat	2012-13	5.0	5.0	11.60
Range	North Khabdoli C.No. 26	2013-14	5.0	5.0	30.55
	Semar Van Panchayat	2014-15	8.04	8.04	27.84
	Kulau C.No. 12	2014-15	2.0	2.0	34.09
	Wajula C.No. 5	2014-15	7.0	5.67	45.19
	Wajula C.No. 4	2014-15	5.0	5.0	52.00
	South Khabdoli C.No. 28	2015-16	5.0	5.0	48.18
	South Khabdoli C.No. 19 Part-I	2016-17	7.0	4.0	44.29
	Kulau C.No. 20	2016-17	9.8	9.8	36.36
Baijnath	Rolinya Van Panchayat	2013-14	10.0	6.16	13.18
Range	Anna Van Panchayat	2014-15	12.6	9.33	30.63
	Nauta Van Panchayat	2014-15	4.91	3	12.74
	Kansyari Van Panchayat	2014-15	10.0	10.0	45.36
	Muthu to Patli Motar Marg	2015-16	10.0 Km	10.0 Km	7.27
	Kulaun C.No. 31	2016-17	17.042	17.042	10.10
Dharamghar	Simkuna Van Panchayat	2012-13	10.0	5.29	3.75
Range	Chakjamini Van Panchayat	2014-15	4.15	4.15	23.44
	Hudam C.No. 5	2014-15	10.57	10.57	28.76
	Paisiya Civil	2015-16	8.30	6.0	27.62
	Haldwani C.No.3	2016-17	3.754	3.754	29.33
	Dasholi C.No. 2 B	2016-17	10.0	10.0	37.09

Glacier	Naukodi Van Panchayat	2014-15	10.0	10.0	21.82
Range	Naukodi Van Panchayat	2014-15	6.31	5.0	8.64
Range	•	2014-15	3.20	3.20	
	Kilpara Civil				17.30
	Choura Civil	2015-16	4.0	4.0	10.45
Kapkot	Jatarkot Civil	2012-13	5.0	2.37	7.70
Range	Parmati Van Panchayat	2014-15	8.08	6.38	22.85
	Basani Van Panchayat	2014-15	12.29	5.0	4.85
	Bhayu Van Panchayat	2014-15	2.0	2.0	2.27
	Kiroli Civil	2015-16	4.40	4.40	55.23
	Churiya Civil	2015-16	7.50	7.68	6.04
	Poling Civil	2016-17	8.732	8.732	1.92
Bageshwar	Ujeda Civil	2012-13	5.0	3.53	4.40
Range	Dhuraphat C.No. 2 B	2013-14	5.0	4.0	31.64
	Einna Civil	2013-14	5.89	5.89	10.28
	Amarsarkot Van Panchayat	2014-15	4.0	3.32	41.82
	Harbad Civil	2015-16	7.5	4.0	39.32
	Tehsil Campus Kafligair	2015-16	3.0	2.0	41.21
	Harbad Civil	2015-16	6.5	3.76	32.74
	South Khabdoli C. No. 6	2016-17	4.95	3.47	40.75
	South Khabdoli C. No. 9	2016-17	9.25	6.28	20.61
	Anarsa C.No. 2	2016-17	12.624	6.15	29.17
	Total		300.39	235.96	25.00

5.14 Nainital Forest Division

A total of 7 forest ranges of Nainital Forest Division viz., Manora Range, Bhowali Range, Kosi Range, North Gola Range, South Gola Range, Barhon Range and Naina were surveyed for CAMPA plantation monitoring. Twenty two (22) plantation sites and an area of 158.305 hectare was surveyted in Nainital Forest Division. The native forest composition consisted of chir, banj, surai, jamun, kaul, Khina, burans etc. The species planted under CAMPA in this division are shown in table 5.27 below.

Table 5.27 List of species planted under CAMPA in Nainital Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Acer oblongum	Putli
2.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
3.	Alnus nitida	Utis
4.	Arundinaria falcata	Bans/ Ringal
5.	Bauhinia purpurea	Guiral
6.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
7.	Cassia fistula	Amaltas
8.	Cedrela toona	Tun
9.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
10.	Cotoneaster bacillaris	Ruinsh
11.	Pyracantha crulata	Gingaru
12.	Cupressus torulosa	Surai
13.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
14.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga

15.	Ficus infectoria	Timla
16.	Grevillea robusta	Silver oak
17.	Jacranda mimosifolia	Jacranda
18.	Juglans regia	Akhrot
19.	Plumeria spp.	Champa
20.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
21.	Pyrus pashia	Mahel
22.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
23.	Quercus semecarpifolia	Kharsu
24.	Quercus spp.	Faliyat
25.	Rubus ellipticus	Hisalu
26.	Sapindus mukrossi	Ritha
27.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun

Range wise number of sample sites and area verified along with over all survival of plants are indicated in the table 5.28. A total of 22 sample sites were surveyed. It is evedent from the table 5.28 that an area of 21 ha was found deficit as surveyed with the help of GPS. The survival of plants is also very less (27%).

Table 5.28 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Nainital Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Manora Range	Mangoli Compartment No. 6-9 Rusi Compartment No. 2 Mora Compartment No. 4	2014-15 2016-17 2014-15	10.0 4.29 10.0	7.0 4.29 10.0	30.45 28.21 51.18
Bhowali Range	Bohrakot Van Panchayat Majeda Van Panchayat	2016-17 2013-14	9.99 4.5	9.99 4.5	32.71 18.40
Kosi Range	Odabaskot Civil Saud Van Panchayat Saud Van Panchayat	2016-17 2016-17 2016-17 2016-17 2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2016-17	10.8 8.70 2.90 5.53 2.205 4.50 12.0 9.72	10.80 8.70 2.90 5.53 2.205 4.50 12.0 9.72	22.31 21.21 21.59 20.78 23.41 19.40 26.42 39.10
North Gola Range	Natadol Van Panchayat Morpatiyudi Compartment No. 14 Mehtoliya Van Panchayat Mehtoliya Van Panchayat Kilor Van Panchayat Manarsha Chiyoli Civil	2014-15 2013-14 2016-17 2012-13 2012-13 2016-17	11.60 13.50 5.0 3.0 3.0 7.56	6.23 7.92 5.0 3.0 3.61	25.39 17.16 44.40 40.91 28.33 2.33
South Gola Range	Dalkanya Civil	2016-17	6.64	5.16	30.16
Barhon Range	Babiyad Civil	2016-17	2.87	1.26	11.56
Naina Range	Adhoda Compartment No. 6A	2015-16	10.0	10.0	37.64
	Total		158.30	137.31	26.95

5.15 Rudraprayag Forest Division

A total of 126 sites covering an area of 685 ha were surveyed for monitoring of CAMPA plantation in Rudrapyarag forest division. The CAMPA plantation was undertaken in 5 forest ranges of Rudraprayag forest division. There is variation of types of forests in this division. At the lower elevation, tropical forests are distributed which are dominated by khair, shisham, kanju etc. At sub-tropical type, chir is predominant species along with banj in shaddy areas, on higher elevation; banj and deodar are predominant species at temperate type. The list of species planted under CAMPA is shown in the table 5.29 below.

Table 5.29 List of species planted under CAMPA in Rudraprayag Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
2.	Cedrela toona	Toon
3.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
4.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bans
5.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
6.	Leucaena leucocephala	Subabul
7.	Mangifera indica	Aam
8.	Morus alba	Shahtoot
9.	Psidium guajava	Amrood
10.	Pyrus pashia	Mehal
11.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
12.	Rubinia pseudocasia	Rubinia
13.	Syzygium cuminii	Jamun
14.	Terminalia bellirica	Baheda
15.	Terminalia chebula	Harad

Table 5.30 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Rudraprayag Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Augastmuni/	Karokhi Civil	2013-14	6.84	6.84	4.25
Guptkashi	Sansari	2014-15	3.80	1.723	9.39
Range	Kandara Civil	2015-16	6	6	12.42
	Quaja	2015-16	6	6	14.39
	Kokhandi	2013-14	11.38	11.38	28.45
	Swari Civil	2013-14	11.86	11.86	13.68
	Chopta Civil	2013-14	11.03	11.03	13.14
	Ukhroli Civil	2015-16	5	5	34.36
	Nari Civil	2015-16	5	5	30.00
	Babayi Civil	2013-14	5.12	5.12	0.00
	Rampur Civil	2014-15	2.00	2.00	48.18
	Rumsi Civil	2013-14	12.60	12.60	28.92
	Rumsi (Nagjai)	2013-14	8.29	8.29	14.68
	Kund/Singoli	2014-15	3.155	3.155	68.18

	Nagjai Salya	2013-14	12	8	20.83
	Basti Civil	2013-14	12	12	41.54
	Basti Civil	2013-14	15	15	20.13
	Jamu	2014-15	6.50	6.50	39.26
	Ravi Gram Van Panchayat	2014-15	6.50	6.50	60.15
	Khadiya Van Panchayat	2014-15	6.50	6.50	24.85
	Viyong	2014-15	7	7	40.91
	Neyalshu Civil	2014-15	6.24	6.24	43.63
	Jaal	2014-15	7.48	7.48	27.66
	oaai	2014-10	7.40	7.40	21.00
Rudraprayag	Ratura Civil	2013-14	12.658	5.160	26.54
Range	Pokhri Civil	2013-14	5	2.843	24.95
Range	Ratura Civil	2013-14	2.25	1.770	24.49
	Ratura Civil	2014-15	4.70	2.00 6.370	27.06
	Ratura Van Panchayat	2013-14	11.29		21.45
	Soladari Tok	2015-16	2.841	1.00	58.62
	Ratura Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.528	2.295	34.19
	Ratura Civil Van Badhethi Tok	2016-17	1.138	1.138	36.42
	Ghuar Pokharsari Lagga	2013-14	5.40	5.40	46.55
	Dungri Civil Bajain	2016-17	7	4.34	47.40
	Barsu Civil	2013-14	12.60	8.85	16.30
	Khairpani Civil	2016-17	7.509	7.509	45.59
	Maroda Civil	2013-14	13	13	30.08
	Kandalagga Marodha Civil	2013-14	2.80	2.80	43.21
	Maroda Civil	2015-16	1.73	1.73	32.84
	Kot Lagga Chandragudi Civil Van	2014-15	7	4.62	16.29
	Chingwar Civil Part I	2016-17	10	10	42.09
	Chingwar Civil Part 2	2016-17	10.779	10.779	39.18
	Chungawadh Civil Van Dhagpat Tok		12.861	12.861	43.34
	Chungawadh Civil Kanda Tok	2016-17	4.715	2.88	28.19
	Khadi Civil	2013-14	5.40	5.40	12.80
	Dhanpur, Dobh DH-II 8C	2013-14	3	3	48
	Kot Civil	2013-14	10.75	10.75	17.24
	Bitha Tok	2016-17	9	4.50	30.68
	Jakholi Gair Tok	2016-17	12	12	33.64
	Gulab Rai	2014-15	4.90	4.90	27
	Pokharsaari	2016-17	4.38	2.15	47.27
	Chatikhal	2013-14	15	15	17.30
G 41	W 41 O1 11	2012 14	4.00	0	10.76
South	Koti Civil	2013-14	4.82	2	18.76
Jakholi	Ghadra Civil	2013-14	0.676	0.676	28.99
	Lounga C.No 13	2014-15	5	1.30	40.00
	Lounga C.No 10	2014-15	10	3	38.55
	Budhna Civil	2014-15	1.92	0.50	38.64
	Tyunkhar Civil	2014-15	1.10	0.56	25.95
	Budhna Civil	2015-16	0.20	0.20	34.55
	Gorti to Tyunkhar	2015-16	1.54	1.54	25.93
	Mamdi to Palakurali	2015-16	2	2	24.84
	Mamdi to Palakurali	2015-16	2.64	2.64	26.40
	Mamdi to Palakurali	2015-16	2.80	1.00	30.47
	Narsing Compartment No-5	2013-14	10	6.17	20.70

	Narsingh C.No4	2013-14	10	10	45.99
	Lounga Civil	2013-14	7.11	2.18	10.57
	Lounga C.No1(A)	2015-16	5	3.49	26.55
	Bhadanga Civil	2013-14	6	4.54	9.08
	Lounga C.No19	2014-15	6.914	2.40	34.24
	Choki Barshir	2013-14	1.80	1.80	40
	Khurji Band Choki Barshir	2015-16	1.28	1.28	11.57
	Lounga C.No1 (A)	2015-16	4	4	14.77
	Sumadi Civil	2013-14	1.846	1.846	28.76
	Sumadi Civil	2015-16	2.071	2.071	37.66
	Sumadi to Upper Sumadi	2015-16	1.25	1.25	20.33
	Antholi Civil-I	2013-14	11.60	8.16	41.86
	Antholi Civil-II	2013-14	9.37	9.37	40.22
	Jakhal C.No3 (A)	2013-14	10	2.63	26.60
	Jakhal Civil	2013-14	3.734	3.734	30.22
	Jawari-2	2013-14	4.49	4.49	26.18
		2015-14	1.06	1.06	16.66
	Jawari to Mayalsu Jawari-1	2013-16	2.07	2.07	
	Jawari-1 Jawari Civil	2015-14			21.45
			0.17	0.17	31.02
	Sonda Civil	2013-14	7.65	7.65	12.79
	Sonda to Mathiyalkal	2015-16	2.46	2.46	13.16
	Sonda to Mathiyalkal	2015-16	3	3	12.21
	Timli-I	2013-14	8.40	8.40	8.82
	Timli-II	2013-14	7.20	7.20	17.08
	Bhardarigarh C.No5	2014-15	5	5	32
North	Mawadgoan Gorti Civil	2013-14	6	6	23.83
Jakholi	Mawadgoan Civil	2013-14	3.286	3.286	11.31
	Kumdi Civil	2013-14	2.378	2.378	15
	Kulliai Civii	2010-14			
	Bhimli Civil	2016-17	4.05	4.05	53.96
				4.05 3.375	
	Bhimli Civil	2016-17	4.05		53.96
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil	2016-17 2013-14	4.05 3.375	3.375	53.96 16.71
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14	4.05 3.375 0.859	3.375 0.859	53.96 16.71 51.80
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585	3.375 0.859 0.585	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil Dobalya Civil	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 2.700 1.85	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 1.75	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49 4.26 18.71
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil Dobalya Civil Jakholi Civil Sem Civil	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 2.700 1.85 3.300	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 1.75 1.85 3.300	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49 4.26 18.71 12.12
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil Dobalya Civil Jakholi Civil Sem Civil Jakhani C.No3	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 2.700 1.85 3.300 2.40	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 1.75 1.85 3.300 2.40	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49 4.26 18.71 12.12 27.83
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil Dobalya Civil Jakholi Civil Sem Civil Jakhani C.No3 Kurchola Van Panchayat	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 2.700 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 1.75 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49 4.26 18.71 12.12 27.83 2.25
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil Dobalya Civil Jakholi Civil Sem Civil Jakhani C.No3 Kurchola Van Panchayat Panjana C.No9	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 2.700 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 1.75 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49 4.26 18.71 12.12 27.83 2.25 40.40
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil Dobalya Civil Jakholi Civil Sem Civil Jakhani C.No3 Kurchola Van Panchayat Panjana C.No9 Kurchola to Jamukhal	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 2.700 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 1.75 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49 4.26 18.71 12.12 27.83 2.25 40.40 24.38
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil Dobalya Civil Jakholi Civil Sem Civil Jakhani C.No3 Kurchola Van Panchayat Panjana C.No9 Kurchola to Jamukhal Kurcholla Civil	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2013-14	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 2.700 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 1.75 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49 4.26 18.71 12.12 27.83 2.25 40.40 24.38 60.16
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil Dobalya Civil Jakholi Civil Sem Civil Jakhani C.No3 Kurchola Van Panchayat Panjana C.No9 Kurchola to Jamukhal Kurcholla Civil Sogna Civil	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-16 2013-14	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 2.700 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 8.40	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 1.75 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 3.40	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49 4.26 18.71 12.12 27.83 2.25 40.40 24.38 60.16 21.63
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil Dobalya Civil Jakholi Civil Sem Civil Jakhani C.No3 Kurchola Van Panchayat Panjana C.No9 Kurchola to Jamukhal Kurcholla Civil Sogna Civil	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 2.700 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 8.40 0.90	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 1.75 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 3.40 0.90	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49 4.26 18.71 12.12 27.83 2.25 40.40 24.38 60.16 21.63 47.27
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil Dobalya Civil Jakholi Civil Sem Civil Jakhani C.No3 Kurchola Van Panchayat Panjana C.No9 Kurchola to Jamukhal Kurcholla Civil Sogna Civil Syur Civil	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2013-14 2014-15 2014-15	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 2.700 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 8.40 0.90 0.944	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 1.75 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 3.40 0.90 0.944	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49 4.26 18.71 12.12 27.83 2.25 40.40 24.38 60.16 21.63 47.27 4.53
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil Dobalya Civil Jakholi Civil Sem Civil Jakhani C.No3 Kurchola Van Panchayat Panjana C.No9 Kurchola to Jamukhal Kurcholla Civil Sogna Civil Syur Civil Dangi Civil Rayadu to Arkhund	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2015-16	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 2.700 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 8.40 0.90 0.944 2.63	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 1.75 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 3.40 0.90 0.944 2.63	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49 4.26 18.71 12.12 27.83 2.25 40.40 24.38 60.16 21.63 47.27 4.53 6.25
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil Dobalya Civil Jakholi Civil Sem Civil Jakhani C.No3 Kurchola Van Panchayat Panjana C.No9 Kurchola to Jamukhal Kurcholla Civil Sogna Civil Syur Civil Dangi Civil Rayadu to Arkhund Kyank to Barsudi	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2013-14 2014-15 2014-15 2015-16 2015-16	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 2.700 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 8.40 0.90 0.944 2.63 0.98	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 1.75 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 3.40 0.90 0.944 2.63 0.98	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49 4.26 18.71 12.12 27.83 2.25 40.40 24.38 60.16 21.63 47.27 4.53 6.25 6.89
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil Dobalya Civil Jakholi Civil Sem Civil Jakhani C.No3 Kurchola Van Panchayat Panjana C.No9 Kurchola to Jamukhal Kurcholla Civil Sogna Civil Syur Civil Dangi Civil Rayadu to Arkhund Kyank to Barsudi Baksir	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2015-16 2015-16 2015-16 2015-16	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 2.700 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 8.40 0.90 0.944 2.63 0.98 2.520	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 1.75 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 3.40 0.90 0.944 2.63 0.98 2.520	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49 4.26 18.71 12.12 27.83 2.25 40.40 24.38 60.16 21.63 47.27 4.53 6.25 6.89 5.14
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil Dobalya Civil Jakholi Civil Sem Civil Jakhani C.No3 Kurchola Van Panchayat Panjana C.No9 Kurchola to Jamukhal Kurcholla Civil Sogna Civil Syur Civil Dangi Civil Rayadu to Arkhund Kyank to Barsudi Baksir Badani Compartment 6	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2013-14 2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2015-16 2013-14	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 2.700 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 8.40 0.90 0.944 2.63 0.98 2.520 5.198	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 1.75 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 3.40 0.90 0.944 2.63 0.98 2.520 5.198	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49 4.26 18.71 12.12 27.83 2.25 40.40 24.38 60.16 21.63 47.27 4.53 6.25 6.89 5.14 9.26
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil Dobalya Civil Jakholi Civil Sem Civil Jakhani C.No3 Kurchola Van Panchayat Panjana C.No9 Kurchola to Jamukhal Kurcholla Civil Sogna Civil Syur Civil Dangi Civil Rayadu to Arkhund Kyank to Barsudi Baksir Badani Compartment 6 Kot Jhakhawari	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-16 2013-14 2013-16 2013-14 2013-14 2013-16 2015-16 2015-16 2013-14 2013-14	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 2.700 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 8.40 0.90 0.944 2.63 0.98 2.520 5.198 3.7	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 1.75 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 3.40 0.90 0.944 2.63 0.98 2.520 5.198 3.7	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49 4.26 18.71 12.12 27.83 2.25 40.40 24.38 60.16 21.63 47.27 4.53 6.25 6.89 5.14 9.26 20.68
	Bhimli Civil Bandortoli Civil Jelly Civil Musadang Chaka Civil Dobalya Civil Jakholi Civil Sem Civil Jakhani C.No3 Kurchola Van Panchayat Panjana C.No9 Kurchola to Jamukhal Kurcholla Civil Sogna Civil Syur Civil Dangi Civil Rayadu to Arkhund Kyank to Barsudi Baksir Badani Compartment 6	2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2013-14 2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2015-16 2013-14	4.05 3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 2.700 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 8.40 0.90 0.944 2.63 0.98 2.520 5.198	3.375 0.859 0.585 0.720 1.75 1.85 3.300 2.40 1.250 10 0.90 1.250 3.40 0.90 0.944 2.63 0.98 2.520 5.198	53.96 16.71 51.80 13.42 5.49 4.26 18.71 12.12 27.83 2.25 40.40 24.38 60.16 21.63 47.27 4.53 6.25 6.89 5.14 9.26

Kakhara	Chatikhal Compartment-1	2013-14	15	15	25.60
110(11110(10)	*				
Range	Kakhara Civil Bhatrakhal Tok	2014-15	0.500	0.500	9.65
	Kakhara Civil Bhatrakhal Tok	2013-14	0.208	0.208	22.16
	Norkota Civil Suradi Tok	2014-15	1.25	1.25	9.45
	Surakhal-2 Siyari Matar Marg Patch-1	2015-16	3.31	3.31	31.22
	Surakhal-2 Siyari Motar Marg Patch-2	2015-16	2.91	2.91	36.31
	Surakhal-2 Siyari Motar Marg Patch-3	2015-16	7.30	3.76	16.80
	Surakhal-2 Siyari Motar Marg Patch-4	2015-16	1.43	1.43	16.26
	Chonda Civil Muchkandi Tok	2014-15	7.20	7.20	12.31
	Maduchonda Civil Chakalya Tok	2013-14	0.424	0.424	16.86
	Margoan Civil Mandala Tok	2015-16	0.60	0.60	24.00
	North Khirshu C.No8	2014-15	13.72	4.15	30.70
		Total	685.2	575.5	26.44

It is evident from table 5.30 that an area of 110 ha area is found to be less than recorded plantation area during the GPS survey. The survival of plants is very less (26.44%).

5.16 Nainital Soil Conservation Division

Nainital Soil Conservation division has 5 forest ranges namely, Chaugad, Ramgarh, Betalghat, Mukteshwar and Okhalkhanda where CAMPA plantations were undertaken. The natural forests consist of moist hill sal and its associated species. Chir-banj forests are distributed at higher elevation in sub-tropical and temperate type of forests. The species planted under CAMPA are shown in the table below.

Table 5.31 List of species planted under CAMPA in Nainital Soil Conservation Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Bauhinia purpurea	Guiral
2.	Boehmeria rugulosa	Genti
3.	Buddleja asiatica	Dhudhia
4.	Cassia fistula	Amaltas
5.	Cedrela toona	Tun
6.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
7.	Cinnamomum tamala	Tejpatta
8.	Pyracantha crenulata	Gingaru
9.	Cupressus torulosa	Surai
10.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bans
11.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
12.	Ficus infectoria	Timla
13.	Grevillea robusta	Silver oak
14.	Grewia optiva	Bhimal
15.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
16.	Sapindus mukrossi	Ritha
17.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
18.	Terminalia tomentosa	Sain

Table 5.32 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Nainital Soil Conservation Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Chaugad	Amiya Van Panchayat Tok Ana	2015-16	2.0	2.0	37.00
Range	Bhaursha Van Panchayat	2015-16	4.0	4.0	33.75
	Banna Van Panchayat	2015-16	4.0	4.0	31.50
	Banna Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	5.0	34.40
	Pinrow Van Panchayat Haidakhan Van Panchayat Murkuriya	2016-17 2015-16	5.0 10.0	5.0 10.0	20.40 32.70
Ramgarh Range	Dhari Ulgaur Van Panchayat Jangliyagaon Van Panchayat	2015-16 2016-17	14.0 5.0	14.0 3.37	17.57 13.60
Betalghat Range	Naugaon Van Panchayat Sonli Van Panchayat Joshikhola Van Panchayat Dadima Van Panchayat Pali Van Panchayat	2012-13 2015-16 2015-16 2016-17 2012-13	10.0 10.0 5.0 5.0	10.0 10.0 5.0 5.0 7.62	29.10 20.40 23.20 10.80 5.10
	Ghanghreti Van Panchayat	2012-13	5.0	5.0	23.60
Mukteshwar Range	Letibunga Van Panchayat Roljangar Van Panchayat Sarna Van Panchayat	2015-16 2015-16 2016-17	10.0 5.0 6.0	10.0 5.0 4.38	35.10 18.80 36.33
Okhalkanda Range	Putgaon Van Panchayat Putgaon Civil Kalaagar Van Panchayat Nartola Van Panchayat	2016-17 2012-13 2014-15 2015-16	5.0 10.0 10.0 10.0	5.0 10.0 10.0 10.0	38.40 25.90 41.60 16.70
	Total		150	144.37	25.99

It is evedent from the above table that 5.63 ha area was found less than the recorded area when the area was marked by the GPS. The average survival of plants is 25.99% which is found to be poor.

5.17 Civil & Soyam Forest Division, Almora

Monitoring and evaluation of plantation were conducted under CAMPA scheme in 6 ranges of Civil & Soyam Forest Division, Almora viz. Chaubutiya, Kosi, Lamgara, Gananath, Jageshwar and Kanarichhina. A total of 30 plantation sites and 150 hectare area were surveyed in the Division. The native vegetation of plantation's sites are dominated by chir. Banj is also found mixed with chir in some localities. The species planted under CAMPA are shown in the following table.

Table 5.33 List of species planted under CAMPA in Civil & Soyam Forest Division Forest Division, Almora

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Acacia mollisima	Wattle
2.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
3.	Alnus nitida	Utis
4.	Bauhinia purpurea	Guiral
5.	Boehmeria rugulosa	Genti
6.	Buddleja asiatica	Dhudhia

_		A 1:
7.	Cassia fistula	Amaltas
8.	Cedrela toona	Tun
9.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
10.	Celtis australis	Kharik
11.	Cinnamomum tamala	Tejpatta
12.	Pyracantha crenulata	Gingaru
13.	Cupressus torulosa	Surai
14.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bans
15.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
16.	Ficus infectoria	Timla
17.	Grevillea robusta	Silver oak
18.	Grewia optiva	Bhimal
19.	Leucaena azadirachta	Subabul
20.	Melia azedarach	Bakain
21.	Morus alba	Shahtoot
22.	Prunus armeniaca	Khumani
23.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
24.	Pyrus pashia	Mahel
25.	Quercus floribunda	Faliyant
26.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
27.	Salix tetrasperma	Salix
28.	Sapindus mukrossi	Ritha
29.	- Syzygium cumini	Jamun
30.	Terminalia tomentosa	Sain
31.	Platycladus orientalis	Morpankhi
	ū	•

Range wise survival and plantation area verified by GPS is shown in the table 5.34.

Table 5.34 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Civil & Soyam Forest Division Forest Division, Almora

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Chaubutiya	Kanda Civil	2012-13	3.0	3.0	37.33
Range	Vayadi Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	2.0	15.27
	Vishalkot Van Panchayat	2016-17	4.0	2.0	16.82
	Shehro Van Panchayat	2016-17	6.0	3.0	40.00
Kosi Range	Dhadsemi Van Panchayat	2016-17	6.0	4.48	52.12
Lamgara	Chiratimaniya Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	3.15	44.18
Range	Jayati Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	5.0	17.82
	Sandhanshu Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	2.0	19.27
Gananath	Kotyuda Van Panchayat	2015-16	5.0	3.68	41.09
Range	Bhasudi Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	2.50	7.64
	Malera Van Panchayat-I	2016-17	3.0	2.28	30.30
	Malera Van Panchayat-II	2016-17	3.0	2.0	16.97
	Jakhshuda Van Panchayat-II	2016-17	4.50	4.50	32.30

Jageshwar	Maanu-1	2016-17	5.0	5.0	7.45
Range	Maanu-2	2016-17	6.50	6.50	4.08
Kanarichhin	a Mangalta Civil	2016-17	8.0	3.64	7.84
Range	Pokhri Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	3.0	42.36
	Total		84	57.73	25.46

Seventeen sites were sampled for data collection. It is cleared from the table 5.34 that 26.27 ha area was found less than recorded plantation area. The survival of plants is found to be poor (25.46%).

5.18 Pithoragarh Forest Division

A total of 7 forest ranges of Pithoragarh Forest Division have been surveyed viz., Dharchula, Askot, Didihat, Munsiyari, Berinag, Gangolihat and Pithoragarh. A total of 70 plantation sites with an area of 477.35 ha and 10 km were surveyed for monitoring of CAMPA plantations in Pithoragarh Forest Division. The native forest species consisted of banj, burans, kail, deodar, chir, kafal, mahel etc. The species planted under CAMPA are shown in the following table.

Table 5.35 List of species planted under CAMPA in Pithoragarh Forest Division

	1 1	9	
Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name	
1.	Aesculus indica	Pangar	
2.	Alnus nitida	Utis	
3.	Arundinaria fulcata	Ringal	
4.	Bauhinia purpurea	Guiral	
5.	Cedrela toona	Tun	
6.	Cinnamomum tamala	Tejpatta	
7.	Pyracantha crenulata	Gingaru	
8.	Cupressus torulosa	Surai	
9.	Diploknema butyracea	Chura	
10.	Hydrangea altissima	Kathmoda	
11.	Leucaena leucocephala	Subabul	
12.	Populus cilata	Poplar	
13.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam	
14.	Pyrus pashia	Mahel	
15.	Quercus floribunda	Faliyant	
16.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj	
17.	Salix tetrasperma	Salix	

Table 5.36 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Pithoragarh Forest Division

Name of	Sample sites	Plantation	Area in	Area	Survival of
Forest		year	Journal	marked by	plants
Range			(ha)	GPS (ha)	(%)
Dharchula	Jaikot Van Panchayat I	2012-13	9.0	7.24	57.33
Range	Jaikot Van Panchayat II	2012-13	9.0	5.1	27.11
	Jaikot Van Panchayat Tok	2016-17	10.0	5.79	28.05
	Durga Mandap				
	Sungdum Gampanga Tok	2016-17	10.0	10.0	41.80
	Jhimirgaun Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	3.0	41.50
	Bhatkhana Van Panchayat hectare	2012-13	9.0	6.1	10.28
	Puraich Van Panchayat	2014-15	5.0	3.85	39.13
Askot Range	Helpiya Van Panchayat I	2016-17	5.0	5.0	26.8
	Bheliya Bagdihat Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	5.0	36.00
	Kimkhola Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	5.0	26.80
	Saily Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	5.0	15.20
	Lekhsalla Bajani Van Panchayat	2014-15	5.0	3.73	23.50
	Lekhsalla Bajani Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	5.0	35.20
	Kanda Van Panchayat	2015-16	5.0	5.0	43.20
	Kanda Van Panchayat	2014-15	5.0	5.0	23.25
	Sera Van Panchayat	2015-16	5.0	5.0	36.40
	Lumati Van Panchayat	2015-16	5.0	5.0	35.20
Didihat	Lamghar part I	2012-13	10.0	6.2	9.05
Range	Lamghar part II	2012-13	10.0	10.0	9.05
	Lamghar Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	5.0	26.80
	Jadapani Compartment 5D	2012-13	5.0	5.0	14.55
	Devchula Compartment 5D	2012-13	5.0	5.0	22.36
	Devchula Compartment 5E	2012-13	5.0	5.0	21.82
	Kholikanyuri Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	3.1	27.20
	Dangti Civil	2012-13	5.0	3.08	15.63
	Dangti Van Panchayat	2012-13	5.0	5.0	4.13
	Jethigaon Civil Jadiyagad Tok Part I	2016-17	7.0	4.20	30.50
	Jethigaon Civil Jadiyagad Tok Part II	2016-17	7.5	5.46	31.20
	Jethigaon Civil Gawani Tok Part I	2016-17	7.0	4.65	29.79
	Jethigaon Civil Gawani Tok Part II	2016-17	7.0	3.95	31.00
	Jethigaon Civil Gawana Tok Part III	2016-17	7.5	7.5	30.67
	Talimirthi	2013-14	5.0	3.29	19.60
	Humkapita	2013-14	5.0	5.0	19.20
	Hatharp Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	3.37	43.60
	Chowki Van Panchayat Part I	2015-16	2.0	2.0	6.0
	Chowki Van Panchayat Part II	2015-16	4.35	3.59	25.01
	Udai Van Panchayat	2014-15	5.0	5.0	19.13
	Badalchamu Van Panchayat	2012-13	5.0	4.0	6.25
Munsiyari	Van Panchayat Raiya	2012-13	10.0	8.37	11.30
Range	Van Panchayat Tala Bhaiskot	2012-13	10.0	10.0	14.00
	Van Panchayat Hupli	2012-13	10.0	10.0	10.50
	Huma Compartment No. 3	2013-14	5.0	5.0	17.40
	Van Panchayat Harkot	2014-15	5.0	3.0	13.80
	Van Panchayat Harkot	2016-17	5.0	5.0	34.00
	Van Panchayat Hokra II	2012-13	11.0	8.64	5.86

	Van Panchayat Hokra I Van Panchayat Khoyam Van Panchayat Quiti Van Panchayat Gini	2012-13 2016-17 2016-17 2012-13	10.0 20.0 13.0 10.0	10.0 15.20 11.70 10.0	2.85 32.15 12.69 9.36
Berinag Range	Dasauli Van Panchayat Dasauli Compartment No.2 Khamlek Compartment No.9 Khamlek Compartment No.8 Gadera Bisht Civil II Berinag Puranathal Motor Marg Pilkhi Van Panchayat Pausa Van Panchayat Sukliyani Ukhliya Civil	2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2012-13 2016-17 2013-14 2012-13 2013-14 2016-17	5.0 5.0 10.0 10.0 6.0 10.0 8.0 5.0	5.0 5.0 10.0 10.0 4.24 10.0 5.44 5.0 5.0	20.88 25.00 31.60 37.09 35.33 11.02 15.75 24.88 37.30
Gangolihat Range	Kothera Civil II Kothera Civil II Lamkeshwar Compartment No.3 Kanaura Civil Surkhal Civil Ghanjari Civil) Kuntola Civil Podhar Compartment No.5 Part I Podhar Compartment No.5 Part II Chwdiyar Van Panchayat Lamkeshwar Compartment No. 5 Basukinag Compartment No. 11	2016-17 2016-17 2013-14 2016-17 2016-17 2012-13 2016-17 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15 2012-13 2016-17	5.0 5.0 5.0 10.0 10.0 5.0 10.0 5.0 5.0 10.0	5.0 3.0 5.0 10.0 10.0 4.20 10.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.19	30.50 30.63 16.20 35.15 35.05 4.80 10.50 17.40 16.20 15.63 29.28 30.80
Pithoragarh Range	Madkhadayat Van Panchayat Madkhadayat Van Panchayat Madkhadayat Van Panchayat Chandak Reserve Compartment No. Totanaula Van Panchayat Totanaula Sinkholi Civil Saudlekh Compartment No. 5 Kanharipabhan Van Panchayat Totanaula Tok Ratamata Wadda Adkini Road Plantation Madsaun Chaudigad Van Panchayat) Devdar Van Panchayat Khadkini Van Panchayat Khadkini Van Panchayat Pattharkhani Van Panchayat Devdar Van Panchayat Tatharkhani Van Panchayat Devdar Van Panchayat Thakledar Beat Compartment No. 8 Gogna Civil Tok Baithiyadhar I Gogna Civil Tok Dhanadidhar Thakledar Compartment No. 1 Thakledar Compartment No. 1	2015-16 2014-15 2014-15 2012-13 1, 2 2016-17 2012-13 2012-13 2012-13 2012-13 2012-13 2013-14 2015-16 2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2015-16 2015-16 2015-16 2015-16 2015-16 2015-16 2015-16 2015-16 2015-16 2015-16 2015-16	5.0 10.0 5.0 10.0 10.0 16.0 10.54 5.0 10.0 5.0 5.0 10.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	5.0 10.0 5 10 10 16 10.54 5.0 10.0 15.6 10.0 3.47 3.34 10.0 5.0 10.0 5.0 4.0 5.0 4.0 5.0 4.0 5.0 5.0 4.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5	35.92 4.86 36.16 6.60 32.20 28.64 39.13 32.27 40.30 35.92 31.92 52.53 44.88 48.62 6.33 52.12 38.88 43.32 50.48 50.87 30.55 24.43 11.95 31.50 10.24

Total		755.22	670.12	26.91
Khatigaun Civil	2012-13	5.0	3.13	15.42
Bans Maitoli Van Panchayat	2012-13	10.0	10.0	17.52
Chupkot se Jamradi Motormarg	2012-13	3.33	3.33	37.76
Madsaun Van Panchayat	2012-13	10.0	10.0	43.63
Saudlekh Compartment No. 6	2013-14	5.0	3.48	30.9
Totanaula Supokhara Van Panchayat	2012-13	20.0	14.18	27.39
Bamandhaun Compartment No. 1	2012-13	5.0	5.0	52.56
Thakledar Compartment No. 5	2013-14	5.0	5.0	71.24
Gurna Compartment No. 2	2013-14	5.0	2.52	17.46

It is cleared from the above table that 104 plantation's sites were surveyed for monitoring of plantation in Pithoragarh Forest Division. An area of 85 ha was found less than the recorded plantation area. The survival of plants is found very less (26.91%).

5.19 Champawat Forest Division

A total of 6 Ranges of Champawat Forest Division viz., Devidhura, Bhingrada, Lohaghat, Kali Kumaun, Champawat, and Boom were monitored under CAMPA project. A total of 61 plantation sites with an area of 410 hectare area were surveyed in Champawat Forest Division. The native forest species consisted of banj, burans, kafal, jamun, mahel etc. The species planted under CAMPA in the division are indicated in the table below.

Table 5.37 List of species planted under CAMPA in Champawat Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
2.	Alnus nitida	Utis
3.	Arundinaria fulcata	Ringal
4.	Bauhinia purpurea	Guiral
5.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
6.	Grewia optiva	Bhimal
7.	Hydrangea altissima	Kathmoda
8.	Leucaena leucocephala	Subabul
9.	Myrica nagi	Kafal
10.	Phoebe lanceolata	Bhedue
11.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
12.	Pyrus pashia	Mahel
13.	Quercus floribunda	Faliyant
14.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
15.	Quercus semecarpifolia	Kharsu
16.	Robinia pseudocasia	Robinia
17.	Sapindus mukrossi	Ritha

Table 5.38 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Champawat Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Devidhura	Kulaun Van Panchayat	2015-16	5.0	1.81	17.20
Range	Dholi Gaon Civil	2015-16	5.4	2.0	6.73
	Batoliya Civil	2015-16	4.09	2.39	9.78
	Batoliya Civil	2015-16	4.32	2.23	11.36
	Batoliya Van Panchayat	2012-13	5.0	0.88	8.40
	Dardoli Van Panchayat	2014-15	10.0	3.27	28.91
	Anarpa Civil	2015-16	6.48	3.26	9.69
	Dechmar Van Panchayat	2015-16	6.0	6.0	37.73
	Bhadoliya Compartment No.8	2014-15	10.	5.68	42.18
	Kimari Civil	2015-16	4.0	2.89	51.59
Bhingrada	Sakdena Compartment No. 3	2015-16	10.0	6.87	42.27
Range	Sakdena Compartment No. 3	2014-15	10.0	5.45	41.18
	Mandevi Compartment No.2	2014-15	6.0	6.0	56.67
	Chauda Khayali Civil	2014-15	5.0	5.0	49.90
	Pashchimi Pal Vilaun Compartment No. 39	2014-15	8.0	4.87	48.52

Lohaghat	Edakot Bhumlai Civil	2014-15	13.0	5.25	46.12
Range	Rudramali Civil	2016-17	2.34	2.34	63.64
	Dungrabaku Compartment No. 5 II	2016-17	2.40	0.76	37.73
	Dungrabaku Compartment No. 15	2014-15	5.0	2.35	14.50
	Koyati Van Panchayat	2014-15	10.0	3.63	30.90
	Koyati Van Panchayat II	2016-17	4.8	1.43	31.82
	Koyati Van Panchayat III	2016-17	2.4	0.77	26.82
Kali	Bapru Reserve	2014-15	5.0	5.0	71.82
Kumaun	Barakot Civil	2014-15	4.0	4.0	63.63
Range	Mayu Van Panchayat	2016-17	8.34	8.34	58.07
	Pamda Civil	2015-16	6.3	6.3	55.76
	Pamda Van Panchayat	2015-16	10.0	10.0	43.44
	Tadag Van Panchayat	2016-17	6.0	6.0	52.33
	Vedaodh Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	5.0	51.60
	Chulape Civil	2014-15	10.0	10.0	43.90
	Talla Bapru Van Panchayat	2015-16	5.0	5.0	54.40
	Maulani Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	5.0	50.00
	Chami Van Panchayat	2012-13	10.0	10.0	32.89
	Chami Van Panchayat	2016-17	6.0	6.0	36.67
	Poorvi Cheeda Compartment No. 12		10.0	10.0	48.55
	Suteda Van Panchayat	2016-17	6.0	6.0	48.67
	Cheeda Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.64	5.64	65.81
	Cheeda Van Panchayat	2012-13	18.0	18.0	44.11
	Hichauda Van Panchayat	2015-16	10.0	10.0	57.11
	Mau Van Panchayat	2014-15	2.66	2.66	36.02
	Puniyal Van Panchayat	2014-15	5.0	5.0	52.38
	Puniyal Van Panchayat	2015-16	5.0	5.0	50.80
Champawat	Dudh Pokhra Civil	2014-15	4.0	1.12	6.50
Range	Chauki Van Panchayat	2015-16	5.0	2.26	33.20
	Birmola Van Panchayat	2015-16	10.0	4.17	00.00
	Ninodi Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	3.0	17.20
	Punethi Van Panchayat	2015-16	2.7	2.7	51.38
	Birmola Van Panchayat	2014-15	10.5	3.52	1.38
	Naghan Van Panchayat	2016-17	6.0	2.0	48.67
	Churakhark Van Panchayat	2015-16	5.0	0.87	61.60
	Dhakna Darja I Van Panchayat	2012-13	5.0	3.74	30.75
	Dhakna Darja I Van Panchayat	2013-14	10.0	10.0	15.44
	Dhakna Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	2.18	40.00
	Bastriya Majheda Van Panchayat	2013-14	10.0	10.0	34.80
	Nayal Patthar Maun Van Panchayat	2013-14	10.0	10.0	0.00
	Mudiyani Part 2 Van Panchayat	2016-17	6.0	2.66	49.33
	Swala Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	3.14	31.60
	Mudiyani Van Panchayat	2015-16	5.0	5.0	48.00
	Cheedapani Compartment No. 2	2016-17	3.27	3.27	50.04
Boom Range	-	2012-13	10.0	10.0	33.50
	Kalsandev Compartment No. 1 A	2013-14	10.0	10.0	47.64
	Total		409.64	307.7	38.24

It is seen from the table 5.38 that the average survival of plants in the division is 38.24%. The area surveyed by GPS was found less than the recorded plantation area by $100 \, \text{ha}$.

5.20 Haldwani Forest Division

Sharda range of Haldwani Forest Division was surveyed. The monitoring of CAMPA plantation was carried out by FRI team in 3 plantation sites with an area of 116 hectare was covered in Haldwani Forest Division. The native forest vegetation on the site is khair, shisham, kanju, gutel etc. List of species planted under CAMPA plantation is given below.

Table 5.39 List of species planted under CAMPA in Haldwani Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Acacia catechu	Khair
2.	Albizia lebbeck	Siris
3.	Azadirachta indica	Neem
4.	Bombax ceiba	Semal
5.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
6.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
7.	Holoptelea integrifolia	Kanju
8.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
9.	Terminalia chebula	Harad
10.	Terminalia tomentosa	Sain

Table 5.40 below shows that Sharda range has implemented CAMPA plantation in three sites. The survival of plants is 35.72%.

Table 5.40 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Haldwani Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Sharda	Sharda Tapu No. 37	2015-16	63.00	63.00	51.78
Range	Sharda Tapu No. 35 & 38 (Middle)	2014-15	25.00	25.00	7.92
	Sharda Tapu No. 36	2015-16	28.00	28.00	47.46
	Total		116.00	116.00	35.72

5.21 Tarai East Forest Division

A total of 9 forest ranges of Tarai East Forest Division were surveyed in the report viz. Khatima, Dauli, Kilpura, Gola, Kishanpur, Barakoli, Surai, South Jolasal and Jolasal. An area of 305.16 hectare and 16 plantation sites were covered under Tarai East Forest Division. The native vegetation in the plantation sites are jamun, khair, eucalyptus, teak, sal, dhauli, amla, amaltas, babul etc. The predominant species is sal. The list of species planted under CAMPA is given as under.

Table 5.41 List of species planted under CAMPA in Tarai East Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Acacia catechu	Khair
2.	Acacia nilotica	Babul
3.	Adina cordifolia	Haldu
4.	Aegle marmelos	Bel
5.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
6.	Ailanthus excels	Maharukh
7.	Albizia lebbeck	Siris
8.	Artocarpus lacucha	Borah
9.	Asparagus racemosus	Shatawar
10.	Azadirachta indica	Neem
11.	Bauhunia variegate	Kachnar
12.	Berberis asiatica	Kilmora
13.	Bombax cieba	Semal
14.	Cassia fistula	Amaltas
15.	Dalbergia latifolia	Kala shisham
16.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
17.	Delonix regia	Gulmohar
18.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bamboo
19.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
20.	Ficus religiosa	Pipal
21.	Holarrhena antidysenterica	Inderjhao
22.	Holoptelea integrifolia	Kanju
23.	Jacranda mimosifolia	Jacranda
24.	Lagerstroemia parviflora	Dhauli
25.	Lannea coromandelica	Jhingan
26.	Madhuca latifolia	Mahua
27.	Mallotus phillipinensis	Rohini
28.	Melia dubia	Bakain
29.	Pongamia pinnata	Kanji
30.	Psidium guajava	Amrud
31.	Putranjiva roxburghii	Puranjiva
32.	Sapindus mukrosii	Ritha
33.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
34.	Tamarindus indica	Imli
35.	Tectona grandis	Sagwan
36.	Terminalia arjuna	Arjun
37.	Terminalia chebula	Harad
38.	Terminalia elliptica	Asna
39.	Terminalia tomentosa	Sain
40.	Trewia nudiflora	Gutel

Table 5.42 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Tarai East Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Khatima Range	South Banbasa Compartment No. 1 Chini Compartment No. 3 North Banbasa Compartment No. 5	2016-17 2012-13 2016-17	10.0 30.0 20.0	8.02 30.0 20.0	75.00 24.85 26.73
Dauli Range	Kot Khara South A Kot Khara South A N-1 Kot Khara South Plot 1D ABC	2016-17 2012-13 2016-17	14.0 28.0 10.0	14.0 28.0 10.0	54.10 47.46 49.78
Kilpura Range	Pashchimi Kilpura Plot No. 1 Dugadi Block 1 Beat Mandir Kilpura Dugali Block 1C	2012-13 2012-13 2012-13 2016-17	17.50 35.00 20.00 30.00	14.14 23 20.00 30.00	52.62 25.45 21.25 23.80
Gola Range	Golarokhar Plot No. 2	2016-17	40.50	40.50	59.46
Kishanpur Range	Gola 3A Plot No. 12	2016-17	7.50	3.82	52.27
Barakoli Range	Barakoli A Plot No. 52	2015-16	14.65	14.65	60.93
Surai Range	Kakara - 10	2016-17	10.0	10.0	78.14
Jolasal Range	Purvi Jolasal Compartment No. 8	2016-17	8.0	8.0	66.25
	Total		305.15	284.13	48.76

Table 5.42 revealed that there was shortage of 21 ha area when the area was verified by GPS. The survival of plants is 48.76%.

5.22 Tarai West Forest Division

CAMPA plantations in Tarai West Forest Division were made in 7 forest ranges viz. Aamphokhra, Bannakheda, Belpadav, Kashipur, North Jaspur, Ramnagar and South Jaspur. A total of 26 plantation sites with 409 hectare area were covered in Tarai West Forest Division. The native vegetation consisted of sal (*Shorea robusta*) as predominant species and it's associated like Terminalias, *Holoptelea intgerifolia, Adina cordifolia, Lagerstroemia parviflora* etc. and revrain forests of shisham and khair. The species planted under CAMPA are shown in the following table.

Table 5.43 List of species planted under CAMPA in Tarai West Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Acacia catechu	Khair
2.	Acacia nilotica	Babul
3.	Adina cordifolia	Haldu
4.	Aegle marmelos	Bel
5.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
6.	Ailanthus excelsa	Maharukh
7.	Albizia lebbeck	Siris
8.	Artocarpus lacucha	Borah
9.	Asparagus racemosus	Shatawar

10.	Azadirachta indica	Neem
11.	Bauhunia variegata	Kachnar
12.	Berberis asiatica	Kilmora
13.	Bombax cieba	Semal
14.	Cassia fistula	Amaltas
15.	Dalbergia latifolia	Kala shisham
16.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
17.	Delonix regia	Gulmohar
18.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bamboo
19.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
20.	Eucalyptus hybrid	Safeda
21.	Ficus religiosa	Pipal
22.	Holarrhena antidysentrica	Inderjhao
23.	Holoptelea integrifolia	Kanju
24.	Jacranda mimosifolia	Jacranda
25.	Lagerstroemia parviflora	Dhauli
26.	Lannea coromandelica	Jhingan
27.	Madhuca latifolia	Mahua
28.	Mallotus phillipinensis	Rohini
29.	Melia dubia	Bakain
30.	Pithecellobium dulce	Jangle jalebi
31.	Pongamia pinnata	Kanji
32.	Psidium gujava	Amrud
33.	Putranjiva roxburghii	Puranjiva
34.	Sapindus mukrosii	Ritha
35.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
36.	Tamarindus indica	Imli
37.	Tectona grandis	Sagwan
38.	Terminalia arjuna	Arjun
39.	Terminalia chebula	Harad
40.	Terminalia elliptica	Asna
41.	Terminalia tomentosa	Sain
42.	Trewia nudiflora	Gutel
43.	Zizyphus mauritiana	Ber

Table 5.44 shows the survival of plants, survey of sample plantation's sites and area surveyed by GPS. The average survival of plants was estimated as 48.71% of the division.

Table 5.44 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Tarai West Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Aampokhra Range	Shivnathpur 33A Shivnathpur Plot No-11 Shivnathpur Plot No- 12 Shivnathpur - 3 Shivnathpur 15	2015-16 2015-16 2015-16 2015-16 2015-16	10.0 15.0 20.0 7.0 15.0	10.0 15.0 17.0 7.0 15.0	49.45 50.40 45.04 73.14 52.55
Bannakheda Range	Purvi Dhamola plot no. 28 Berhaini 62 Belpadao - 08 Belpadao - 28	2015-16 2016-17 2015-16 2016-17	10.0 29.2 30.0 38.0	10.0 29.2 30.0 38.0	45.40 45.12 55.12 59.49
Belpadav Range	Barua- 19 Gabua 8 Gabua-29	2012-13 2016-17 2016-17	5.0 10.0 15.0	5.0 10.0 15.0	50.50 56.60 52.00
Kashipur Range	Kashipur Thakurdwara Motor Marg	2015-16	3.0	3.0	61.82
North Jaspur Range	Jaspur Compartment No- 51 B Part-I Jaspur Compartment No- 51 A Jaspur Compartment No- 21 B	2014-15 2016-17 2014-15	12.0 10.8 12.0	12.0 10.8 12.0	50.13 60.27 52.10
Ramnagar Range	Upper Kosi Block Guljarpur Plot- 9 Part-II	2015-16 2012-13	50.0 12.0	50.0 12.0	26.05 39.29
South Jaspur Range	Jaspur Compartment No- 30 A Jaspur Compartment No- 28 (5) Shivrajpur Plot No-02 Jaspur Compartment No- 30 B Jaspur Compartment No- 22 Jaspur Compartment No- 22 Kripacharjpur Part-I Kripacharjpur Compartment No- 19	2015-16 2012-13 2012-13 2017-18 2013-14 2016-17 2017-18 2017-18	20.0 10.0 14.0 20.0 15.0 6.0 10.0	20.0 10.0 14.0 20.0 15.0 6.0 10.0	40.15 45.00 35.21 40.88 41.80 41.52 47.36 50.05
	Total		409	406	48.71

5.23 Ramnagar Forest Division

CAMPA plantation in Ramnagar Forest Division was carried out in 4 ranges viz. Fatehpur, Kaladungi, Kosi- Raji and Ramnagar range. A total of 7 plantation sites with 66 hectare area were surveyed in Ramnagar Forest Division. The natural forests consisted of sal as predominant species with associated species in different types of forests. Sissoo-Khair forest is distributed along river sides. The following species were found planted in the division.

Table 5.45 List of species planted under CAMPA in Ramnagar Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Albizia lebbeck	Siris
2.	Azadirachta indica	Neem
3.	Bauhunia variegata	Kachnar
4.	Bombax cieba	Semal
5.	Cassia fistula	Amaltas
6.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham

7.	Delonix regia	Gulmohar
8.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bamboo
9.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
10.	Ficus religiosa	Pipal
11.	Ficus virens	Pilkhan
12.	Helicterus isora	Marorphali
13.	Holoptelea integrifolia	Kanju
14.	Lannea coromandelica	Jhingan
15.	Madhuca latifolia	Mahua
16.	Mallotus phillipinensis	Rohini
17.	Mangifera indica	Mango
18.	Millettia pinnata	Totta
19.	Pithecellobium dulce	Jangle jalebi
20.	Pongamia pinnata	Kanji
21.	Psidium guajava	Amrud
22.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
		damun
23.	Tamarindus indica	Imli
23. 24.	Tamarindus indica Tectona grandis	
		Imli
24.	Tectona grandis	Imli Sagwan
24. 25.	Tectona grandis Terminalia arjuna	Imli Sagwan Arjun
24.25.26.	Tectona grandis Terminalia arjuna Terminalia bellirica	Imli Sagwan Arjun Baheda
24.25.26.27.	Tectona grandis Terminalia arjuna Terminalia bellirica Terminalia chebula	Imli Sagwan Arjun Baheda Harad
24.25.26.27.28.	Tectona grandis Terminalia arjuna Terminalia bellirica Terminalia chebula Terminalia tomentosa	Imli Sagwan Arjun Baheda Harad Sain

Table 5.46 Below revealed the actual area of plantation, survival of plants. The survival of plants is 40.44%

Table 5.46 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Ramnagar Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Fatehpur Range	Kaligarh Compartment No- 3	2016-17	10.0	10.0	49.91
Kaladungi Range	Nihal Tarai Block Compartment No- 2C	2016-17	10.0	10.0	37.00
Kosi- Raji	Bhallon Compartment No-4	2016-17	6.0	4.0	46.06
Range	Dhulva Compartment No- 4B	2016-17	20.0	20.0	32.03
	Bhallon Compartment No- 6B	2016-17	6.0	6.0	31.82
	Bhallon Compartment No- 5A	2016-17	6.0	6.0	43.79
Ramnagar	Guljarpur Plot- 9 Part-I	2012-13	8.0	8.0	42.50
Range					
	Total		66	64	40.44

5.24 Ramnagar Soil Consrvation Division

CAMPA plantation in Ramnagar Soil Conservation Division was carried out in 5 forest ranges viz. Abhiyantrik, Dhumakot, Nainidanda, Ringlana and Salt. A total of 25 plantation sites with 181 hectare area were covered in Ramnagar Soil Conservation Division. The natural forests consisted of sal as predominant species with associated species in different types of forests. Sissoo-Khair forest is distributed along river sides. On high altitude chir-banj forests is distributed. The following species were found planted in the division.

Table 5.47 List of species planted under CAMPA in Ramnagar Soil Conservation Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Acacia mollisima	Wattle
2.	Albizia lebbeck	Siris
3.	Bauhinia purpurea	Gurial
4.	Bauhunia variegata	Kachnar
5.	Bombax cieba	Semal
6.	Cassia fistula	Amaltas
7.	Cedrela toona	Toon
8.	Cinnamomum tamala	Tejpatta
9.	Delonix regia	Gulmohar
10.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bamboo
11.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
12.	Grevillea robusta	Silver oak
13.	Holoptelea integrifolia	Kanju
14.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
15.	Psidium guajava	Amrud
16.	Pyrus pashia	Mahel
17.	Quercus leucotrichphora	Banj
18.	Sapindus mukrosii	Ritha
19.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
20.	Tamarindus indica	Imli
21.	Terminalia arjuna	Arjun
22.	Terminalia bellrica	Baheda
23.	Terminalia chebula	Harad

The survival of plants, sampled sites and area surveyed by GPS is shown in the table 5.48 below:

Table 5.48 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Ramnagar Soil Conservation Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Abhiyantrik Range	Sarpatta Van Panchayat Tok Talli Cango Jihar Van Panchayat Tok Talda	2012-13 2012-13	5.0 6.0	2.0 2.0	28.00 24.00
1101120	Khatoli Van Panchayat Tok Satlok	2014-15	8.0	6.0	31.75
	Charikyari Van Panchayat Tok Malla Bagad	2015-16	5.0	5.0	53.20
	Asron Malla Van Panchayat Tok Darshanpani	2015-16	5.0	5.0	51.80
Dhumakot	Devaldhar Tok Bakhriya Pani	2012-13	10.0	10.0	51.20
Range	Satkholu Van Panchayat	2015-16	7.0	7.0	47.14
	Babliayani Van Panchayat	2016-17	7.0	7.0	28.71
Nainidanda	Bamankhatta Uniyal Moskhen Tok	2012-13	4.0	4.0	27.93
Range	Badyo Van Panchayat Tok Buglarn Kafligair Tok Van Panchayat Khutda Talla	2016-17	7.0	7.0 5.0	25.57 35.62
	Dhangal Gaon Civil	2013-10	8.0 10.0	10.0	22.47
Ringlana	Mathali Silk Tok Piplighair	2012-13	5.0	5.0	21.48
Range	Mathli Silk Tok Dollyachal	2012-13	5.0	5.0	28.02
	Dalla-1	2012-13	5.0	5.0	30.40
	Tollu Danda 4	2013-14	13.0	13.0	38.09
	Tollu Danda Van Panchayat	2014-15	12.0	12.0	32.72
	Rajbo Talla Van Panchayat Karthiya Van Panchayat 1	2014-15 2014-15	9.0 4.0	9.0 4.0	32.53 26.15
	Tollu Danda Compartment no. 3	2014-13	13.0	13.0	37.17
Salt Range	Punakot Van Panchayat Tok Khatta	2015-16	5.0	5.0	38.25
Jhalla	Gadkot Van Panchayat Tok Kafligher	2014-15	7.0	7.0	33.93
Dhaiya	Gadkot Malla Van Panchayat Tok	2015-16	6.0	6.0	25.33
	Bandrayan Van Panchayat Tok Gunsarkhal	2012-13	5.0	5.0	46.90
	Jhargaon Civil Tok Pudiyal Bakhali	2012-13	10.0	10.0	43.07
	Total		181	169	34.46

The average survival of plants is found 34.46%. An area of 12 ha was found less than recorded plantation area when it was surveyed by GPS (table 5.48)

5.25 Ranikhet Soil Conservation Forest Division

CAMPA plantations in Ranikhet Soil Conservation Forest Division was undertaken in 7 ranges of Ranikhet Soil Conservation Division viz., Tarikhet, Gagas, Chanthariya, Jalali, Chaukhutiya, Gairsain and Boom. A total of 51 plantation sites with 287.82 hectare sampled area were surveyed in Ranikhet Soil Conservation Division. Chir, banj, burans, kafal, mehal etc. were the native tree species found at the plantation sites. The species planted under CAMPA at the sites are shown in table 5.49 below.

Table 5.49 List of species planted under CAMPA in Ranikhet Soil Conservation Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Acacia auriculiformis	Wattle
2.	Acer oblongum	Putli
3.	Alnus nitida	Utis
4.	Arundinaria falcata	Ringal
5.	Asparagus racemosus	Shatawar
6.	Bauhinia purpurea	Gurial
7.	Bauhunia variegata	Kachnar
8.	Berberis asiatica	Kilmora
9.	Cedrela toona	Toon
10.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
10.	Celtis australis	Kharik
12.	Cinnamomum tamala	Tejpatta
13.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
14.	Eucalyptus hybrid	Safeda
15.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
16.	Grevellia robusta	Silver oak
17.	Grewia optiva	Bhimal
18.	Melia dubia	Bakain
19.	Morus alba	Shahtoot
20.	Myrica esculenta	Kafal
21.	Pieris ovalifolia	Aiyar
22.	Pinus roxburghii	Chir
23.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
24.	Pyrus pashia	Mahel
25.	Quercus floribunda	Faliyant, Tilonj
26.	Quercus lamellosa	Manipuri banj
27.	Quercus leucotrichphora	Banj
28.	Rhododendron arboreum	Burans
29.	Sapindus mukrossi	Ritha
30.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
31.	Terminalia bellirica	Baheda
32.	Terminalia chebula	Harad

Table 5.50 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Ranikhet Soil Conservation Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Tarikhet	Nuna Van Panchayat	2015-16	5.0	5.0	42.60
Range	Nuna Van Panchayat	2012-13	5.0	5.0	28.50
	Dharad Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	5.0	42.80
	Gairgaon Van Panchayat	2015-16	5.0	5.0	44.80
	Nainisera Van Panchayat	2015-16	5.0	5.0	50.20

		Total	287.82	283.27	33.25
	Sade Van Panchayat Patalgaon Van Panchayat Mangro Van Panchayat	2012-13 2016-17 2012-13	5.0 5.0 5.0	5.0 5.0 5.0	9.20 46.80 12.40
	Chakkargaon Van Panchayat Bajarkhoda Van Panchayat	2014-15 2015-16	5.0 5.0	5.0 5.0	52.40 60.80
	Papdiya Van Panchayat Bhaidgaon Civil	2012-13 2016-17	5.0 10.0	5.0 10.0	30.20 60.30
Marigo	Palpur Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	5.0	64.40
Syalde Range	Chiyani Van Panchayat Jaspur Van Panchayat	2012-13 2016-17	5.0 5.0	5.0 5.0	25.00 8.80
	Kunkhet Van Panchayat	2014-15	5.0	5.0	40.40
	Rohida Van Panchayat	2012-15	10.0	10.0	6.60
	Rayvan Kumolee Van Panchayat Parvadi Van Panchayat Tok Kimbolia Sain	2012-13 2012-13	10.0 10.0	10.0 10.0	17.00 35.90
Range	Rikholee Van Panchayat Tok Pankha	2012-13	10.0	10.0	31.50
Gairsain	Ghandiyal Van Panchayat Tok Fermate	2016-17	10.0	10.0	60.00
	Timta Van Panchayat	2014-15	4.0	4.0	22.80
	Kala Chauna Van Panchayat Chauna Van Panchayat	2015-16 2012-13	5.0 5.0	5.0 5.0	30.00 48.40
	Khurudi Van Panchayat	2016-17	6.25	6.25	11.90
	Nail Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	5.0	24.40
	Bajan Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	5.0	24.80
range	Dudhaliya Manral Van Panchayat	2010-17	4.57	4.57	26.26
Chaukhutiya Range	Naugaon Akhodiya Van Panchayat Jhalakarchooli Van Panchayat	2016-17 2016-17	5.0 5.0	5.0 5.0	50.40 38.80
011-1	Dangar Khola Van Panchayat	2014-15	4.0	4.0	24.50
	Minar Van Panchayat	2014-15	4.0	4.0	11.60
	Sure Van Panchayat Tok Feru	2013-14	4.0	4.0	21.00
	Sure Van Panchayat Tok Nimukhalta	2013-14	5.0	5.0	27.20
	Kharak Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	5.0	25.20
	Jamineevar Van Panchayat Tedgaon Van Panchayat	2016-17 2016-17	5.0 5.0	5.0 5.0	26.80
	Budheena Van Panchayat	2015-16	5.0	5.0 5.0	22.40 19.20
Jalali Range	Bhatkot Van Panchayat	2012-13	5.0	5.0	15.40
	Malli Suvali Van Panchayat Part I	2015-16	5.0	5.0	34.80
	Tok Leelamani	2010-17	3.0	5.0	10.00
Range	Naad Van Panchayat Tok Gwailegair Talli Kahali Van Panchayat	2012-13 2016-17	5.0 5.0	5.0 5.0	43.10 18.80
Chanthriya	Nagarjuna Van Panchayat Tok Van Kholi		5.0	5.0	50.00
	Mujholi Van Panchayat	2013-14	5.0	5.0	50.80
	Aena Van Panchayat	2015-16	5.0	5.0	40.80
	Chayali Van Panchayat	2015-17	5.0	5.0	37.60
Gagas Range	Karchooli Van Panchayat Aeroli Van Panchayat	2015-16 2016-17	5.0 6.0	5.0 4.0	32.80 40.83
G P	Bayali Van Panchayat	2016-17	5.0	5.0	38.60
	Kadakot Van Panchayat	2014-15	10.0	7.45	30.05
	Gangoda Van Panchayat				

It is evident from table 5.50 that survival of plants is found 33.25% which is poor survival.

5.26 Mussoorie Forest Division

CAMPA plantation in Mussoorie forest division has been implemented in 7 forest ranges and 46 sample sites were selected for field data collection. The native vegetation of the division is comprised of kachnar, banj, deodar, burans, kafal etc. List of species planted under CAMPA is shown in the table 5.51 below.

Table 5.51 List of species planted under CAMPA in Mussoorie Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
2.	Albizia lebbeck	Siris
3.	Arundunaria falcata	Ringal
4.	Bauhinia retusa	Semla
5.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
6.	Buxus wallichiana	Papdi
7.	Cedrella serrata	Toon
8.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
9.	Cymbopogon citratus	Lemon grass
10.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bans
11.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
12.	Juglans regia	Akhrot
13.	Mangifera indica	Aam
14.	Morus alba	Shahtoot
15.	Phyllanthus emblica	Amla
16.	Prunus armeniaca	Chullu
17.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
18.	Psidium guajava	Amrood
19.	Pterospermum acrifolium	Kanak champa
20.	Punica granatum	Dadim
21.	Pyrus pashia	Mehal
22.	Quercus dilatata	Moru
23.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
24.	Rhododendron arboreum	Burans
25.	Robinia pseudocacia	Rubinia
26.	Salix alba	Salix
27.	Sapindus mukrosii	Ritha
28.	Syzygium cumini	Jamun
29.	Terminalia bellirica	Baheda
30.	Terminalia chebula	Harad

The survival of plants is found 32%. The plantation area was surveyed with the help of GPS and it was found that plantation's area of 8.05 ha was lesser than the recorded area (table 5.52).

Table 5.52 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Mussoorie Forest Division

Name of	Sample sites	Plantation	Area in	Area	Survival of
Forest Range		year	Journal (ha)	marked by GPS (ha)	plants (%)
Mussoorie	Nali Compartment-1	2012-13	10	10	7.45
Range	Nali compartment-1	2014-15	10	10	20.73
	Nali compartment- 4	2015-16	7	7	55.36
	Motidhar compartment-5A	2012-13	10	10	46.45
	Silla compartment- 3	2012-13	10	10	57.09
	Silla compartment- 3	2014-15	10	10	57.73
	Sarona Civil Soyam	2016-17	5	5	51.27
	Sarona Civil Soyam	2016-17	10	10	59.09
	Silla Compartment No. 3	2012-13	10	10	31.95
	Nali Compartment No. 5	2012-13	10	10	1.15
	Silla Compartment No. 06	2012-13	5	5	5.22
	Kyara Soyam	2015-16	7	7	46.83
	Badal Compartment No. 1 Part-I	2012-13	10	10	4.26
	Badal Compartment No. 1 Part-II	2012-13	10	10	3.44
	Rikholi Compartment No. 06	2012-13	5	5	19.08
Raipur	Ringalgarh Compartment No.7	2013-14	10	10	27.73
Range	Ringalgarh Compartment No. 1	2013-14	11	11	20.99
	Kund compartment No. 6A	2014-15	10	10	8.22
	Kund compartment No. 6B	2014-15	10	10	11.18
	Kund compartment No. 2	2015-16	10	10	0.00
	Ordinance Factory	2012-13	2	1.12	7.39
Devalsari	Sirs Compartment No.2	2014-15	20	20	20.77
Range	Sirs Compartment No. 1B	2015-16	10	10	18.36
	Sirs compartment No. 3	2012-13	10	10	17.45
	Bajri Namey Tok	2012-13	10	10	17.74
	Kyari Compartment-10	2015-16	10	10	35.81
	Dhakka Namey Tok	2012-13	15	8.28	13.64
Badrigad	Andi Compartment No. 1&2	2012-13	10	10	26.09
Range	Pavet Soyam-1	2014-15	10	10	26.91
	Negyana Soyam-I	2012-13	10	10	17.35
	Thureti Civil Soyam	2012-13	10	10	44.64
	Kori compartment No. 3	2015-16	8	8	66.86
	Bhutgaon Soyam	2016-17	5	5	50.09
	Negyana Soyam-II	2012-13	10	10	63.28
	Sanav Soyam	2014-15	10	10	59.73
	Andi compartment No. 10	2015-16	10	10	56.51
	Bhutgaon Soyam	2016-17	10	10	51.07
	Sendul Soyam	2015-16	5	5	71.95
Kempty	Ghandiala block	2014-15	10	10	70.10
Range	Ghandiala Compartment-1	2012-13	10	7	7.36
	Bakarana Compartment No. 13	2014-15	10	10	70.94
	Bakarana Compartment No. 11	2015-16	10	10	0.00
Jaunpur	Fidogi soyam	2012-13	10	10	28.55
Range	Bhal Compartment No. 1	2015-16	10	10	37.55
	Sainsori Tok	2014-15	14.4	9.35	21.72
	Kadalgaon Soyam	2014-15	10	10	32.16
		Total	439.4	423.75	31.94

5.27 Chakrata Forest Division

CAMPA plantation in Chakrata Forest Division was undertaken in 3 forest ranges namely, Kanasar, River and Rikhnar. A total of 207 ha area and 25 sample sites were surveyed. The forests of Chakrata are widely distributed in sub-tropical and moist temperate forest types. Chir and banj are predominant species in sub-tropical zone and in moist temperate type, deodar is predominant species mixed with kail in some pocketes. Burans, kafal, padam, papdi, kilmora, moru, kharsu etc. are mixed with confiferous species. List of species planted under CAMPA is shown in the table 5.53 below.

Table 5.53 List of species planted under CAMPA in Chakrata Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Abies pindrow	Rai
2.	Aegle marmelos	Bel
3.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
4.	Albizia lebbeck	Siris
5.	Arundinaria falcata	Ringal
6.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
7.	Bombax cieba	Semal
8.	Cassia fistula	Amaltas
9.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
10.	Celtis australis	Khadik
11.	Cinnamomum tamala	Tejpatta
12.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bans
13.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
14.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
15.	Ficus racemosa	Timla
16.	Juglans regia	Akhrot
17.	Picea smithiana	Murainda
18.	Prunus armeniaca	Chullu
19.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
20.	Punica granatum	Dadim
21.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
22.	Quercus semecarpifolia	Savun oak
23.	Sapindus mukrossi	Ritha
24.	Syzygium cuminii	Jamun
25.	Taxus baccata	Thuner
26.	Terminalia bellirica	Baheda

Site wise survival, total survival and area verified with GPS are presented in table 5.54. It is evident from the table that survival of plants is found 29.26% which is found very poor. There was 41.76 ha area found deficit as surveyed by GPS.

Table 5.54 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Chakrata Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Kanasar	Deoban - 4	2012-13	12	12	36.67
Range	Deoban - 6A	2012-13	6.76	6.76	27.89
	Kanasar 21A	2012-13	10	10	43.04
	Deoban -9B	2012-13	7.50	7.50	43.29
	Vayla civil	2014-15	13	3.20	21.52
	Vayla civil	2014-15	10	4.81	35.41
River Range	Kalsi- 8	2012-13	9.50	3.92	18.02
	Kalsi- 19	2012-13	9.50	9.50	20.59
	Kalsi- 7	2012-13	2	2	22.65
	Kalsi- 2	2012-13	3.50	1.29	17.03
	Kotha civil	2012-13	6.30	3.49	30.51
	Kalsi- 26	2012-13	9.50	9.50	31.68
Rikhnar	Ekra 13-B	2013-14	6.57	6.57	36.61
Range	Kharsi civil Dudhlog II Kharsi	2012-13	6	6	14.55
Civil	2013-14	5	5	33.02	
	Dudhlog -I Buawagi Tok	2013-14	5	5	27.58
Kharsi Civil	2013-14	10	10	25.76	
	Kharsi Civil	2015-16	8	8	26.97
	Kharsi Civil	2015-16	6	6	22.42
	Kudog - 23	2013-14	10	5.03	30.00
	Kudog -I	2014-15	12	7.11	33.03
	Kudog -II	2014-15	11.5	5.19	28.79
Bawar Range	Mundali C. No. 4B	2013-14	5.5	5.5	40.16
Deodhar Range	Sainj Civil	2014-15	16.88	13.5	30.45
Molta Range	Khunigadh	2012-13	5	5	33.81
	Total		207.01	161.87	29.26

5.28 Upper Yamuna Barkot Forest Division

Upper Yamuna Barkot Forest Division consisted of 5 forest ranges wherein CAMPA plantation were undertaken. A total of 10 sites were sampled and an area of 62 ha was surveyed by the team. The native species in the forests are dominated by chir and banj mixed with banj is distributed in the depressions of the hills. Mahel, padam, khadik, burans, kachnar, chullu etc. are also found distributed in the forests. The species planted under CAMPA are shown in table 5.55 below.

Table 5.55 List of species planted under CAMPA in Upper Yamuna Barkot Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
2.	Arundinaria falcata	Ringal
3.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
4.	Juglans regia	Akhrot
5.	Punica granatum	Dadim
6.	Pyrus pashia	Mehal
7.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
8.	Sapindus mukrosii	Ritha
9.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
10.	Cedrus deodara	Devdar
11.	Cinnamomum tamala	Tejpatta
12.	Prunus armeniaca	Chullu

The survival of plants is very poor (25.30%). Five ha area was found short during survey than the recorded area of plantation (table 5.56).

Table 5.56 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Upper Yamuna Barkot Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Kuthnaur	Pali Sola-A	2013-14	7	7	26.06
Range	Kuthnaur soil civil	2013-14	1.0	1.0	25.91
	Pali Soyam	2013-14	1	1	38.18
	Sar Soyam	2013-14	8	8	30.11
	Kimdar Soyam	2013-14	5	5	31.27
Rawain	Saurnaul Soyam	2012-13	8	8	14.31
Range	Barkot 7A	2012-13	12	12	32.80
Magarshanti Range	Molda civil soyam	2012-13	7.50	7.50	22.12
Yamnotri Range	Digdora-6	2012-13	10	5.62	11.58
Naugaon Range	Bhankoli civil	2012-13	2.50	2.50	20.62
	Total		62	57.62	25.3

5.29 Haridwar Forest Division

The CAMPA plantation in Haridwar Forest Division was undertaken in 5 forest ranges i.e. Haridwar, Shyampur, Jhilmil, Laksar and Khanpur. The forests are distributed in tropical moist deciduous and tropical dry deciduous types with predominant species of sal, bakli, dhauri, sain, baheda and jamun. Reverain forests consisted of khair-sissoo forests along with gutel and jamun and kan grass. Lantana, Ageratum and Parthenium are the common invasive species also spread in the plantations. The species planted under CAMPA project is shown in the table 5.57 below.

Table 5.57 List of species planted under CAMPA in Haridwar Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Aegle marmelos	Bel
2.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
3.	Cassia fistula	Amaltas
4.	Cedrela toona	Toon
5.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
6.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bans
7.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
8.	Ficus rumphii	Pilkhan
9.	Holoptelea integrifolia	Kanju
10.	Jacranda mimosifolia	Jacaranda
11.	Lagesrtroemia flos-reginaea	Jarul
12.	Mangifera indica	Aam
13.	Pongamia pinnata	Kanji
14.	Psidium guajava	Amrood
15.	Pterospermum acerifolium	Kanak Champa
16.	Syzygium cuminii	Jamun
17.	Tectona grandis	Sagwan
18.	Terminalia arjuna	Arjun
19.	Terminalia bellirica	Baheda
20.	Terminalia chebula	Harad
21.	Trewia nudiflora	Gutel

The survival of plants is found 40.60%. About 5 ha plantation area was found short than the recorded area of plantation during survey (table 5.58).

Table 5.58 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Haridwar Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Haridwar Range	Tigri Pathri Pathri West Pathri Central Pathri East Part - 1 Pathri East Part - 2	2016-17 2016-17 2016-17 2016-17 2016-17	10 10 10 10 10	10 10 10 10 10	66.27 40.89 42.07 44.09 39.73
Shyampur	Nalowala I A Plot III Nalowala 2 A Mithiberi Nalowala 1A, Plot - 1 Nalowala 1A, Plot - 1 Nalowala 1A, Plot - 2 Pilli 2A, Plot - 1 Pilli 2A, Plot - 2 Mithiberi, Plot - 2	2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2014-15 2016-17 2016-17 2014-15 2014-15	10 10 15 10 10 10 10 10	10 10 15 8.28 10 10 10	45.82 32.25 37.27 45.73 27.18 25.27 47.09 29.64 33.45
Jhilmil Range	Nalowala7A Plot II Nalowala 7 A Vth Nalowala 3	2014-15 2016-17 2013-14	10 9 20	10 9 20	42.18 79.56 68.50

	Nalowala 9B Nalowala 7 A II Amsot 1A Nalowala 7A-1 Nalowala 7A-3 Nalowala 7A-4	2016-17 2016-17 2015-16 2014-15 2016-17 2016-17	15 13 11 12 10	15 13 11 12 10 10	38.06 65.08 47.23 40.33 34.24 37.20
Laksar Range	Dharmapur I Dharmapur II Sherpur Jogawala Sherpurbella Badshahpur Van Block, Plot-1 Badshahpur Van Block - 1 Bhogpur Van Block - 2 Dharampur Van block	2016-17 2016-17 2016-17 2016-17 2015-16 2013-14 2013-14 2016-17 2015-16 2016-17	5 5 15 10 10 10 10 10 10 5	5 1.38 15 10 10 10 8.34 10 10	8.15 22.36 12.15 37.64 40.18 53.09 40.73 38.27 34.55 53.27
Khanpur Range	Shahmansur Hazara I Hazara II Sikroda 2A Budhvasaheed Poorvi Budhvasaheed Poorvi Budhvasaheed Pachmi Sikroda 2A-01	2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2016-17 2013-14 2016-17 2013-14 2013-14	20 10 20 10 10 10 10	20 10 20 10 7.13 10 8.93 10	40.00 40.36 43.22 44.00 36.18 60.25 50.55 37.91
Rasiabud Unit Range	Nalowala, Compartment- 6 Nalowala, Compartment- 3 Nalowala Compartment- 4 Nalowala, Compartment- 7A	2013-14 2013-14 2013-14 2014-15	20 20 10 10	20 20 10 10	34.80 26.30 34.20 29.64
	Total		510	499.06	40.6

5.30 Dehradun Forest Division

CAMPA plantation in Dehradun Forest Division was undertaken in 5 forest ranges i.e. Lacchiwala, Rishikesh, Barkot, Thano and Asarodhi. A total of 13 plantation's sites were selected and area of 235 ha was surveyed. The natural forests consisted of sal as predominant species along with associated species like sain, baheda, bel, bakli, dhaura, chamror, kanak champa, kala tendu, jamun etc. On river sides, khair-sissoo forests are distributed along with jamun, gutel and kan grass. Lantana, Ageratum and Parthenium weeds are invading in the forests and also found invading in CAMPA plantations. The species planted under CAMPA project in Dehradun forest division is shown in table 5.59 below.

Table 5.59 List of species planted under CAMPA in Dehradun Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Acacia catechu	Khair
2.	Aegle marmelos	Bel
3.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
4.	Callistemon viminalis	Bottle brush
5.	Cassia fistula	Amaltas
6.	Cedrela toona	Toon
7.	Celtis australis	Khadik
8.	Cordia dichotoma	Lasoora

9.	Citrus limon	Lemon
10.		Shisham
	Dalbergia sissoo	
11.	Delonix regia	Gulmohar
12.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bans
13.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
14.	Ficus racemosa	Gular
15.	Ficus virens	White Fig
16.	Holoptelea integrifolia	Kanju
17.	Kigelia africana	Balam kheera
18.	Lagerstroemia parviflora	Dhauri
19.	Madhuca latifolia	Mahua
20.	Mallotus philippinensis	Rohini
21.	Mangifera indica	Aam
22.	Morus alba	Shehtoot
23.	Psidium guajava	Amrood
24.	Pterospermum acerifolium	Kanak champa
25.	Sapindus mukrosii	Ritha
26.	Schleichera oleosa	Kusum
27.	Syzygium cuminii	Jamun
28.	Terminalia arjuna	Arjun
29.	Terminalia bellirica	Baheda
30.	Terminalia chebula	Harad
31.	Terminalia tomentosa	Sain

Table 5.60 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Dehradun Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Lacchiwala	Banwaha	2016-17	18	18	40.50
Rishikesh	Bibiwala	2016-17	12	12	26.92
Thano	Vidhalna - 3	2016-17	25	25	47.89
Range	Vidhalna 1 Part - 1	2016-17	25	19.7	30.73
	Vidhalna 1 Part - II	2016-17	25	12.5	27.36
	Soda Block	2016-17	25	21.8	6.80
	Soda Block	2014-15	25	18.6	4.51
	Soda Block	2015-16	20	15.8	3.61
Asarodhi Range	Kadwapani Compartment No. 2B	2016-17	10	10	28.88
Barkot	Ranipokhori Compartment No.3 B	2016-17	10	10	11.30
Range	Golatappar	2016-17	10	10	25.32
	Jakhan	2016-17	20	20	30.27
	Ghamandpur	2016-17	10	10	31.64
		Total	235	203.4	24.29

Table 5.60 shows that 32 ha plantation's area was found less during survey of recorded areas in the field with the help of GPS. The survival of plants is very poor (24.29%).

5.31 Lansdowne Forest Division

Three forest ranges namely, Duggada, Lansdowne and Kotdwar were selected for CAMPA plantations in Lansdowne forest division. An area of 209 ha was surveyed and 23 plantation's sites were selected for monitoring of CAMPA plantations. The natural forests are consisted of chir as predominant species along with mixure of banj, gurial, kilmora, burans, mahel etc. List of species planted under CAMPA is shown in the table 5.61 below.

Table 5.61 List of species planted under CAMPA in Lansdowne Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Acacia catechu	Khair
2.	Adina cordifolia	Haldu
3.	Aegle marmelos	Bel
4.	Albizia lebbeck	Siris
5.	Alstonia scholaris	Alstomia
6.	Azadirachta indica	Neem
7.	Bauganvillea	Saude
8.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
9.	Berberis asiatica	Kingod
10.	Callistemon viminalis	Bottle brush
11.	Carissa opaca	Karonda
12.	Cassia fistula	Amaltas
13.	Cassia galuca	Amaltas
14.	Cassia siamea	Kassod
15.	Cedrela toona	Toon
16.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
17.	Cordia dichotoma	Lasoora
18.	Cinnamomum camphora	Camphor
19.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
20.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bamboo
21.	Diospyros malenoxylon	Dhodi
22.	Ehretia laevis	Chamrod
23.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
24.	Ficus benghalensis	Bargad
25.	Ficus religiosa	Pipal
26.	Gardenia turgida	Thanela
27.	Gravellia robusta	Silver oak
28.	Holoptelea integrifolia	Kanju
29.	Jacranda mimosifolia	Jacranda
30.	Kigelia africana	Balam kheera
31.	Lagerstroemia speciosa	Jarul
32.	Mallotus philippinensis	Rohini
33.	Mangifera indica	Aam
34.	Mimusops elangi	Molsri
35.	Pongamia pinnata	Kanji

36.	Psidium guajava	Amrood
37.	Pterospermum acerifolium	Kanak champa
38.	Punica granatum	Dadim
39.	Putranjiva roxburghii	Putranjiva
40.	Quercus leucotrichphora	Banj
41.	Rubus ellipticus	Hisar
42.	Sapindus mukrosii	Ritha
43.	Schleichera oleosa	Kusum
44.	Shorea robusta	Sal
45.	Syzygium cuminii	Jamun
46.	Tamarindus indica	Imli
47.	Terminalia arjuna	Arjun
48.	Terminalia bellirica	Baheda
49.	Terminalia chebula	Harad
50.	Terminalia tomentosa	Sain
51.	Trewia nudiflora	Gutel
52.	Zizyphus xylopyrus	Kathber

Table 5.62 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Lansdowne Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Dugadda	Khoh-3 Silgad-9	2016-17 2016-17	10 12	5.7 7.7	33.48 40.80
Lansdowne	Bhankot-6 Jadiana Kura-1 Bhalgoan-civil Bhalgoan-6 Bhalgoan-5 Langoor-2 Suradi Civil Silogi-7	2014-15 2016-17 2012-13 2016-17 2016-17 2016-17 2016-17 2014-15	10 10 10 4 10 10 10 15	10 6.7 6.01 1.91 10 10 5.17 8.96	27.40 31.69 47.88 16.36 69.13 53.00 27.09 66.97 54.70
Kotdwara	Lalpaani 1B I Lalpaani 1B II Sukhrokham Malankham Sidhbali Kotdwara Motor Road	2016-17 2016-17 2016-17 2016-17 2014-15	10 10 10 8 5 km	10 10 10 8 5 km	27.55 38.45 27.55 19.09 54.53
Laldhang Range	GadakothCivil Van	2012-13	10	10	49.55
Kotdi Range	Dakshini Kotdi Comp 11 Dakshini Kotdi Comp 5A Dakshini Kotdi Comp 4A	2015-16 2015-16 2014-15	10 10 10	10 10 10	45.09 49.18 46.64
Dogaada	Tutgadera Part I	2015-16	10	10	52.18
Range	Tutgadera Part II	2015-16	10	10	50.27
		Total	209	180.15	42.21

The survival of plants is found 42.21%. An area of 29 ha was found less when the area was surveyed with GPS.

5.32 Kedarnath Wildlife Division Gopeshwar

CAMPA plantation in Kedarnath Wildlife Division was carried out in 3 forest ranges i.e. Gangotri, Ukhimath and Nagnath. A total of 6 plantation's sites and an area of 48 ha were covered for monitoring of plantation. List of species planted under CAMPA is shown in table 5.63 below.

Table 5.63 List of species planted under CAMPA in Kedarnath Wildlife Division Gopeshwar

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
2.	Albizia lebbeck	Siris
3.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
4.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
5.	Cinnamomum tamala	Tejpatta
6.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bans
7.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
8.	Juglans regia	Akhrot
9.	Mangifera indica	Aam
10.	Pyrus pashia	Mehal
11.	Quercus dilatata	Moru
12.	Quercus leucotrichphora	Banj
13.	Quercus semecarpifolia	Kharsu
14.	Rhododendron arboreum	Burans
15.	Sapindus mukrosii	Ritha
16.	Syzygium cuminii	Jamun
17.	Terminalia bellirica	Baheda
18.	Terminalia chebula	Harad

Table 5.64 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Kedarnath Wildlife Division Gopeshwar

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Ukhimath	Ukhimath-III, Compartment No. 1	2012-13	10	10	28.73
Nagnath	Pokhri Chamethi Semi Lagga Maithana Lostu Panthria Lostu Panthari Nagnath Reserve Compartment No.1	2016-17 2016-17 2016-17 2016-17 2012-13	4.42 12.96 5.94 4.90 10	4.42 12.96 5.94 4.90 10	40.80 24.95 18.22 17.65 31.18
		Total	48.22	48.22	26.92

The survival of plants is found 26.92% which is very poor (table 5.64).

5.33 Nanda Devi Forest Division

The CAMPA plantation was undertaken in 3 forest ranges namely, Valley of Flowers, Joshimath and Govindghat. Ninteen plantation's sites were selected for monitoring of CAMPA plantations with 175.49 ha area was covered. The forests of Nanda Devi forest division are located in temperate and alpine zones which are dominated by deodar, kail, moru, rai, morinda and kharsu oak. It was proposed to plant fruit bearing species under CAMPA to provide food to wild life. The list of species planted under CAMPA is shown in the table 5.65 below.

Table 5.65 List of species planted under CAMPA in Nanda Devi Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
2.	Bauhinia variegata	Kanchana
3.	Berberis asiatica	Kilmoda
4.	Cedrus deodara	Deodar
5.	Cornus capitata	Bhamora
6.	Cupressus torulosa	Surai
7.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
8.	Juglans regia	Akhrot
9.	Melia dubia	Bakain
10.	Pinus wallichiana	Kail
11.	Prinsepia utilis	Baikal
12.	Prunus armeniaca	Chullu
13.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
14.	Pyrus pashia	Mehal
15.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
16.	Quercus semecarpifolia	Moru Oak
17.	Robinia pseudacasia	Robinia
18.	Taxus baccata	Thuner

Table 5.66 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Nanda Devi Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Valley of Flowers	Khero Van Panchayat Paikhanda Comp 9	2015-16 2014-15	10 10	5.2 10	61.82 57.00
Joshimath Range	Malari Civil Malari Civil Malari Civil Sukki Civil Sukki Civil Sukki Civil	2016-17 2016-17 2016-17 2016-17 2016-17 2015-16	5 10 10 10 10	5 10 10 10 10 10	50.40 56.63 53.63 41.25 32.7 25.10
Govindghat Range	Arudi-Patudi Talla Pankhanda Compartment no. 7 Kailaspur civil I Kailaspur civil II Kailaspur civil III Kailaspur civil IV Joshimath Reserve 2(A) Joshimath Reserve 2(B) Joshimath Reserve 2(B) Dronagiri Civil	2016-2017 2015-2016 2016-2017 2016-2017 2016-2017 2016-2017 2013-2014 2013-2014 2013-2014 2016-2017 2015-2016	7.5 5 10 10 10 5 11.47 10 11.520 10	7.5 5 10 10 10 5 11.47 4.45 11.50 10	29.71 54.55 48.60 48.63 26.25 54.50 38.44 41.36 62.61 35.15 36.30
	Total		175.49	165.12	44.98

5.34 Almora Forest Division

CAMPA plantation in Almora forest division comprised of 5 forest rages namely, Almora, Dwaraht, Jorasi, Mohan and Ranikhet. A total area of 524 ha was surveyed and it was found that 166 ha area was less than the recorded area (table 5.68). There is wide variation of forest vegetation in the division. The forests are located in tropical, sub-tropical and temperate zones. In tropical zone, khair-sissoo, semal, kanju, kachnar etc. are the main species, in sub-tropical zone, chir is predominant species mix with banj at higher elevation. In temperate zone deodar and kail are predominant species along with oaks and burans trees. Under CAMPA plantations, more than 5 species were planted as per suitability of zones (table 5.67).

Table 5.67 List of species planted under CAMPA in Almora Forest Division

01.75		
Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Acacia mollisima	Wattle
2.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
3.	Albizia lebbeck	Siris
4.	Alnus nitida	Utis
5.	Arundinaria falcata	Ringal
6.	Bauhinia purpurea	Guriyal
7.	Bauhinia vahlii	Molu
8.	Berberis asiatica	Kilmoda
9.	Carpinus viminea	Cham kadik
10.	Cedrela toona	Toon
11.	Cedrus deodara	Devdar
12.	Celistemon vimianils	Bottle brush
13.	Celtis australis	Khadik
14.	Cinnamomum tamala	Tejpatta
15.	Citrus limon	Nimbu
16.	Cupressus torulosa	Surai
17.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
18.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bamboo
19.	Diploknema butraycea	Chura
20.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
21.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
22.	Ficus palmata	Bedu
23.	Ficus virens	Timla
24.	Ginkgo biloba	Maidenhair tree
25.	Grevellia robusta	Silver Oak
26.	Grewia optiva	Bhimal
27.	Holoptelea integrifolia	Kanju
28.	Jacaranda mimosifolia	Jacaranda
29.	Juglans regia	Akhrot
30.	Leucaena leucocephala	Subabul
31.	Mangifera indica	Aam
32.	Melia dubia	Bakain

33.	Morus alba	Shehtoot
34.	Myrica esculenta	Kafal
35.	Prunus armeniaca	Khumani
36.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
37.	Prunus persica	Aadu
38.	Psidium guajava	Amrood
39.	Punica granatum	Dadim
40.	Pyracantha crenulata	Ghingaroo
41.	Pyrus pashia	Mehal
42.	Quercus dilatata	Faliyant
43.	Quercus lamellosa	Manipuri Banj
44.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
45.	Radermarchera xylocarpa	Garud
46.	Rhododendron arboreum	Burans
47.	Robinia pseudocasia	Robinia
48.	Rubus ellipticus	Hinsar
49.	Salix alba	Salix
50.	Sapindus mukrosii	Ritha
51.	Shorea robusta	Sal
52.	Syzygium cuminii	Jamun
53.	Taxus baccata	Thuner
54.	Terminalia bellirica	Baheda
55.	Terminalia chebula	Harad
56.	Vinca rosea	Sadabahar
57.	Zanthoxylum alatum	Timru

Table 5.68 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Almora Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Almora	Khayala Van Panchayat	2013-14	5	1.5	39.50
Range	Khayala Van Panchayat	2013-14	3.5	1.98	34.16
	Chana Lot Pahad	2014-15	4.52	2.32	24.90
	Mat Van Panchayat	2014-15	8	2.82	25.00
	Kalimath Compartment-1	2015-16	5	5	26.91
	Kalimath Compartment-2	2015-16	5	2.66	24.67
	Balta Civil I	2016-17	3	1.90	26.67
	Balta Van Panchayat	2013-14	6	4.22	23.33
	Balta Civil II	2016-17	3	3	26.67
	Matela Civil	2013-14	7.50	3.27	25.25
	Uttari Sahidevi Compartment 19	2015-16	10	3.29	33.09
	Naula Van Panchayat	2013-14	8	3.21	33.86
	Sarka Van Panchayat	2013-14	5	3.11	32.00
	Jhijhad Civil	2016-17	10	5.19	27.27
	Tatik Civil I	2013-14	4	1.74	16.13
	Tatik Civil II	2013-14	4	4	17.57
	Shitlakhet Compartment 6	2015-16	5	2.88	34.18

	Simtola Model Plantation Eco Park	2014-15	5	5	27.50
	Badgal Rautela Van Panchayat	2013-14	5	1.87	24.50
Dwarahat	Salna Van Panchayat	2012-13	5	2.61	11.80
Range	Tadaktal Compartment No. 18	2013-14	3	3	11.82
	Khida Chak Majhiyakot Civil	2015-16	5.5	3.08	49.27
	Puniya Bagad Van Panchayat	2013-14	10	3.79	14.45
	Khida Van Panchayat	2013-14	10	7.16	25.55
	Khida Van Panchayat	2013-14	10	5.43	19.65
	Sagnati Civil	2015-16	9	4.88	14.55
	Timta Van Panchayat	2013-14	5	1.55	8.90
	Papoli Van Panchayat	2013-14	10	5.77	10.95
	Aasheti Van Panchayat	2013-14	10	10	6.45
Jorasi	Kelani Civil Tok Jiwadi	2012-13	10	6.15	24.15
Range	Kafaltana Civil	2014-15	10	5.97	28.91
	Kanaditod Thor	2016-17	8	6.23	22.07
	Udiyari Sera Civil	2016-17	2.5	1.52	29.00
	Dhadoli Van Panchayat	2013-14	7	3.27	40.00
	Geluwadana	2016-17	3	1	25.20
	Kafalgaun Civil	2016-17	7	3	49.02
	Kafalgaun Civil	2016-17	6	2.43	45.42
	Nawgaun Van Panchayat	2012-13	10	2.33	20.10
	Mathkhani Civil	2016-17	6	2.31	37.12
Mohan	Kholyo kyari Van Panchayat	2014-15	10	4.14	48.60
Range	Boadtalla II	2013-14	5	3.96	46.50
	Boadtalla III	2013-14	5	2.61	35.8
	Tolyo Tok Jadapani	2013-14	5	2.75	32.8
	Tolyo Malubagad	2013-14	5	2.13	30.10
	Tolyo Van Panchayat Chiplidhad	2013-14	8	3.30	26.50
	Totam Van Panchayat	2014-15	5	2.54	33.27
	Totam Van Panchayat	2013-14	2.5	1.40	35.45
	Tolyo Rata Pani	2013-14	5	2.41	30.50
	Boadtalla I	2013-14	5	1.82	39.60
	Tadam Van Panchayat	2013-14	2.50	1.18	39.69
Ranikhet	Kaligad Compartment No. 21	2013-14	4	4	39.09
Range	Simoli Van Panchayat	2013-14	5	2.47	50.73
	Gadi Van Panchayat	2012-13	5	3.78	23.85
	Purvi Chobutiya Compartment No. 5	2015-16	4	4	38.36
	Khagyar Civil	2016-17	13.50	13.50	42.11
	Khagyar Civil	2015-16	5.5	3.16	39.72
	Shilagi Civil	2016-17	3.5	3.5	42.50
	Sauni Compartment No. 22	2013-14	5	5	42.00
	Sauni Compartment No. 33	2016-17	6	6	50.42
	Sauni Compartment No. 33	2016-17	4	4	50.94
	Sauni Compartment No. 33	2015-16	10	7.43	59.73
	Pantgoun Van Panchayat	2012-13	6.5	6.5	24.75
	Dharad Van Panchayat	2013-14	5	5	39.73
	Sauni Van Panchayat	2012-13	5.50	3.43	32.60
	Malla Dabar Van Panchayat	2013-14	5	5	14
	Maji Gaun Civil	2016-17	5.50	5.50	28.88
	Maji Gaun Civil	2016-17	10	10	37.18
	Maji Gaun Civil III	2015-16	3	1.37	47.27
	Maji Gaun Civil II	2015-16	2.5	1.25	30.91

	Total	524.02	358	31.62
Baburkhola Van Panchayat	2013-14	5	3.38	13.64
Dwarso Reserve Compartment No. 2	2013-14	5	5	22.73
Manbajuna Van Panchayat	2013-14	3	3	42.42
Manbajuna Van Panchayat	2013-14	5	3.72	55.09
Jaana Van Panchayat	2016-17	4	4	55.00
Jaana Van Panchayat	2012-13	9.50	5.07	25.61
Dugauda Van Panchayat	2012-13	10	10	20.25
Gudoli Civil	2016-17	9.50	9.50	26.60
Chilliyanaula Compartment No. 6	2015-16	6	6	65.91
Matela Manihar Van Panchayat	2015-16	5	5	45.45
Villekhe Van Panchayat	2015-16	3.50	3.50	15.28
Villekhe Van Panchayat	2014-15	10	7.76	19.09
Saguda Civil	2016-17	4	4	29.69
Saguda Civil	2015-16	12	12	28.55
Saguda Civil	2015-16	12.50	12.50	39.64

The average survival of plants is found low (31.62%).

5.35 Garhwal Forest Division

CAMPA plantation in Garhwal Forest Division was carried out in 6 forest ragnes namely, Deva Dumakot, Pechni Ameli, Paithani, Pauri, Pokhra and Purvi Ameli. Monitoring of CAMPA plantation was carried out in 26 sampled sites and 235.30 ha area was surveyed. The natural forests of the division are distributed in three zones; tropical, sub-tropical and temperate. The tropical zone consisted of forests of khair, kanju, dhak, shisham, jamun, semal etc. The sub-tropical forests are dominated by chir which is mixed with banj oak at higher elevation. In temperate zone, deodar, kail are predominant species with oaks and burans. The species planted under CAMPA is shown in table 5.69.

Table 5.69 List of species planted under CAMPA in Garhwal Forest Division

Sl.No.	Forest Division	Average Survival (%)
1.	Acacia ariculiformis	Australian kikar
2.	Acacia catechu	Khair
3.	Acacia mollissima	Wattle
4.	Aegle marmelos	Bail
5.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
6.	Albizia lebbeck	Siris
7.	Alnus nitida	Utis
8.	Artocarpus hetrophyllus	Kathal
9.	Arundinaria falcata	Ringal
10.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
11.	Bombax cieba	Semal
12.	Cedrela toona	Toon
13.	Cedrus deodara	Devdar
14.	Cordia dichotoma	Lasoora
15.	Cinnamomum tamala	Tejpatta

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16.	Citrus sinensis	Malta
17.	Dalbergia sissoo	Shisham
18.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bamboo
19.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
20.	Euonymus lacerus	Angu
21.	Ficus palmata	Bedu
22.	Ficus virens	Timla
23.	Grevellia robusta	Silver Oak
24.	Holoptelea integrifolia	Kanju
25.	Leucaena leucocephala	Subabul
26.	Mallutus phillipinensis	Rohini
27.	Melia dubia	Bakain
28.	Morus alba	Shehtoot
29.	Myrica esculenta	Kafal
30.	Pinus roxburghii	Chir
31.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
32.	Prunus persica	Aadu
33.	Psidium guajava	Amrood
34.	Punica granatum	Anar
35.	Pyrus pashia	Mehal
36.	Quercus floribunda	Tilonj
37.	Quercus lamellosa	Manipuri Banj
38.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
39.	Robinia pseudacasia	Robinia
40.	Sapindus mukrosii	Ritha
41.	Syzygium cuminii	Jamun
42.	Tamarinus indica	Imli
43.	Terminalia bellirica	Baheda
44.	Terminalia chebula	Harad
45.	Terminalia tomentosa	Sain

Table 5.70 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Garhwal Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Deva Range	Deva II Compartment No. 4A	2014-15	10	8.14	35.20
Dhumakot	Deva III Compartment No. 1	2014-15	10	8.98	36.80
	Kamdai Civil	2013-14	10	5.21	31.60
	Talai Civil	2013-14	10	6.90	25.30
	Kolri Civil	2013-14	10	6.09	32.40
	Deva IV Compartment No. 15	2012-13	10	7.60	28.00
	Dabrad Compartment No. 5	2012-13	10	7.44	33.91
	Kuirali Civil	2014-15	6	6	31.97
	Takoli Civil	2014-15	6	4.15	32.12

Pachmi Ameli Range Damdeval	Ukal Civil	2014-15	10	10	39.18
Paithani	Baishwada Civil I	2014-15	5	5	40.36
Range	Baishwada Civil II	2014-15	11	6	41.32
	Baishwada Civil III	2014-15	4	4	37.27
Pauri Range	Dobh Shrikot Gadwagad	2014-15	11.22	11.22	40.50
Nagdev	Kaldungh Civil	2014-15	11.12	11.12	37.85
	Shrikot Civil	2014-15	8.22	6.27	31.21
	Koti Civil	2014-15	8.22	6.34	27.42
	Nayalgadh Civil	2014-15	11	11	30.17
	Jhopdiyo Civil	2013-14	10	10	30.20
	Chadigaon Civil	2014-15	8.22	4.57	29.09
Pokhra	Chorkinda	2013-14	10	6.30	38.40
Range	Civi				
Purvi Ameli	Paphadiyana Civil Part I	2013-14	4.50	3.45	37.64
Thalisain	Paphadiyana Civil Part II	2013-14	5.50	3.65	31.45
	Panjikhal Part I	2013-14	11	11	29.82
	Panjikhal Part II	2013-14	10	10	28.40
	Panjikhal Part III	2013-14	14.30	14.30	30.21
	Total		235.3	194.73	33.38

There was a shortage of 40.57 ha of plantation's area when the area was surveyed with GPS (table 5.70).

5.36 Tehri Dam-1 Forest Division

The CAMPA plantation in Tehri Dam -1 forest division was undertaken in 5 forest ranges i.e Tehri dam, Dharmaganga, Balganga, Nailchami and Dharkot. The natural forests of CAMPA plantation sites are located in the sub-tropical zone where chir is the pre –dominant species. The list of species planted is indicated in the table 5.71 below.

Table 5.71 List of species planted under CAMPA in Tehri Dam- I Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Aesculus indica	Pangar
2.	Albizia lebbeck	Siris
3.	Alnus nitida	Utis
4.	Arundinaria falcata	Ringal
5.	Bauhinia retusa	Semla
6.	Bauhinia variegata	Kachnar
7.	Cedrela toona	Toon
8.	Cedrus deodara	Devdar
9.	Cinnamomum tamala	Tejpatta
10.	Dendrocalamus strictus	Bamboo
11.	Emblica officinalis	Amla
12.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
13.	Jugland regia	Akhrot

REPORT ON "MONITORING AND EVALUATION OF PLANTATION RAISED UNDER CAMPA IN THE STATE OF UTTARAKHAND"

14.	Morus alba	Shehtoot
15.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
16.	Pyrus pashia	Mehal
17.	Quercus lamellosa	Manipuri Banj
18.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
19.	Rubus ellipticus	Hisar

The survival of plants and names of sample sites are presented in table 5.72. The survival of plants is 47.78% which is found satisfactory. There was a shortage of about 9 ha recoreded area when it was measured by GPS.

Table 5.72 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants Tehri Dam-I Forest Division

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Tehri Dam	Dargi	2014-15	10	10	48.00
Range	Sawayam				
Dharamgang	ga Titrona Sawayam	2014-15	10	8.43	47.10
Range	Kot Sawayam	2013-14	5	5	42.20
Balganga	Jaspur Sawayam	2014-15	10	8.1	49.27
Range	Silyara Sawayam	2013-14	5	5	48.40
Nailchami	Kandar Gaon Soyam	2013-14	5	3.38	49.60
Range	That Sawayam	2014-15	10	8.30	46.70
	Saruna Maye Bariyarkuda	2014-15	10	8.26	44.90
Dharkot	Dadak Namey Tok	2014-15	5	5	47.20
Range	Petav Sawayam	2013-14	5	5	51.80
	Vridhu Namey Tok	2014-15	5	5	50.40
	Total		80	71.47	47.78

5.37 Binog Wildlife Sanctuary Forest Division

The CAMPA plantation in Binog Wildlife Sanctuary Forest Division was undertaken in 3 compartments of Binog Wildlife Sanctuary range. The wildlife sanctuary was created from Mussoorie forest division and the natural vegetation is predominant by deodar mix with burans and oaks. List of species undertaken for CAMPA plantation is shown in table 5.73 below. The survival of plants is found 37.48% (table 5.74).

Table 5.73 List of species planted under CAMPA in Binog Wildlife Sanctuary Forest Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Quercus leucotrichophora	Banj
2.	Arundinaria falcata	Ringal
3.	Cedrus deodara	Devdar
4.	Fraxinus micrantha	Anga
5.	Prunus cerasoides	Padam
6.	Robinia pseudacasia	Robinia

Table 5.74 Range wise sites, area and survival of plants in Binog Wildlife Santuary Forest

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Binog	Binog Beat Compartment No. 6	2014-15	10	10	35.91
Wildlife	Binog Beat Compartment No. 9	2014-15	5	5	41.27
Sanctuary	Bhadraj Beat Compartment No. 7	2014-15	5	5	35.27
		Total	20	20	37.48

5.38 Gangotri National Park

The Gangotri National Park is idyllically situated in the natural surroundings of Uttarkashi. The national park falls under the bio-geographical zone and located at an altitude of 1,800 meters to 7,083 meters above sea level. It is lavishly spread over an area of 2,390 sq km. Only deodar was planted under CAMPA in Gangotri range in 10 ha of area. The survival of deodar is found good (67%) (Tables 5.75 and 5.76).

Table 5.75 List of species planted under CAMPA in Gangotri National Park Division

Sl.No.	Name of species	Local Name
1.	Cedrus deodara	Devdar

Table 5.76 Range wise sites, area and survival of plant in Gangotri National Park

Name of Forest Range	Sample sites	Plantation year	Area in Journal (ha)	Area marked by GPS (ha)	Survival of plants (%)
Gangotri Range	Gangotri Compartment No1A (Devgad)	2014-15	10	10	67
	Total		10	10	67

6.0

Field Observations

- 1. Stone wall fencing was created in most of the plantation's sites for the protection of plants as the stones are esily available in hilly areas. In the plains, some sites were found protected from barbed wire fencing. In wildlife areas, trenches around plantation sites were dug. However, fencing was not found effective in protection of plants against wild animals such as wild boar, bear, porcupine, elephants, deer, ghoral etc. The fencing was found broken at several places. The fencing trenches were filled with soil and invasive species like lantana and grasses have found grown. Domestic cattle of villagers are also caused damage to plants due to grazing and trampling. Although watchers were engaged but still plants were damaged.
- 2. Forest fire incidents occured in plantation areas during fire season. Plants were also found killed by forest fires. Fire protection measures were not found sufficient in many sites.
- 3. The plantations were under heavy anthropological pressure due to presence of nearby villages.
- 4. Regeneration of banj, burans, mahel, shisham, chir, deodar, sal etc. was observed in plantation's sites which require to be protected and enhanced under CAMPA activities.
- 5. The recorded plantation's area mentioned in the plantation journal was found less than the area measured by GPS during field survey in many sites.
- 6. Weeds like Karonda, Eupatorium, Tungla, Dhola, Rambans, Lantana, Ageratum, Parthenium, Hisalu, Tiliari etc. were invading in most of the plantation's sites. At riverain sites, kan (Saccharam) grass has suppressed plants in Haridwar and Dehradun Forest Divisions.
- 7. Survival of plants were found to be satisfied in wildlife protected areas than other areas.

- 8. Soil erosion is a common feature on higher slopes. Gully plugging in those areas is carried out by construction of series of check dams with the help of local materials like boulders or chir needles. However, check dams and water harvesting ponds (chaal-khaal) were not maintained. Soil and water conservation measures like trenches, contour bunds or terraces were not made for soil and moisture conservation in sloppy areas. Landslide and soil erosion is a common feature in such sites.
- 9. Some of the sites were not found to be suitable for the species. Such sites are having shallow soils, rocky and very low moisture and nutrient contents. Site selection for plantations under CAMPA should be selected after thorough technical investigation.
- 10. On hilly terrain, spacing of plants were not accurate as mentioned in plantation journals but in the plain areas, spacing of plants were found correct.
- 11. The Plantation Journals of each site were available but there was no inspection notes of senior officers found in the journals.

7.0

Leasson Learned and Recommendations

From the available evidence, the monitoring of plantations conducted by FRI, Dehradun concluded that the schemes viz., CAMPA was able to contribute substantially towards the state and central government goal of enhancing forest cover and reclamation of degraded lands. The project activities will result in positive environmental impacts and will also result in enhancing biological richness.

7.1 Lesson learned

The monitoring and evaluation of plantations under Uttarakhand CAMPA scheme highlighted following lessons, which may require follow-up action to enhance future outcomes and outputs:

- 1. **Plantation record maintenance:** The present analysis found that there were significant number of sites where the inspection of senior forest officers were not done and recorded in the plantation journals which is a serious problem with respect to monitoring and future implementation of activities. It seems that senior officers of forest department are not serious about maintenance and protection of plants under CAMPA schemes.
- 2. **Protection of plantations:** The field data indicates that at many sites protection measures were not present or were inefficient in providing protection to the newly planted samplings especially from human being, wild animals and from stray cattle. In many sites, plantations were damaged due to browsing and grazing. Plants are also succumbed due to forest fires in many sites. It is, therefore, necessary to provide forest fire control tools to field staff. Forest staff must be trained enough for handling forest fires. Fire lines should be constructed around plantation sites for fire protection. Stone wall fencings or barbed wire fencings are found broken by wild animals. Trench fencing is also not successful and it is filled again by soil or covered by weeds.
- 3. **Plantation of exotics:** The present monitoring also found that the exotic species were also planted. It is imperative to plant more diverse and local species under CAMPA for enhancing the benefits of plantations, in terms of land reclamation, carbon sequestration and biodiversity conservation.

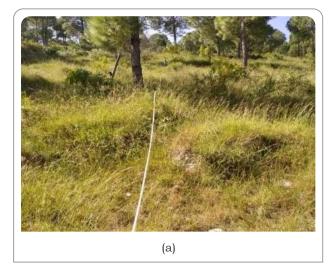
- 4. **Soil and water conservation:** It was also found that soil and water conservation measures were feeble considering the fact that there such measures were not adopted in majority of the sites. The soil and water conservation measures are important for enhancing the productivity of the land, recharge water table and improve the water regime in the plantation sites. In the long run, such measures play significant role in improving the survival rate of plantations by improving the productivity and by increasing soil moisture content. It would be prudent, if the soil and water conservation component is compulsorily included in the plantation programmes and annual work plans. There is need to maintain the SMC works. Number of Chaal-Khaal should be increased for harvesting rain water and for improvement of hyderology of forests.
- 5. **GIS and Remote Sensing:** It was observed that the GIS based planning has not been adopted for taking up plantation and soil and water conservation activities in sites selected for plantation. With the simple and easy to use GIS based technology, it becomes very easy to map all plantation patches for further review, monitoring and assessment on regular basis.
- 6. **Area of Plantations:** The field survey indicates that the actual plantation areas of about 90% plantation sites were found less than the recorded area. The area was surveyed by GPS. The area of plantation could have been marked with GPS coordinates.
- 7. **Availbility of Plants:** The dead plants should be replaced with similar species. For this about 20% plants of each species should be kept as reserve in nurseries for replacement.

7.2. Recommendations

Although the findings of the plantation monitoring presents an encouraging picture, however there are several steps which are suggested be taken up to enhance the outcomes and outputs of the plantations.

- 1. **Site specific APO for the plantation:** It is imperative to conduct site suitability analysis of the sites well in advance before taking up plantation activities. Some sites were not selected keeping in view of species and biotic pressure. Such sites could have been avoided by the forest department. The advance plantations works must be started after observation of suitability of sites for the plantations. The parameters such as soil characteristics, species suitability, topographic and locality factors should be considered under such assessments prior to plantation planning in a site. It was observed that some sites are not suitable for plantations as people throw garbage in plantation's area and stray cattle menace was also seen. Officials at field level should keep good liasoning with Panchayat representatives to protect the plantation from grazing or other such biotic pressures. Sites with shallow soils, rocky and low nutrients and high slopes should be avoided. The allocation of revenue lands must be investigated thoroughly for their suitability.
- 2. **Use of Remote Sensing and GIS:** The degraded lands affected by various land degradation drivers such as land slides, erosion, dryness, regular forest fires and other biotic pressures in the state should be mapped. Such degraded lands can be reclaimed and rehabilitated by taking up plantation activities. The GIS and remote sensing techniques are considered to be very helpful in providing more realistic and measurable data.

- 3. Adoption of Silviculture and Genetically improved varieties: Evidences from the field surveys and data analysis suggests that the plantation forestry is likely to be sustainable in terms of wood yield in most of the sites provided good practices are maintained. Adoption of improvised silviculture techniques and plantation of genetically improved tree may enhance crop productivity. Since, silvicultural practices and genetic selection are geared to increase the speed of tree growth and shortening rotation periods which is imperative to achieve the goals and targets stated in the Uttarakhand State Forest Policy. Fast grown trees need to be pruned as those trees produced 2-3 leaders from the ground level. Singling will improve growth of trees. Plant to plant spacing should strictly be followed. Thinning in plantation should be carried out to maintain proper spacing of plants. Weeds like Parthenium, tiliari, tungla, eupatorium, lantana, Cannabis and Ageratum have assumed alarming proportions at many sites. These should preferably be removed before flowering, or before seed formation starts in these weeds. Natural regeneration of desired species like sal, deodar, mahel, kachnar, papdi, kanju etc. should be protected, encouraged and developed under CAMPA activities. Use of tall plants in easy accessible areas will increase survival of plants.
- 4. **Research needs:** Rapid assessment of biological richness in the plantation sites need to understand the impact of plantation on biodiversity. It should also be a part of CAMPA project.
- 5. **Plantation of medicinal and aromatic plants:** It is imperative to cultivate medicinal and aromatic plant considering their conservation importance and its economic benefits for the local communities.
- 6. **Avoiding Man-Animals conflicts:** In wild life prone areas, patures should be developed with planting of grasses, fodder and fruit trees to contain wild life in the forests. This will help to control man-animal conflicts if enough food is available in the forests. It is also imperative to control forest fires so as to reduce man-animal conflicts.
- 7. **Plantation of multi purposes tree species (MPTS):** The MPTS plantations will be of significant importance in meeting the local needs and for providing alternative livelihood options for the forest dependent communities. The MPTS plantations will also result in enhancing the local's economic conditions.
- 8. **Proper plantation inventory maintenance:** Proper inventory of plantation activities are essential on all plantation sites to track issues, pitfall and for course correction for enhancing outcomes.
- 9. **Involvement of local communities under CAMPA:** The field staff needs to be trained with respect to the latest plantation techniques and in forest fire control. Their capacity needs to be enhanced on latest advancements in the field of plantation forestry. Local community should be involved in protection and maintenance of plantations through Van Panchayats by giving some incentives. There is a need to have stakeholders' consultation before selecting the plantation species so as to meet the local's desire and needs.
- 10. **Adoption of best practices on land reclamation and restoration:** The best practices developed elsewhere with similar geographic conditions should be adopted for plantation activities and for enhancing soil moisture regime in the state.







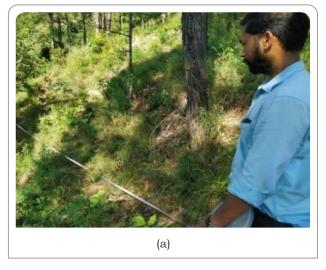






Photos: (a) Laying out sample plot at plantation site (b) Height measurement of the plant

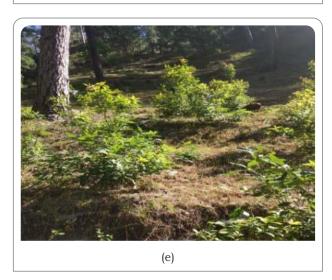
- (c) Barbed wire fencing around plantation site
- (d) Patch of planted Devdar (Cedrus deodara) at plantation site
- (e) Height measurement of the plant
- (f) Stone wall fencing at plantation site











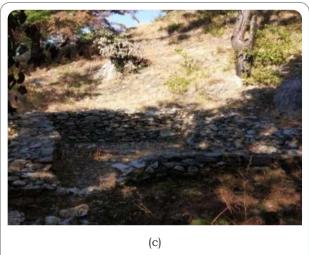


Photos: (a) Laying out sample plot

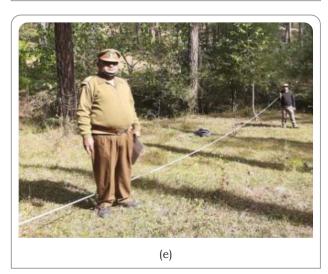
- (b) Stone wall fencing around plantation site
- (c) Diameter measurement of the plant
- (d) Patch of Devdar (Cedrus deodara) at plantation site
- (e) View of plantation site
- (f) Height measurement of the plant

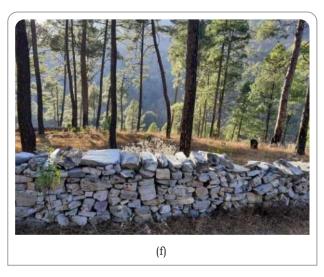








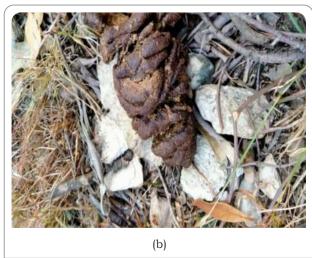




Photos: (a) View of the plantation site

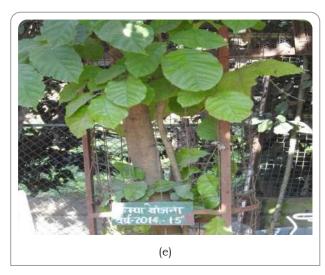
- (b) Sign Board at plantation site
- (c) Chaal-Khaal (water hole) found at plantation site
- (d) Height measurement of the plant
- (e) Laying out sample plot at plantation site
- (f) Stone wall fencing around plantation site







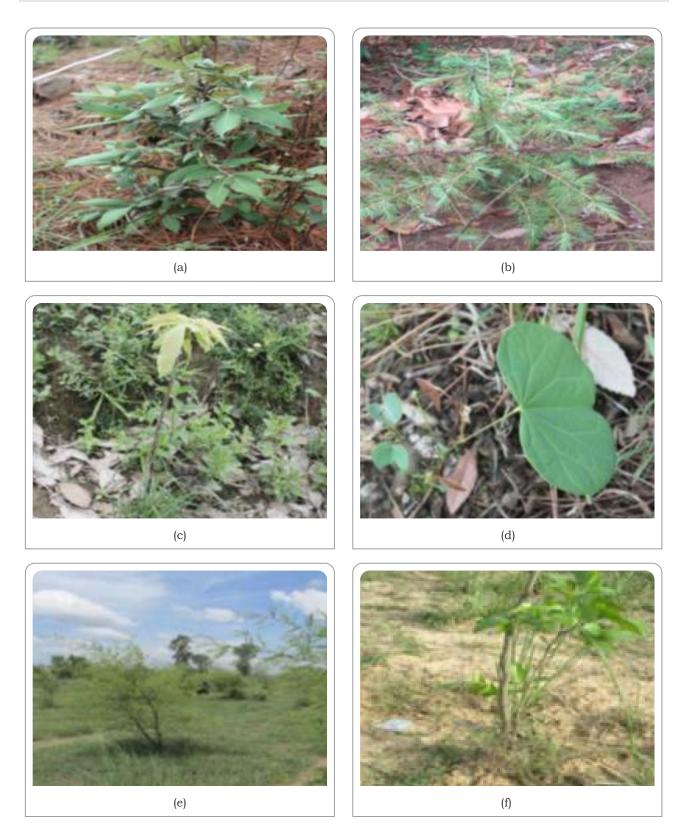






Photos: (a) Height measurement of the plant

- (b) Animal dung found at plantation site
- (c) View of plantation site
- (d) Silver Oak (Grevellia robusta) at the plantation's site
- (e) Tree guard for protection of the sapling
- (f) Chaal-Khal (water hole) found at plantation site



Photos: (a) Banj (Quercus leucotricophora)

- (b) Devdar (Cedrus deodara)
- (c) Padam (Prunus cerasoides)
- (d) Kachnar (Bauhinia variegata)
- (e) Khair (Acacia catechu)
- (f) Kanju (Holoptelea integrifolia)

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APPENDICES

Appendix-2.1

CAMPA guidelines of Uttarakhand





Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government of India

The Guidelines on State Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority
(State CAMPA)

Dated 2nd July 2009

Guidelines on State Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority (State CAMPA)

Introduction

Guidelines for establishing CAMPAs in the States/UTs and putting in place a funding mechanism for enhancing forest and tree cover and conservation and management of wildlife by utilising funds received towards Compensatory Afforestation, Net Present Value (NPV), etc., currently available with the Adhoc CAMPA.

The guidelines, prepared are, by and large, in line with the discussions held in the meeting of the Chief Secretaries, have the objective to assist the States/UT's for setting up the requisite mechanism and are in consonance with the directions issued from time to time by the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

These guidelines have desired flexibility; therefore the States/UTs would be able to notify the State level CAMPAs keeping in view specific conditions prevailing there.

Overarching Objectives and Core Principles

- 1. An Authority to be known as the "State Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority" (State CAMPA) is intended as an instrument to accelerate activities for preservation of natural forests, management of wildlife, infrastructure development in the sector and other allied works.
- 2. The State CAMPA would presently receive monies collected from user agencies towards compensatory afforestation, additional compensatory afforestation, penal compensatory afforestation, Net Present Value (NPV) and all other amounts recovered from such agencies under the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 and presently lying with the Adhoc CAMPA.
- 3. The State CAMPA would administer the amount received from the Adhoc CAMPA and utilize the monies collected for undertaking compensatory afforestation, assisted natural regeneration, conservation and protection of forests, infrastructure development, wildlife conservation and protection and other related activities and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.
- 4. State CAMPA would serve as a common repository of funds accruing on account of compensatory afforestation and NPV. It would deploy funds as per guidelines governing the use of funds for conservation, protection and management of forests. The amounts would also be deployed for wildlife preservation and enhancement of wildlife habitats.
- 5. State CAMPA would provide an integrated framework for utilizing multiple sources of funding and activities relating to protection and management of forests and wildlife. Its prime task would be regenerating natural forests and building up the institution engaged in this work in the State Forest Department including training of the forest officials of various levels with an emphasis on training of the staff at cutting edge level (forest range level). The amount received by it will also be utilized for providing residential accommodation to the field staff and necessary machines and equipments to them. These include appropriate arrangement for their conveyance during inspections and protection duty. In short, the department would be modernized to protect and regenerate the forests and wildlife habitat.
- 6. The State CAMPA may decide to utilize a minor part of its funds for contractual engagement of personnel wherever there is shortage of personnel. This should be done cautiously to avoid recurring revenue expenditure on the State Government. It may also take up State-specific activity relevant to the State, in keeping with the core objectives.
- 7. The State CAMPA would also promote a voluntary movement of youth and students for supporting conservation activities initiated/ongoing in the State Forest Department.
- 8. Aims and Objectives

State CAMPA shall seek to promote:

- a. conservation, protection, regeneration and management of existing natural forests;
- b. conservation, protection and management of wildlife and its habitat within and outside protected areas including the consolidation of the protected areas;
- c. compensatory afforestation;
- d. environmental services, which include:
 - i. provision of goods such as wood, non-timber forest products, fuel, fodder and water, and provision of services such as grazing, tourism, wildlife protection and life support;
 - ii. regulating services such as climate regulation, disease control, flood moderation, detoxification, carbon sequestration and health of soils, air and water regimes;
 - iii. non-material benefits obtained from ecosystems, spiritual, recreational, aesthetic, inspirational, educational and symbolic; and

- iv. supporting such other services necessary for the production of ecosystem services, biodiversity, nutrient cycling and primary production.
- e. Research, training and capacity building.
- 9. The Functions of State CAMPA shall include, inter alia
 - i. funding, overseeing and promoting compensatory afforestation done in lieu of diversion of forest land for non-forestry use under the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980
 - ii. overseeing forest and wildlife conservation and protection works within forest areas undertaken and financed under the programme.
 - iii. maintaining a separate account in respect of the funds received for conservation and protection of Protected Areas.
 - iv. creating transparency for the programme and mobilizing citizen support; and
 - v. earmarking up to two percent of the funds for monitoring and evaluation.

10. Establishment of a State CAMPA

- 1. The State Government may establish the Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority (State CAMPA) in the State. There shall be credited into the account of State CAMPA:
 - i. Amount transferred to it by the ad-hoc CAMPA.
 - ii. receipt of all monies from user agencies towards compensatory afforestation, additional compensatory afforestation, penal compensatory afforestation, Net Present Value (NPV), Catchment Area Treatment Plan or any money for compliance of conditions stipulated by the Central Government while according approval under the provisions of the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980;
 - iii. the unspent funds already realized by States from user agencies and not transferred yet to the Adhoc Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planning Authority for crediting into the Fund by respective States;
 - iv. the funds recoverable from user agencies in cases where forest land diverted falls within the protected areas, that is, areas notified under sections 18, 26A or 35 of the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 for undertaking activities relating to the protection of biodiversity and wildlife, which would be maintained under a separate head; and
 - v. Net Present Value of the forest land diverted for non-forestry purposes, collected under the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 and the rules and the guidelines made thereunder and in pursuance of the judgment of the Supreme Court dated the 29th October 2002 from user agencies. And
- 2. The State Government may also credit to the State CAMPA-
 - a. grants or aid received if any;
 - b. any loan taken by the Authority or any borrowings made by it; and
 - c. any other sums received by the Authority by way of benefaction, gift or donations.
- 3. The monies received in the State CAMPA shall be kept in interest-bearing account(s) in nationalized bank(s).and periodically withdrawn for the works as per the Annual Plan of Operations (APOs) approved by the Steering Committee.
- 11. Utilization of the money: The money available with the state CAMPA shall be utilized for meeting:
 - i. expenditure towards the development, maintenance and protection of forests and wildlife management as per the approved APO;
 - ii. the non-recurring as well as recurring expenditure for the management of the State CAMPA, including the salary and allowances payable to its officers and other employees, by utilizing a part of the income from interest received by on funds invested by State CAMPA, but excluding income from funds recoverable from the user agencies in cases where forest land diverted falls within the protected areas, that is, areas notified under sections 18, 26A or 35 of the Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 for undertaking activities related to protection of biodiversity and wildlife;

- iii. the expenditure incurred on monitoring and evaluation subject to overall ceiling of 2% of the amount to be spent every year; and
- iv. disbursement on such other projects related to forest conservation.

12. Disbursement of funds:

- 1. The money received for compensatory Afforestation, additional compensatory afforestation, penal compensatory afforestation, Catchment Area Treatment Plan and for any other site specific scheme may be used as per site-specific schemes submitted by the State along with the approved proposals for diversion of forest land under the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980.
- 2. After receipt of the money, State CAMPA shall accomplish the afforestation for which money is deposited in the Compensatory Afforestation Fund within a period of one year or two growing seasons after project completion, as may be appropriate.
- 3. The money received on account of Net Present Value (NPV) shall be used for natural assisted regeneration, forest management, protection, infrastructure development, wildlife protection and management, supply of wood and other forest produce saving devices and other allied activities.
- .4. Monies realized from the user agencies in pursuance of the Hon'ble Supreme Court's orders or decision taken by the National Board for Wildlife involving cases of diversion of forest land in protected areas shall form a distinct corpus and shall be used exclusively for undertaking protection and conservation activities in protected areas of the State.
- 5. State CAMPA shall release monies to the field officers in predetermined installments as per the Annual Plan of Operation (APO) finalized.
- 13. State CAMPA shall consist of a Governing Body, a Steering Committee and an Executive Committee.
- 14. (1) The Governing body of the state CAMPA shall consist of the following:

I. Chief Minister Chairperson II. Minister of Forests Member III. Minister of Finance Member IV. Minister of Planning Member V. **Chief Secretary** Member Principal Secretary (Finance) Member VII. Principal Secretary (Planning) Member VIII. Principal Chief Conservator of Forests Member IX. Chief Wildlife Warden Member

X. Secretary (Forests) - Member Secretary

The Governing Body shall lay down the broad policy framework for the functioning of State level CAMPA and review its working from time to time.

14 (2). The Steering Committee of State CAMPA shall consist of the following:

i) Chief Secretary Chairperson ii) Principal Chief Conservator of Forests Member iii) Principal Secretary (Forests) Member Member iv) Principal Secretary (Finance) v) Principal Secretary (Planning) Member (vi) Chief Wildlife Warden Member (vii) Nodal Officer Member (viii) A representative of the Ministry of Member Environment & Forests

(ix) Two eminent NGO's to be nominated - Member by the State Government for a period of

2 years at a time who shall be eligible for re-nomination

- (x) Chief Conservator of Forests (Plan/Schemes) Member Secretary 14 (3) The Steering Committee shall:
 - i. lay down and / or approve rules and procedures for the functioning of the body and its Executive Committee, subject to the overarching objectives and core principles of State CAMPA;
 - ii. monitor the progress of the utilization of funds released by the State CAMPA;
 - iii. approve the Annual Plan of Operation (APO) prepared by the Executive Committee;
 - iv. approve the annual reports and audited accounts of the State CAMPA;
 - vi. ensure inter-departmental coordination;
 - vii. meet at least once in six months.
- 15(1) The Executive Committee shall consist of the following:

i. Principal Chief Conservator of Forests - Chairperson

ii. Chief Wildlife Warden - Member

iii. Chief Conservator of Forests (Plan/Schemes) - Member

iv. Financial Controller/Financial Adviser in the
 O/o the Principal Chief Conservator of Forests
 Member

v. Two eminent NGO's to be nominated by the State Government for a period of 2 years at a time who shall be eligible for re-nomination

vi. Nodal Officer - Member Secretary

- 2. The State level Executive Committee shall
 - take all steps for giving effect to the State CAMPA and overarching objectives and core
 principles, in accordance with rules and procedures approved by the Steering
 Committee and the approved APO;
 - ii. prepare the APO of the State for various activities, submit it to the Steering Committee before end of December for each financial year, and obtain the Steering Committee's concurrence for release of funds, while giving break-up of the proposed activities and estimated costs;
 - iii. supervise the works being implemented in the State out of the funds released from the State CAMPA;
 - iv. be responsible for proper auditing of both receipt and expenditure of funds;
 - v. develop the code for maintenance of the account at the implementing agency level;
 - vi. submit reports to the Steering Committee for review / consideration; and
 - vii. prepare Annual Report by end-June for each financial year.

16. Accounting Procedure

- 1. State CAMPA shall prepare, in such form and at such time in each financial year as may be prescribed, its budget for the next financial year, showing the estimated receipts and expenditure of the State CAMPA.
- 2. State CAMPA shall adopt financial regulations and procedures, in particular the procedure for approval and implementing the APO.
- 3. State CAMPA shall maintain proper accounts and other relevant records and prepare an annual statement of accounts in such form as may be prescribed in consultation with the Accountant General concerned.
- 4. The accounts of the State CAMPA shall be audited by the Accountant General at such intervals as may be specified by him and any expenditure incurred in connection with such audit shall be payable by the Authority to the Accountant General.
- 5. The Accountant General and any other person appointed by him in connection with the audit of the accounts of the State CAMPA shall have the same rights and privileges and authority in connection with such audit as the Accountant General generally has in connection with the audit of the Government accounts and, in particular, shall have the right to demand the production of books, accounts, connected vouchers and other documents and papers and to inspect the office of the State CAMPA.

- 6. The accounts of the State CAMPA as certified by the Accountant General or any other person appointed by him in this behalf together with the audit report thereon and annual report, shall be forwarded annually to the State Government, the MoE&F and the Adhoc CAMPA by the State CAMPA.
- 7. The State Government and the MoE&F shall have the power to conduct special audit or performance audit of the State CAMPA.
- 8. The Annual Report shall provide, inter alia, for:
 - i. the details of various works done and the amount spent;
 - ii. the details of the amount received by the State CAMPA from various sources; and
 - iii. the observations made in the audit report.

17. Monitoring and evaluation of the works

- 1. An independent system for concurrent monitoring and evaluation of the works implemented in the States utilizing the funds available shall be evolved and implemented to ensure effective and proper utilization of funds.
- 2. The National CAMPA advisory council shall have the powers to order special inspection and financial audit of works executed by the State CAMPA with utilizing CAMPA money.
- 3. If satisfied that the funds released are not being utilized properly, the National CAMPA advisory council as well as the State level Steering Committee shall have the power to withhold or suspend the release of remaining funds or part thereof.

18. National CAMPA Advisory Council

- 1. A National CAMPA Advisory Council shall be established. It will
 - i. Lay down broad guidelines for State CAMPA;
 - ii. Regularly monitor and evaluate, in consultation with states, projects being undertaken by state CAMPAs.
 - iii. Facilitate scientific, technological and other assistance that may be required by state CAMPAs
 - iv. Make recommendations to state CAMPAs based on a review of their plans and programmes.
 - v. Provide a mechanism to state CAMPAs to resolve issues of an inter- state or Centre-state character.
- 2. The composition of the Council shall be as follows:

i. Minister of Environment and Forests
 ii. Three PCCF's by rotation with a term of one year each.
 iii. two environmentalist / conservationists /
 iii. Member

scientists / economists / social scientists with a non-renewable term of two years.

Special Secretary, MoE&F

iv. Director General Forests & : Member

v. IG (Forest Conservation), MoE&F : Member Secretary

The existing establishment of adhoc CAMPA would be utilized as secretariat to the National CAMPA Advisory Council. The expenditure will be met out of the provision kept for Monitoring and Evaluation of the programme.

19. In addition to the above out of the interest received / accrued so far with the Ad hoc CAMPA, a suitable amount, with the permission of the Supreme Court, will be retained by the Adhoc CAMPA and will be utilized as per the specific schemes as approved by the National CAMPA Advisory Council. These will include monitoring and evaluation of schemes implemented in the States or the UTs utilizing CAMPA money, setting up of institutes, societies, center of excellence in the field of forest and wildlife, pilot schemes, standardization of codes/guidelines, etc., for the sector.

Appendix-2.2

Compensatory Afforestation Fund (CAF) Rules, 2018

MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE (Forest Conservation Division) NOTIFICATION New Delhi, the 10th August, 2018

G.S.R. 766(E).-Whereas, the Central Government in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (i) of section 30 of the Compensatory Afforestation Fund Act, 2016 (38 of 2016), published the draft Compensatory Afforestation Fund Rules, 2018 vide the Government of India in the Ministry of Environment and Climate Change notification number G.S.R. 172(E), dated the 16th February, 2018, in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part-II, Section 3, sub-section (i), dated the 17th February, 2018 for inviting objections and suggestions from persons likely to be affected thereby, before the expiry of thirty days from the date on which copies of the Gazette containing the said notification were made available to the general public;

And whereas, copies of the Gazette in which the said notification was published, were made available to the general public on the 17th February, 2018;

And whereas, the objections and suggestions received in respect of the said draft rules within the specified period have been considered by the Central Government;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) and (2) of section 30 of the Compensatory Afforestation Fund Act, 2016 (38 of 2016), read with section 22 of the General Clauses Act, 1897, the Central Government in consultation with the State Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:-

- 1. Short title and commencement.-These rules may be called the Compensatory Afforestation Fund Rules, 2018.
- 2. Definitions.-(1) In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,
 - a. "Act" means the Compensatory Afforestation Fund Act, 2016 (38 of 2016);
 - b. "annual plan of operation" means the annual plan for physical activities and financial provisions approved by the National Authority or State Authority as the case may be, which describes milestones, conditions for success and explains how, a strategic annual plan will be put into operation during the financial year in given budgetary term, and containing inter alia, brief description, estimated cost, basis for cost estimation, agency identified for execution and time schedule of each activity to be executed from State Fund during a year;
 - c. "Form" means a form appended to these rules;
 - d. "section" means a section of the Act;
 - e. "third party monitoring" means monitoring and evaluation of works executed from National

Fund and State Fund by the parties which are external to a project's direct beneficiary chain and management structure having no conflict of interest on parameters of evaluation as determined by the National Authority over and above the baseline to assess whether desired social, environmental or other impacts are being achieved and undesirable impacts avoided;

- f. "Village Forest Management Committee" means a committee constituted for joint forest management by the competent authority in the State;
- g. "working plan" means the management plan of forest land prepared and approved by the competent authority under the National Working Plan Code published by the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change for sustainable management of forests and biodiversity in India;
- 2. The words and expressions used and not defined in these rules but defined in the Act, the Indian Forest Act 1927 (16 of 1927), the Wildlife (Protection) Act 1972 (53 of 1972), the Forest (Conservation) Act 1980 (69 of 1980), the Biological Diversity Act, 2002 (18 of 2003) and the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 (2 of 2007) and the rules made under these Acts, shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in those Acts and rules.
- 3. Management of National Fund.-The National fund shall be managed according to the provisions of the Government Accounting Rule 1990 and the General Financial Rules, 2017 as applicable from time to time.
- 4. Management of State Fund.-The State Fund shall be managed according to the provisions of the State Financial Rules or any such rules applicable from time to time in a State.
- 5. Manner of utilisation of net present value.-(1) The monies received towards net present value deposited in the State Fund shall be used in the manner provided in sub-rule (2) and sub-rule (3).
- 6. Not less than eighty percent of the monies referred to in sub-rule (1) shall be used for following activities for the forest and wildlife management in a State, namely:
 - a. assisted natural regeneration;
 - b. artificial regeneration;
 - c. silvicultural operations in forests;
 - d. protection of plantations and forests;
 - e. pest and disease control in forest;
 - f. forest fire prevention and control operations;
 - g. soil and moisture conservation works in the forest;
 - h. voluntary relocation of villages from protected areas;
 - i. improvement of wildlife habitat as provided in the approved wildlife management plan or working plan;
 - j. planting and rejuvenation of forest cover on non-forest land falling in wildlife corridors;
 - k. establishment, operation and maintenance of animal rescue centre and veterinary treatment facilities for wild animals;
 - l. supply of wood-saving cooking appliances and other forest produce saving devices in forest fringe villages as specified by the National Authority from time to time;
 - m. management of biological diversity and biological resource.

Explanation: In cases where funds towards wildlife management and conservation plans are specifically collected and deposited in State Fund, then the same shall be spent for wildlife management in specified wildlife area and not from the net present value.

7. Not more than twenty per cent. of the monies referred to in sub-rule (1) shall be utilised for strengthening of the forest and wildlife related infrastructure, capacity building of the personnel involved in utilisation of State Fund namely:

- a. establishment, up-gradation and maintenance of modern nurseries and other planting stock production facilities for production of quality planting materials;
- b. promoting conservation, sustainable use and documentation of biological diversity including preservation of habitats, conservation of land and folk varieties and cultivars, domesticated stocks and breeds of animals and microorganisms and chronicling of knowledge relating to biological diversity.
- c. purchase and maintenance of equipment or devices used for communication and information technology for the purpose of protection of forest and wildlife;
- d. construction, up-gradation and maintenance of inspection paths, forest roads in forest area, fire lines, watch towers, check posts and timber depots;
- e. construction of residential and official buildings in forests for front line staffs deployed for protection of forest and wildlife;
- f. casual engagement of local people or labours to assist regular staff of State Forest Department for works for protection of forest and wildlife undertaken from State Fund;
- g. survey and mapping of forest areas for forest fire control, compensatory afforestation works, soil and moisture conservation, catchment area treatment and wildlife management for preparing annual plans to be executed from the State Fund;
- h. independent concurrent monitoring and evaluation and third party monitoring of various works undertaken from State Fund;
- i. publicity-cum-awareness programme and exhibition on the various schemes being implemented by the State Authority from State Fund;
- j. production and distribution of quality planting material through certified nurseries at subsidised price for promotion of trees outside forests on Government lands promoted by State Government;
- k. forest certification and development of certification standards:

Provided that in case the activities referred to in sub rules (2) and (3) are to be undertaken in the forest land under the administrative control of the Forest Department of State Government, then the said activities shall be carried out as per the working plan:

Provided further that the said activities over forest land under the control of State Forest Department of State Government and being managed as per the working plan shall be taken up in consultation with the Gram Sabha or Village Forest Management Committee, as the case may be, and shall be inconsonance with the provisions of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 (2 of 2007) and the guidelines issued thereunder, wherever applicable:

Provided also that in case the said activities are to be undertaken in areas not covered by the approved working plan then activities referred to in sub rules (2) and (3)shall be taken up in consultation with concerned Gram Sabha or Village Forest Management Committee or any authority having jurisdiction over that area, as the case may be, and shall be in consonance with the provisions of the Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, 2006 (2 of 2007) and guidelines issued thereunder, wherever applicable.

- 8. The monies referred to in sub-rule (1) shall not be used for following activities, namely:
 - a. payment of salary, travelling allowances, medical expenses, etc. to regular, contractual and casual employees of the State Forest Department for implementing programmes in various forest divisions undertaken from the State Fund;
 - b. undertaking foreign visits;
 - c. payment for legal services for defending cases filed in Tribunals or Courts not related to the management of State Authority;

- d. purchase of vehicles or staff cars for officers and heavy vehicles and machines for the State Forest Department for implementing programmes in various forest divisions undertaken from the State Fund;
- e. construction of residential and official buildings for officers above the Forest Range Officer of the State Forest Department for implementing programmes in various forest divisions undertaken from the State Fund;
- f. leasing, hiring and purchase of land for afforestation purposes;
- g. purchase of furniture, office equipment, fixtures including air conditioners, and generator sets for residences and offices of the State Forest Department for implementing programmes in various forest divisions undertaken from the State Fund;
- h. mandatory afforestation as per the working plan in the forest in blanks created by commercial felling of trees for revenue generation undertaken under working plan prescription;
- i. undertaking forest and wildlife conservation and other activities undertaken under other schemes of the Government for the purpose of part financing the scheme for completing left over works or complementary works of such schemes;
- j. establishment, expansion and up-gradation of zoo and wildlife safari;
- k. providing financial support, either by way of grant or equity to existing or for setting up new forest corporations, boards, etc.

Explanation 1. While preparing the annual plan of operation for activities referred to in this rule,-

- a. priority shall be given to undertake identified activities in those villages which have been affected due to diversion of forest land;
- b. priority shall be given to undertake those identified activities which has employment potential for local communities and creates community assets for the benefit of local community;
- c. afforestation and plantation of indigenous plant species shall be undertaken in consultation with the local community dependent on forest.

Explanation 2.: The mixing of the monies received towards net present value shall not be allowed with any other state schemes under implementation from any other budget either for capital or spill over works and the works undertaken under sub-rule (2) and sub-rule (3) shall be on standalone basis and there shall not be any duplication of permitted works under different components.

- 9. Utilisation of interest accrued on deposits in State Fund.-The interest accrued on monies in the State Fund shall be used in the following manner:
 - a. not less than sixty per cent. of the interest transferred to the State Fund and further accrued on the amount available in the State Fund referred to in sub-rule (1) shall be spent on activities for the purpose of conservation and development of forest and wildlife namely:
 - i. to offset the incremental cost of compensatory afforestation and penal compensatory afforestation at the increased wage rates;
 - ii. to offset the incremental cost of catchment area treatment plan at the increased wage rates;
 - iii. to offset the incremental cost of wildlife management plan at the increased wage rates;
 - iv. for disbursement of salary and allowances of members and staffs, both regular and contractual, of the State Authority;
 - v. for disbursement of sitting fees and allowances to nominated members of the State Authority;
 - vi. activities referred to in sub-rules (2) and (3) of rule 5;
 - b. not more than forty per cent. of the interest transferred to the State Fund and further accrued on the amount available in the State Fund shall be spent for the non-recurring and recurring expenditure of the State Authority, namely:
 - i management of office establishment;
 - ii. office equipment including computers and peripherals and its maintenance for the State Authority;

- iii. hiring of staff cars for the use of the officers and officials of the State Authority;
- iv. hiring of buildings on lease for the office establishment and residences of the officers of State Authority;
- v. other contingencies for management of the State Authority, with the approval of the steering committee of the State Authority;
- vi. any other activity for management of the forests and wildlife not referred to in sub-rules (2) and (3) with the prior approval of the steering committee of the State Authority and included in the annual plan of operation.

Explanation.: Under no circumstances mixing of the interest accrued on the monies in the State Fund shall be allowed with any other State budget either for capital or spill over works and the works undertaken under this rule shall be on standalone basis and there shall not be any duplication of permitted works under different components.

- 10. Appointment of Chief Executive Officer of National Authority.-The Chief Executive Officer of the National Authority referred to in sub-section (5) of section 8 shall be appointed on deputation basis for a period not exceeding five years under Central Staffing Scheme of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change.
- 11. Appointment of Officers of National Authority.-The officers referred to in sub-section (4) and sub-section (5) of section 9 shall be appointed on deputation basis from the Central Government, State Government or Union territory under Non-Central Staffing Scheme of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change.
- 12. Appointment of Chief Executive Officer of State Authority.-The Chief Executive Officer of the State Authority referred to in sub-section (7) of section 10 shall be appointed on deputation basis for a period not exceeding five years by the State Government.
- 13. Appointment of Officers of State Authority.-The officers referred to in sub-section (4) and sub-section (5) of section 11 shall be appointed on deputation basis by the State Government.
- 14. Pay and allowances of officers.-The officers referred to in rules 7,8,9 and 10 shall be entitled to such pay and allowances as are admissible to the equivalent officers of the Central Government of Group 'A'.
- 15. Pay and Allowances of Officials.-The officials referred to in sub-section (5) of section 9 and sub-section (5) of section 11 and appointed on deputation basis shall be entitled to such pay and allowances as are admissible to the equivalent officials of the Central Government of Group "B" or Group 'C', as the case may be.
- 16. Pay and Allowances of Officials appointed on Contract Basis.-The officials referred to in subsection (5) of section 9 and sub-section (5) of section 11 and appointed on contract basis shall be entitled to such pay and allowances as are specified in their contract.
- 17. Sitting Fees and Allowances of non-official Members.
 - i. The non-official members of the National Authority and State Authority shall be paid such sitting fees and allowances, for attending the meetings and for any other work assigned to them, as may be specified in the order of their appointment.
 - ii. The sitting fee and allowances to be paid to the non-officials member of the National Authority referred to in the sub-rule (1) shall be paid from the National Fund as provided in sub-clause (i) of clause (b) of section 5.
 - iii. The sitting fee and allowances to be paid to the non-officials member of the State Authority referred in the sub rule (1) shall be paid from the interest referred to in clause (a) of rule 6.

18. Selection of non-official Members of National Authority

- i. The Central Government shall seek nomination from various Ministries or Departments of the Central Government, State Government and Union territory Administration for non-official members of National Authority.
- ii. The Ministry or Department referred to in sub-rule (1) shall forward the names of the non-official members with full credentials for consideration to the Central Government.
- iii. The non-official members referred to in sub-rule (1) shall be resident of India holding a Bachelor's Degree from a recognised University or equivalent in related field having work experience of ten years in the related field in the Central Government, State Government, Non-Government Organisation, Recognised Research Institute or University.
- iv. The non-official members referred to in sub-rule (1) shall not be employees of the Government: Provided that educational qualification and experience for the Scheduled Caste and the Schedule Tribe nominee may be relaxed by the Central Government on recommendation of the National Authority.

19. Selection of non-official Members of State Authority

- The Department of the State Government dealing with forests shall seek nomination from various Departments of the State Government, or Union territory Administration for nonofficial members of State Authority.
- ii. Departments of the State Government, District Administration of the State or Union territory shall forward the names for the non-official members of the State Authority with full credentials to the Department of the State Government dealing with forests for consideration.
- iii. The non-official members referred to in sub-rule (1) shall be resident of India holding a Bachelor's Degree from a recognised University or equivalent in related field having work experience of ten years in the related field in the Central Government, State Government, Non-Government Organisation, Recognised Research Institute or University.
- iv. The non-official members referred to in sub-rule (1) should not be employees of the Government:

Provided that educational qualification and experience for the Scheduled Caste and the Schedule Tribe nominee may be relaxed by the State Government on recommendation of the State Authority.

- 20. Selection Committee.-(1) The Selection Committee to prepare the panel of eligible candidates for appointment of non-official members of the National Authority shall comprise of the following, namely:
 - i. Secretary, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Government of India
 - ii. One Secretary from any other Ministry of the Central Government to be nominated by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Government of India
 - iii. One Chief Secretary from the State Government to be nominated by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Government of India
 - iv. Director General of Forests and Special Secretary, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Government of India
 - v. Additional Director General of Forests (Forest Conservation), Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Government of India
 - vi. Additional Director General of Forests (Wildlife), Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Government of India-Chairman member.
 - vii. Chief Executive Officer of the National Authority Member Secretary.
- 2. The Selection Committee to prepare the panel of eligible candidates for appointment of non-official members of the State Authority shall comprise of the following, namely:
 - i. Chief Secretary of the State Chairman;
 - ii Additional Chief Secretary or Principal Secretary in-charge of the Forest Department in the State

- iii. One Additional Chief Secretary or Principal Secretary or Secretary in the State Government nominated by the State Government -Member
- iv. Principal Chief Conservator of Forests (Head of Forest Force) Member;
- v. Chief Wildlife Warden of the State Member;
- vi. Head of the concerned Regional Office of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change - Member
- vii. Chief Executive Officer of the State Authority Member- Secretary.
- 21. Disqualifications of non-official members of National Authority and State Authority
 - 1. A person shall be disqualified for being appointed as a non-official member of the National Authority and State Authority, if he
 - i. has been convicted and sentenced to imprisonment for an offence which, in the opinion of the Central Government or the State Government, as the case may be, involves moral turpitude; or
 - ii. is an un-discharged insolvent; or
 - iii. is of unsound mind and stands so declared by the competent court; or
 - iv. has been removed or dismissed from the service of the Government or other organisation or undertaking owned by the Government; or
 - v. has, in the opinion of the Central Government or the State Government, as the case may be, such financial or other interest in the National Authority and State Authority, as the case may be, as is likely to affect the duties discharged by him as a member.
 - 2. No order of removal shall be made by the Central Government or the State Government under this section unless the member concerned has been given a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against the same.
 - 3. Notwithstanding anything contained in this rule, a member who has been removed under this section shall not be eligible for re-nomination as a member.
 - 4. If a non-official member of the National Authority or State Authority becomes subject to any of the disqualifications referred to in sub-rule (1), his seat shall become vacant.
- 22. Meeting of the Governing Body, Executive Committee and monitoring group of the National Authority.
 - 1. The governing body of the National Authority shall meet on such date and place as may be decided by its Chairperson in consultation with the Member-Secretary of the governing body to consider the issues listed in the agenda prepared by the Member-Secretary.
 - 2. The executive committee of the National Authority shall meet on such date and place as may be decided by its Chairperson in consultation with the Member-Secretary of the executive committee to consider the issues listed in the agenda prepared by the Member-Secretary.
 - 3. The monitoring group of the National Authority shall meet at on such date and place and agenda as may be decided by the Director General, Forest survey of India, Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change, Government of India.
- 23. Notice of Meeting.-For any meeting of the governing body, executive committee or monitoring group five days clear notice shall be given to the members, excluding the day of the posting of notice and day of the meeting:
 - Provided that in case of urgency, the Member-Secretary of the governing body, executive committee and monitoring group of the National Authority, as the case may be, shall be competent to convene the meeting at a short notice with the approval of the Chairperson of the respective body.
- 24. **Quorum of Meeting:** One half of the members including the Chairperson shall constitute the quorum at any meeting of the governing body, executive committee or monitoring group, as the case may be, and any fraction shall be rounded off to the next higher number.

- 25. **Adjournment of Meeting:** Where a quorum is not present within thirty minutes of the time notified for the commencement of the meeting, the same shall stand adjourned to the same day, time and place the following week, and the members present at the adjourned meeting shall form the quorum.
- 26. **Decision in Meeting:** The decisions in the meeting shall be by a simple majority of the members present and voting.
- 27. **Meeting to be Chaired by Chairpersons, etc.:** Every meeting of the National Authority shall be chaired by the Chairperson and in his absence, by any member of the concerned body as decided by the said body.

28. Meetings of Governing Body, Steering Committee and Executive Committee of State Authority:

- 1. The governing body of the State Authority shall meet on such date and place as may be decided by its Chairperson in consultation with the Member-Secretary of the governing body to consider the issues listed in the agenda prepared by the Member-Secretary.
- 2. The steering committee of the State Authority shall meet on such date and place as may be decided by its Chairperson in consultation with the Member-Secretary of the steering committee to consider the issues listed in the agenda prepared by the Member-Secretary.
- 3. The executive committee of the State Authority shall meet on such date and place as may be decided by its Chairperson in consultation with the Member-Secretary of the executive committee to consider the issues listed in the agenda prepared by the Member-Secretary.
- 29. **Notice of Meeting:** For any meeting of the governing body, steering committee or executive committee five days clear notice shall be given to the members, excluding the day of the posting of notice and the and day of the meeting:
 - Provided that in case of urgency, the Member-Secretary of the governing body, steering committee or executive committee as the case may be shall be competent to convene the meeting at a short notice with the approval of the chairperson of the respective body.
- 30. **Quorum of Meeting:** One half of the members including the Chairperson shall constitute the quorum at any meeting of the governing body, steering committee or executive committee, as the case may be, and any fraction shall be rounded off to the next higher number.
- 31. **Adjournment of Meeting:** Where a quorum is not present within thirty minutes of the time notified for the commencement of the meeting, the same shall stand adjourned to the same day, time and place the following week, and the members present at the adjourned meeting shall form the quorum.
- 32. **Decision in Meeting:** The decisions in the meeting shall be by a simple majority of the members present and voting.
- 33. **Meeting to be Chaired by Chairpersons, etc.:** Every meeting of the State Authority shall be chaired by the Chairperson and in his absence, any member of the concerned body as decided by the said body.
- 34. **Financial regulation and procedures of National Authority:** The financial regulation and procedures, in particular the procedure for drawing up and implementing the budget of the National Authority shall be in accordance with the General Financial Rules 2017 and the orders issued by the Central Government from time to time in this regards.

- 35. **Preparation of Budget of National Authority:** The National Authority shall prepare its budget for the next financial year showing the estimated receipts and expenditure of National authority in Form-I based on the annual plan of operation including various schemes of the National Authority prepared and approved by the governing body for the next financial year, showing the estimated receipts and expenditure of the National Authority and forward the same to the Central Government in each financial year by the 31st December.
- 36. **Maintenance of accounts and preparation of annual statement of accounts by National Authority:** The monthly statement of accounts for the receipt and payment and expenditure shall be prepared in Form-II and annual statement of accounts of the National Authority shall be prepared in Form-III, and the National authority shall maintain the records and accounts in Form-IV.
- 37. **Annual Reports:** The annual report shall be prepared by the National Authority giving brief description of all activities undertaken from National Fund with separate headings and compiled in separate chapters and the reports shall include summary of works undertaken and schemes prepared and approved in annual plan of operation, and the annual report shall be in Form-V.
- 38. **Financial regulation and procedures of State Authority:** The financial regulation and procedures, in particular the procedure for drawing up and implementing the budget of the State Authority shall be in accordance with the General Financial Rules 2017 and the orders issued by the Central Government and State Government from time to time in this regards.
- 39. **Preparation of budget of State Authority:** The State Authority shall prepare its budget for the next financial year showing the estimated receipts and expenditure of State Authority in Form-VI based on the annual plan of operation prepared and approved by the governing body for the next financial year, showing the estimated receipts and expenditure of the State Authority and forward the same to the State Government and Central Government in each financial year by the 31st December.
- 40. **Maintenance of accounts and preparation of annual statement of accounts by State Authority:** The monthly statement of accounts shall be prepared in Form-VII; the monthly statement of the State Authority on physical and financial achievements shall be prepared in Form-VIII and annual statement of accounts of the State Authority shall be prepared in Form-IX, and the State Authority shall maintain its records and accounts in Form-X.
- 41. **Annual reports:** The annual report shall be prepared by the State Authority giving brief description of all activities undertaken from State Fund with separate headings and compiled in separate chapters and the reports shall include summary of works undertaken and schemes prepared and approved in annual plan of operation, and the annual report shall include the statement in Form-XI.

The annual plan of operation of State Authority.-The annual plan of operation of the State Authority shall be prepared in Form-XII and shall be submitted by the State Authority before the 31st December of every year to the National Authority for the next financial year.

Form-I

Annual Budget proposal of National Authority for financial year [see rule 32]

S.No. Description Current Financial Year (in Rs) Last Financial Year (in Rs)

- 1. a. Opening Balance of funds received from adhoc Authority as on 1st April
 - b. Opening Balance of amount received from State Authority as on 1st April
 - c. Opening Balance of loans/grants etc. received as on 1st April
- 2. Total funds available with National Authority (as on 1st April)(1+2)
- 3. (i) Annual Expenditure of National Authority out of National Fund
 - a. Recurring Management Expenditure
 - i. Personnel services and benefits
 - ii. Administrative Expenses
 - iii. Other Administrative Expenses
 - iv. Any other expenditure
 - b. Non recurring Management Expenditure like Creation of Capital Asset
 - c. Expenditure on Ongoing Schemes
 - d. Expenditure on New Schemes
 - e. Monitoring and Evaluation Expenditure
- 3. (ii) Total estimated expenditure out of grants/loans etc.
- 4. (i) Estimated Gross Total Expenditure {3(i)+3(ii)}
 - (ii) Estimated payments to State Authorities out of funds received from ad hoc Authority.
- 5. Total closing balance with National Authority
 - a. Closing balance of funds received from ad hoc Authority
 - b. Closing balance out of receipt from State Authority
 - c. Closing balance of grants/loans etc.

Declaration

The budget proposal as mentioned above has been approved and adopted by the National Authority.

Date:

Form-II

Member-Secretary National Authority

Monthly Statement of Accounts of National Authority for the Receipt and Payment/Expenditure Month Financial year._

[see rule 33] 1 2 3 4 5

- S.No. Head Current month (in rupees) Last month (in rupees) Cumulative amount till this month(in rupees)
- I. Total Opening balance of National Fund (a+b+c+d)
 - a. Opening Balance of Principal Amount of National Fund out of 10% share of ad hoc Authority
 - b. Opening balance amount of 10% share received by National Fund from State Fund
 - c. Opening balance amount of interest accrued to National Fund
 - d. Opening balance amount of grants, loans, etc. unspent by National Authority
- II. Opening balance amount of share of State Fund, under ad hoc Authority still lying with National Fund (a+b)
 - a. Opening balance amount of 90% share of ad hoc Authority due to State Fund, still lying with National Fund (Mention names of states)
 - b. Opening balance amount of Interest on 90% share of ad hoc Authority due to State Funds, still lying with National Fund (mention names of states)
- III. Total Amount received by National Fund during the year (a+b)
 - a. Amount of interest accrued to National Fund
 - i. Amount of interest accrued to National Fund out of 10% share of ad hoc Authority and under Act
 - ii. Amount of interest accrued to National Fund out of 90% share of ad hoc Authority still not transferred from National fund to State Fund
 - b. Amount of receipt by National Fund (other than ad hoc Authority) (i + ii)
 - i. Receipt of funds from State Funds (10% as share of National Fund)
 - ii. Amount of grants, loans etc. received
- IV. Amount of 10% share of National Fund collected by States under the Act with interest thereon and not transferred to National Fund (mention names of states)
- V. Total payment by National Fund to State Fund out of ad hoc Authority (a+b) Payments by National Fund to State Fund (Out of 90% of ad hoc Authority) (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9)
 - 1. Compensatory Afforestation
 - 2. Additional Compensatory Afforestation
 - 3. Penal Compensatory Afforestation
 - 4. Net Present Value
 - 5. Penal Net Present Value
 - 6. Catchment Area Treatment Charges
 - 7. Wildlife Conservation Plan Charges
 - 8. Safety Zone Treatment Charges
 - 9. Others (please specify)
 - b Payment from National Fund to State Fund out of interest accrued on ad hoc Authority

- VI. Total Expenditure by National Authority during the year out of Principal and Interest amount (a+b)
 - (a) Administrative Expenditure (i+ii+iii+iv+v+vi)
 - i. Personnel services and benefits
 - ii. Administrative Expenses
 - iii. Other administrative expenses
 - iv. Monitoring and Evaluation Expenditure
 - v. Other administrative expenses
 - vi. Non recurring Management Expenditure like Creation of Capital Asset
 - (b) Expenditure on Schemes (i+ii+iii)
 - i. Expenditure on ongoing schemes
 - ii. Expenditure on New Schemes
 - iii. Others
- VII Total closing balance of National Fund (a+b+c+d)
 - a. Closing Balance of Principal Amount of National Fund (10% share of ad hoc Authority)
 - b. Closing balance amount of 10% share received by National Fund from State Funds under the Act.
 - c. Closing balance amount of interest accrued to National Fund
 - d. Closing balance amount of grants, loans, etc. received by National Authority
- VIII a. Closing balance amount of 90% share of ad hoc Authority due to State Funds, still lying with National Fund (mention names of States)
 - b. Closing balance amount of Interest on 90% share of ad hoc Authority due to State Funds, still lying with National Fund (mention names of States)

Declaration

The above Report has been verified and found correct. The report has been adopted by National Authority Date:

Signature

Member-Secretary, National Authority.

Form-III

Annual statement of Accounts of National Authority for Financial Year	[see rule 33
As on 31st March	

1 2 3 4

Sl. No Description Current Financial Year (in Rs.) Last Financial Year (in Rs.)

- I. Total Opening balance of National Fund (a+b+c+d+e+f)
 - a. Opening Balance of Principal Amount of National Fund (10% share of ad hoc Authority)
 - b. Opening balance amount of 10% share received by National Fund from State Fund under the Act
 - c. Opening balance amount of interest received by National Fund (Both ad hoc Authority and under the Act)
 - d. Opening balance amount of grants, loans etc. received by National Authority
 - e. Opening balance amount of 90% share of ad hoc Authority due to State Funds, still lying with National Fund (mention names of States)
 - f. Opening balance amount of Interest on 90% share of ad hoc Authority due to State Funds, still lying with National Fund (Mention names of States)
- II. Total Opening balance of State Funds (a+b+c+d)
 - a. Opening balance of principal amount component wise of all states after expenditure (90% share of ad hoc Authority) (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9)
 - 1. Compensatory Afforestation
 - 2. Additional Compensatory Afforestation
 - 3. Penal Compensatory Afforestation
 - 4. Net Present Value
 - 5. Penal Net Present Value
 - 6. Catchment Area Treatment Charges
 - 7. Wildlife Conservation Plan Charges
 - 8. Safety Zone Treatment Charges
 - 9. Others (please specify)
 - b. Opening balance amount of interest received by State Funds (both on ad hoc Authority and deposit under the Act)
 - c. Opening balance amount of grants, loans, etc. received by State Authority
 - d. Opening balance amount of 10% share of National Fund collected under the Act by States and not transferred to National Fund
- III. Total amount received by National Fund during the year (a+b)
 - a. Amount of interest accrued to National Fund
 - i. Amount of interest accrued to National Fund out of 10% share of ad hoc Authority
 - ii. Amount of interest accrued to National Fund out of 90% share of ad hoc Authority still not transferred by National Fund to State Fund
 - b. Amount of receipt by National Fund (Other than ad hoc Authority)

(i + ii)

REPORT ON "MONITORING AND EVALUATION OF PLANTATION RAISED UNDER CAMPA IN THE STATE OF UTTARAKHAND"

- i. Receipt of funds from State Funds (10% as share of National Fund) under the Act
- ii. Amount of grants, loans etc. received
- IV. Outstanding dues of National Fund, received by State Fund under the Act
 - i. Amount of 10% share of National Fund under the Act collected by States and not transferred to National Fund (Mention names of states)
 - ii. Amount of interest accrued to State Fund (on outstanding National Fund's 10% share not transferred to National Fund)
- V. Total Amount received by State Fund during the year (a+b)
 - a. Amount of interest accrued to State Fund (on State Fund deposits)
 - b. Amount of received by State Fund (Other than ad hoc Authority) (i + ii)
 - i. Receipt of funds by State Fund (90% as share of State Fund under the Act)
 - ii. Amount of grants, loans etc. received by State Fund
- VI. Total payment by National Fund to State Fund out of ad hoc Authority (a+b)
 - a. Payments by National Fund to State Fund (Out of 90% of ad hoc Authority) (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9)
 - 1. Compensatory Afforestation
 - 2. Additional Compensatory Afforestation
 - 3. Penal Compensatory Afforestation
 - 4. Net Present Value
 - 5. Penal Net Present Value
 - 6. Catchment Area Treatment Charges
 - 7. Wildlife Conservation Plan Charges
 - 8. Safety Zone Treatment Charges
 - 9. Others (please specify)
 - b. Payment by National Fund to State Fund out of interest accrued of ad hoc Authority
- VII. Total expenditure by National Authority during the year out of principal and interest amount (a+b)
 - (a) Administrative Expenditure (i+ii+iii+iv+v+vi)
 - i. Personnel services and benefits
 - ii. Administrative Expenses
 - iii. Other administrative expenses
 - iv. Monitoring and Evaluation Expenditure
 - v. Other administrative expenses
 - vi. Non recurring Management Expenditure like Creation of Capital Asset
 - (b) Expenditure on Schemes (i+ii+iii)
 - i. Expenditure on Ongoing Schemes
 - ii. Expenditure on New Schemes
 - iii. Others
- VIII. Total Expenditure from State Fund (i+ii)
 - i. Total expenditure from State Fund out of ad hoc Authority
 - ii. Total expenditure from State Fund under the Act

- IX. Total Closing balance of National Fund (a+b+c+d+d+e+f)
 - a. Closing Balance of principal amount of National Fund (10% share of ad hoc Authority)
 - b. Closing balance amount of 10% share received by National Fund from State Fund under the Act
 - c. Closing balance amount of interest received by National Fund
 - d. Closing balance amount of grants, loans, etc. received by National Authority
 - e. Closing balance amount of 90% share of ad hoc Authority due to State Fund, still lying with National Fund (Mention names of states) (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9)
 - 1. Compensatory Afforestation
 - 2. Additional Compensatory Afforestation
 - 3. Penal Compensatory Afforestation
 - 4. Net Present Value
 - 5. Penal Net Present Value
 - 6. Catchment Area Treatment Charges
 - 7. Wildlife Conservation Plan Charges
 - 8. Safety Zone Treatment Charges
 - 9. Others (please specify)
 - f. Closing balance amount of Interest on 90% share of ad hoc Authority due to State Fund, still lying with National Fund (Mention names of states)
- X. Total Closing balance of State Fund (a+b+c+d)
 - a. Closing balance of principal amount component wise of all states after expenditure (90% share of ad hoc Authority) (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9)
 - b. Closing balance amount of interest received by State Fund (both on ad hoc Authority and under the Act)
 - c. Closing balance of grants, loans, etc. received by State Authority
 - d. Closing balance amount of 10% share of National Fund collected by States under the Act and not transferred to National Fund along with interest
- XI. Cumulative figure of National Fund outstanding dues from states (Out of 10% share of National Fund collected by States under the Act and not transferred to National Fund along with interest)

Declaration

The above report has been verified and found correct. The report has been adopted by National Authority.

Date

Form-IV

Records and Accounts to be maintained by the National Authority [see rule 33]

Signature Member-Secretary, National Authority.

The following accounts/records will be maintained:

- 1. Cash Book, Ledger, Journal, Public Fund Accounts Register
- 2. Stock Register, Fixed Asset Register.
- 3. Registers showing expenditure by Heads of Accounts.
- 4. Monthly financial statement of Accounts and physical output
- 5. Quarterly Monitoring Register
- 6. Register for Annual Share of National Fund from the State Fund (State wise)
- 7. Register of Grants/Loans etc.
- 8. Records of schemes approved and executed by the National Authority including statement of funds released to beneficiaries of the scheme.

Form-V

Statement of Accounts of National Authority for the financial year ending on 31st March, 20... [see rule 34] (Separate Forms for other Grants/Loans etc. are to be submitted) As on 31st March

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

S.No. Head Physical output as approved in annual plan of operation

(in units) Actual physical achievement during the year (in units) Cumulative physical achievement till date. (in units) Budget allocation during the year (in Rs) Actual amount spent (in Rs) Cumulative amount till date (in Rs)

- I Schemes
 - a. Ongoing schemes
 - i.
 - ii.
 - iii.
 - iv. v
 - b. New Schemes
 - i.
 - ii.
 - iii.
 - iv.
 - v.
 - v. vi.
 - c. Others (specify)
 - i.
 - ii.
 - iii.
 - **i**37

Budget Allocation (in Rs.) Actual amount spent during the year(in Rs.) Actual amount spent during last year(in Rs.) Remarks II a. Administrative Charges*

- b. Other Administrative Expenses*
- c. Others*
- III Monitoring and Evaluation
 - a. Annual Audit
 - b. Comptroller and Auditor General Audit
 - c. E-green

Watch Outcome

d. Third Party

Monitoring

Declaration:

The above Report has been verified and found correct. The Report has been adopted by National Authority

Signature Member-Secretary, National Authority

Notes:

- IIa* Administrative charges include Staff salary and wages, Pay and Allowances, Overtime Allowances, Pensionary charges, Medical Treatment, Administrative Expenses, Domestic Travel, Foreign Travel, Office Expenses, Electricity and Power, Water Charges, Rent, Rates and Taxes (including property tax), Hire, Purchase and Maintenance of Staff Car including petroleum, oil and lubricants (POL).
- IIb* Other administrative charges include Sitting fee and admissible allowances to the non-official members of the National Authority, Expenditure on conference, seminar, workshop, etc., Training Programme, Advertisement & Publicity, Minor works, Professional Services, Other contractual Services.
- IIIc* Others include Cartage and Carriage inwards (on purchase of fixed assets/non-recurring items), Printing and Publications (other than academic), Subscription Expenses (other than academic), Non recurring management expenditure like, creation of Capital Asset of National authority, any other expenditure.

Form-VI

Annual Budget proposal of State Authority for financial year Submitted along with the Annual Plan of Operation [see rule 35]

- S.No. Description Current Financial Year (in Rs) Last Financial Year (in Rs)
- 1. a. Opening Balance of funds received from National Authority as on 1st April
 - b. Opening Balance of loans/grants etc. received as on 1st April
- 2. Estimated Annual receipt of State Authority
 - a. Receipt of Fund by State Authorities from User agencies
 - b. Receipt of accrual of interest on State Fund
 - c. Receipt of Grants/loans/others of State Authority
 - d. Any Other Income
- 3. Total estimated funds available with State Authority (as on 1st April)(1+2)
- 4. i. Annual proposed expenditure of State Authority out of State Fund Activities to be undertaken from interest (specify) under rule 6
 - Recurring Management Expenditure i. Personnel services and benefits*
 - ii. Administrative Expenses**
 - iii. Other Administrative Expenses***
 - iv. Any other expenditure

Activities to be undertaken from Net Present value (specify) under rule 5

- a. Non recurring Management Expenditure like Creation of Capital Asset/
- b. Afforestation and other permissible activities
- c. Expenditure on Ongoing works
- d. Expenditure on New works
- e. Monitoring and Evaluation Expenditure
- ii. Compensatory Afforestation works
- iii. Catchment Area Treatment works
- iv. Wildlife Management works
- v. Other (specify)
- vi. Total estimated expenditure out of grants/loans etc.
- 5. i. Estimated Gross Total Expenditure $\{4(i)+4(ii)+4(ii)+4(iv)+4(v)+4(vi)\}$
 - ii. Estimated payments to National Authorities out of funds received from use agency.
- 6. Total closing balance with State Authority
 - a. Closing balance of funds received from National Authority
 - b. Closing balance out of receipt from User agencies
 - c. Closing balance of grants/loans etc.

Declaration

The budget proposal as mentioned above has been approved and adopted by the State Authority. Date: Member-Secretary State Authority

- **Note-1:** for the purpose of budget estimate (referred in serial number 1, 2 and 3) for the year under consideration the opening balance refers to the fund available as on the 1st April of the previous year.
- Note 2: *Personnel services and benefits includes -Staff salary and wages, Pay and Allowances, Travelling Allowances, Overtime Allowances, Pensionary charges, Medical Treatment etc.
- Notes-2: ** Administrative expenses include Office Expenses, Electricity and Power, Water Charges, Rent, Rates and Taxes (including property tax), Hire, Purchase & Maintenance of Staff Car including petroleum, oil and lubricants (POL) of the State Authority.
- Note-3: *** Other administrative expenses include Sitting fee and admissible allowances to the non-official members of the National Authority, Expenditure on conference, seminar, workshop, etc. Training Programme, Advertisement and Publicity, Minor works, Professional Services, Other contractual Services.

Form-VII

Annual Budget proposal of State Authority for financial year Submitted along with the Annual Plan of Operation [see rule 35]

S.No. Description Current Financial Year (in Rs) Last Financial Year (in Rs)

- 1. a. Opening Balance of funds received from National Authority as on 1st April
 - b. Opening Balance of loans/grants etc. received as on 1st April
- 2. Estimated Annual receipt of State Authority
 - a. Receipt of Fund by State Authorities from User agencies
 - b. Receipt of accrual of interest on State Fund
 - c. Receipt of Grants/loans/others of State Authority
 - d. Any Other Income
- 3. Total estimated funds available with State Authority (as on 1st April)(1+2)
- 4. i. Annual proposed expenditure of State Authority out of State Fund Activities to be undertaken from interest (specify) under rule 6

Recurring Management Expenditure

- i. Personnel services and benefits*
- ii. Administrative Expenses**
- iii. Other Administrative Expenses***
- iv. Any other expenditure

Activities to be undertaken from Net Present value (specify) under rule 5

- a. Non recurring Management Expenditure like Creation of Capital Asset/
- b. Afforestation and other permissible activities
- c. Expenditure on Ongoing works
- d. Expenditure on New works
- e. Monitoring and Evaluation Expenditure
- ii. Compensatory Afforestation works
- iii. Catchment Area Treatment works
- iv. Wildlife Management works
- v. Other (specify)
- vi. Total estimated expenditure out of grants/loans etc.
- 5. i. Estimated Gross Total Expenditure {4(i)+4(ii)+4(ii)+4(iv)+4(v)+4(vi)}
 - ii. Estimated payments to National Authorities out of funds received from use agency.
- 6. Total closing balance with State Authority
 - a. Closing balance of funds received from National Authority
 - b. Closing balance out of receipt from User agencies
 - c. Closing balance of grants/loans etc.

Declaration

The budget proposal as mentioned above has been approved and adopted by the State Authority. Date: Member-Secretary State Authority

- **Note-1:** for the purpose of budget estimate (referred in serial number 1, 2 and 3) for the year under consideration the opening balance refers to the fund available as on the 1st April of the previous year.
- Note 2: *Personnel services and benefits includes -Staff salary and wages, Pay and Allowances, Travelling Allowances, Overtime Allowances, Pensionary charges, Medical Treatment etc.
- Notes-2: ** Administrative expenses include Office Expenses, Electricity and Power, Water Charges, Rent, Rates and Taxes (including property tax), Hire, Purchase & Maintenance of Staff Car including petroleum, oil and lubricants (POL) of the State Authority.
- Note-3: *** Other administrative expenses include Sitting fee and admissible allowances to the non-official members of the National Authority, Expenditure on conference, seminar, workshop, etc. Training Programme, Advertisement and Publicity, Minor works, Professional Services, Other contractual Services.

Form-VIII

Monthly Statement of State Authority on Physical and Financial achievements by the State [see rule 37]

Sl.No. Description

Physical outcome Target as approved in annual plan of operation (in hectare/trees) Actual physical achievement during the year (in hectare/trees) Cumulative achievement till date. (in hectare/trees) Current Month (in rupees) Last Month (in rupees) Cumulative amount till this month (in rupees)

- I. Total Expenditure out of ad hoc Authority funds [Total Component wise works from Principal Amount] (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9)
 - 1. Compensatory Afforestation
 - 2. Additional Compensatory Afforestation
 - 3. Penal Compensatory Afforestation
 - 4. Net Present Value
 - 5. Penal Net Present Value
 - 6. Catchment Area Treatment Charges
 - 7. Wildlife Conservation Plan Charges
 - 8. Safety Zone Treatment Charges
 - 9. Others (please specify)
- II. Amount of expenditure from State Fund out of 90% share [Total component wise works from principal amount] (1+2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9)

Total Component wise Principal Amount works

- 1. Compensatory Afforestation
- 2. Additional Compensatory Afforestation
- 3. Penal Compensatory Afforestation
- 4. Net Present Value
- 5. Penal Net Present Value
- 6. Catchment Area Treatment Charges
- 7. Wildlife Conservation Plan Charges
- 8. Safety Zone Treatment Charges
- 9. Others (please specify)
- III. Total Expenditure by State Funds out of interest transferred from ad hoc Authority
- IVa. Amount Spent by State Fund (60% of interest accrued)[1+2+3+4+5+6]
 - 1. to offset the incremental cost of compensatory afforestation and penal compensatory afforestation at the increased wage rates;
 - 2. to offset the incremental cost of catchment area treatment plan at the increased wage rates;
 - 3. to offset the incremental cost of wildlife management plan at the increased wage rates
 - 4. Disbursement of salary and allowances of members and staffs, both regular and contractual, of the State Authority constituted under the Act;
 - 5. Disbursement of sitting fees and allowances to nominated members of the State Authority constituted under the Act;
 - 6. activities referred in sub rule (2) and (3) of rule 5
- IVb. Amount Spent by State Fund (40% of Interest accrued)

Total Administrative Expenditure (i+ii+iii+iv+v+vi)

- i. Personnel services and benefits
- ii. Administrative Expenses
- iii. Other administrative expenses
- iv. Monitoring and Evaluation Expenditure
- v. Non recurring management expenditure like creation of capital asset
- vi. Other expenditures referred in sub-rule (b) of rule 6
- V. Outstanding dues to be paid to National Fund under the Act (out of 10% share and accrued interest on the National Fund share not transferred)

Declaration

The above report has been verified and found correct. The report has been adopted by State Authority. Date:

Form-IX

Signature Member-Secretary State Authority

Annual Statement of State Authority on Physical and Financial achievements by the State [see rule 37]

- Sl.No. Description Physical Target as approved in annual plan of operation (in units) Actual physical achievement during the year (in units) Physical Target (others)

 Physical Achievements (others) Financial Target (in Rs) Financial Achievement (in Rs)
- I. Total expenditure out of ad hoc Authority funds [Total Component wise works from Principal Amount] (1+2+3+4+5+6+7)
 - 1. Compensatory Afforestation
 - 2. Additional Compensatory Afforestation
 - 3. Penal Compensatory Afforestation
 - 4. Net Present Value
 - 5. Catchment Area Treatment Charges
 - 6. Wildlife Conservation Plan Charges
 - 7. Others (please specify)
- II. Amount of expenditure by State Fund out of 90% share [Total Component wise works from Principal Amount] (1+2+3+4+5+6+7)

Total Component wise Principal Amount works

- 1. Compensatory Afforestation
- 2. Additional Compensatory Afforestation
- 3. Penal Compensatory Afforestation
- 4. Net Present Value
- 5. Catchment Area Treatment Charges
- 6. Wildlife Conservation Plan Charges
- 7. Others (please specify)
- III. Total Expenditure by State Funds out of interest transferred from ad hoc Authority
- IVa. Amount Spent by State Fund (60% of interest accrued)[1+2+3+4+5+6]
 - 1. to offset the incremental cost of compensatory afforestation and penal compensatory afforestation at the increased wage rates;
 - 2. to offset the incremental cost of catchment area treatment plan at the increased wage rates;
 - 3. to offset the incremental cost of wildlife management plan at the increased wage rate
 - 4. Disbursement of salary and allowances of members and staffs, both regular and contractual, of the State Authority constituted under the Act;
 - 5. Disbursement of sitting fees and allowances to nominated members of the State Authority constituted under the Act;
 - 6. activities referred in sub rule (2) and (3) of rule 5
- IVb. Amount Spent by State Fund (40% of Interest accrued)

Total Administrative Expenditure (i+ii+iii+iv+v+vi)

- vii. Personnel services and benefits
- viii. Administrative Expenses
- ix. Other administrative expenses
- x. Monitoring and Evaluation Expenditure
- xi. Non recurring management expenditure like creation of capital asset
- xii. Other expenditures referred in sub-rule (b) of rule 6
- V. Outstanding dues to be paid to National Fund under the Act (out of 10% share and accrued interest on the National Fund share not transferred)

Declaration

The above report has been verified and found correct. The report has been adopted by State Authority. Date:

Form-X

Records and Accounts to be maintained by the State Authority [see rule 37]

Signature Member-Secretary State Authority

The following accounts/records shall be maintained:

- 1. Cash Book, Ledger, Journal, and Public Fund Accounts Register.
- 2. Stock Register and Fixed Asset Register.
- 3. Registers showing expenditure by Heads of Accounts.
- 4. Monthly financial statement of Accounts and physical outputs.
- 5. Quarterly Monitoring Register.
- 6. Register for Annual Share of National Fund from the State Fund (State wise)
- 7. Register of Grants/Loans, etc.
- 8. Work register recording all physical works and corresponding expenditure carried out State Fund.
- 9. Plantation journal.

Form-XI

Statement of Accounts of State Authority for the financial year ending on 31st March, [see rule 38] (Separate Forms for other Grants/Loans etc. are to be submitted) As on 31st March........

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

S. No. Head Physical output as

Physical output as approved in annual plan of operation (in units) Actual physical achievement during the year(in units) Cumulative physical achievement till date. (in units) Budget allocation during the year(in Rs) Actual amount spent (in Rs) Cumulative amount till date (in Rs)

I Schemes

- 1. Compensatory Afforestation
- 2. Additional Compensatory Afforestation
- 3. Penal Compensatory Afforestation
- 4. Net Present Value
- 5. Catchment Area Treatment Charges
- 6. Improvement/protection of forest
- 7. Publicity and Education
- 8. Training
- 9. Movable assets

i ii iii

10. Immovable assets

i ii

11. Other (specify)

i. ii

Budget Allocation (in Rs.) Actual amount spent during the year (in Rs.) Actual amount spent during last year (in Rs.) Remarks

- II a. Administrative Charges*
 - b. Other Administrative Expenses*
 - c. Others*

III Monitoring and Evaluation

- e. Annual Audit
- f. Comptroller and Auditor General Audit
- g. E-green Watch Outcome
- h. Third Party Monitoring

Declaration

The above Report has been verified and found correct. The Report has been adopted by State Authority. Date:

Signature

Member-Secretary State Authority

Notes: **IIa** *Administrative charges include - Staff salary and wages, Pay and Allowances, Overtime Allowances, Pensionary charges, Medical Treatment, Administrative Expenses, Domestic Travel, Foreign Travel, Office Expenses, Electricity and Power, Water Charges, Rent, Rates and Taxes (including property tax), leasing and hiring of Staff Car including petroleum, oil and lubricants (POL), leasing and hiring of buildings for State Authority

IIb *Other administrative charges include - Expenditure on conference, seminar, workshop, etc. Training Programme, Advertisement and Publicity, Minor works, Professional Services, Other contractual Services.

IIIc *Others include Cartage and Carriage inwards (on purchase of fixed assets/non-recurring items), Printing and Publications (other than academic), Subscription Expenses (other than academic), Non recurring management expenditure like, creation of Capital Asset of State Authority, any other expenditure.

Form-XII

[see rule 39]

Annual Plan of Operation [To be submitted by the 31st December of current year for next financial year] The annual plan of operation (APO) shall be prepared in the following parts:

- 1. Part-1: Brief history and past performance Part-I of APO shall contain:
 - (a) Brief description of forests and forestry sector in the State.
 - (b) Compensatory afforestation, other forestry and related schemes (physical and financial) including catchment area treatment, wildlife management and community development works and activities carried out therein in the State in last five years from the State Fund, in tabular form.
 - (c) Forestry and other related schemes (physical and financial) and activities carried out therein in the state in previous years from the fund received under other schemes of the Government in tabular form.
 - (d) Year wise total forest area diverted in the various districts/ forest divisions of the State since 1980, in tabular form.
 - (e) Year wise total compensatory afforestation carried out in the State since 1980, in tabular form.
 - (f) Brief description and abstract of the monitoring work done by the Monitoring and Evaluation Wing of the State Forest Department.
 - (g) Brief description and abstract of the monitoring work done by the independent monitor (Third Party Monitoring) in the State
 - (h) Any other important information for consideration relevant for preparing APO.
- 2. Part-II: Activities to be undertaken for compensatory afforestation, additional compensatory afforestation, penal compensatory afforestation, catchment area treatment plan and for any other site specific scheme may be used as per site-specific schemes submitted by the State along with the approved proposals for diversion of forest land under the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980 (69 of 1980) referred to in clause (a) of section 6 of the Act:
 - (a) District/ forest division wise details of new compensatory afforestation, catchment area treatment plan works, wildlife management activities to be done as per the conditions imposed under forest clearance granted by the Central Government under the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980.
 - (b) Location, estimated cost and implementation schedule of each activity proposed to be executed from State Fund to be provided district / division wise.
 - (c) Details of maintenance works in physical and financial terms proposed to be undertaken in the current financial year in the case of compensatory afforestation work, catchment area treatment plan works, wildlife management activities and other such activities undertaken in previous years which need maintenance for its survival and sustainability.

Note: Details of only those districts may be provided where the compensatory afforestation, penal compensatory afforestation, catchment area treatment, wildlife management and other activities referred to in section 6 of the Act have to be undertaken during the current financial year under consideration.

- 3. Part-III: Activities to be undertaken from net present value and interest component referred in rule 5 and rule 6:
 - (a) District/ forest division wise details of activities to be done in the State on specified activities referred to in rule 5 and rule 6.
 - (b) Location, estimated cost and implementation schedule of each activity proposed to be executed from State Fund to be provided district / division wise.
 - (c) Details of maintenance works in physical and financial terms, proposed to be undertaken in the current financial year in the case of activities undertaken in the State on specified activities referred to in rule 5 and rule 6 undertaken in previous years which needs maintenance for its survival and sustainability.

Note: Details of only those districts may be provided where these activities referred to in rule 5 and

rules 6 have to be done during the current financial year under consideration.

- 4. Part-IV: Measurable output of all physical activities and targets of each permissible activity along with the period required for achieving the measurable output:
 - (a) Physical and financial targets of each activity to be undertaken in measurable quantity along with the estimated cost of such activities in tabular form including details provided in part II and part III.
 - (b) Measurable output of all physical activities to be undertaken along with the period required for achieving the measurable output.
 - (c) Details of the concurrent monitoring and evaluation report including third party monitoring undertaken in past with photographs.

Note: The APO duly approved by the State Authority shall be submitted by the State Authority before the 31st December of every year to the National authority for the next financial year.

Declaration

The above annual plan of operation has been adopted by the State Authority.

Signature Member-Secretary State Authority

[F. No 11-100/2015-FC (Vol. III)]

DEEPAK KUMAR SINHA, Inspector General of Forests

RAKESH SUKUL

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Appendix-4.2

Formats for data collection (A)

Data collection Format under UK-CAMPA Project

Sl.No.			
1.	Name of Division		
2.	Name of Range		
3.	Name of the Site		
4.	Name of scheme (CA, CAMAPA etc)		
5.	Name of species planted	Number as mentioned in journal	Actual number in the field
6.	Plantation area (ha)	GPS	Plantation journal
0.	Trantation area (na)	GI 5	Tiantation journal
7.	Suitability of plantation's site for species planted		
8.	Type of forest around planting site		
9.	Forest composition (Monoculture/mixed)		
10.	Common weeds in plantations		
11.	Cultural operations (weeding, hoeing, cleaning, singling, stacking etc.)		
12.	Planting methods (Pit/Ridge-Trench etc.) Pit size/Trench size Spacing		
13.	Soil and moisture conservation technique (Check dams, bunds, Terraces etc.)		
14.	Irrigation facilities and mode of irrigation and Fertilizer application		

15.	Type of Biotic factors	
16.		
10.	Protection measures (Fencing & Type of Fencing, watchman, insect-pests etc.)	
17.	Effectiveness of fencing/ control measures	
18.	Fire Protection Measures	
	a) No. of fire incidences in plantation area in past	
	b) Extent of damage by forest Fires (Damage to plantations & forest vegetation)	
19.	c) Fire control Measures	
20.	Height (m) of plants	
21.	Diameter (cm) of plants	
22.	Insect-pests & Diseases in plantation	
23.	Survival % of species planted	

M.R.Format (B)

Fencing on plantation area/ Fencing area survey format (Field NoteBook)

Date of Survey-

Name of the Scheme-

Name of the Range- Area - Name of the monitoring team		Name of the monitoring team-	
Name of the Area- Year - Circle- Shiwalik-		Circle- Shiwalik-	
Fe	ncing/ Protection -		
1) 2)	,		
_,			(VIII)
			Remarks

Name & Designation of officer/staff at the time of the monitoring:-

Name of the officer/staff of monitoring team:-

Name of the Division-

M.R. Format- I (C)

Information Format: Monitoring & Evaluation work for plantation area

Name of monitoring team:

Division: Plantation year/month:

Rang: Plot/Sub-Plot Name: Name of the scheme:

Working Circle: Area: Date of survey:

G.P.S reading of survey place taken by (survey team): 1. Long: 2. Lat:

Aspect: Slope (Flat / Slope / More Slope):

Regarding Maintenance work:

Management done for plantation maintenance:

Distance of plantation from nearest village/colony:

Public Pressure: 1) Biotic pressure: (2) Fuelwood: (3) Grazing: (4) Wild animals: (5) Others: -

Name & Designation of the officer/officials present at the time of monitoring:





